

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	

8 2 3 4 0 5 3 6 4 6

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/32

Paper 3 (Core) May/June 2016
1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

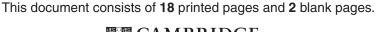
Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 96.



Formula List

Area, A , of triangle, base b , height h .	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$
Area, A , of circle, radius r .	$A=\pi r^2$
Circumference, C , of circle, radius r .	$C = 2\pi r$
Curved surface area, A , of cylinder of radius r , height h .	$A=2\pi rh$
Curved surface area, A , of cone of radius r , sloping edge l .	$A = \pi r l$
Curved surface area, A , of sphere of radius r .	$A = 4\pi r^2$
Volume, V , of prism, cross-sectional area A , length l .	V = Al
Volume, V , of pyramid, base area A , height h .	$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Volume, V , of cylinder of radius r , height h .	$V = \pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of cone of radius r , height h .	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of sphere of radius r .	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Answer all the questions.

(a)	Wri	te 9427						
	(i)	in words,						
	(ii)	correct to the n	earest 10.					
(b)	Here	e are four digits.			•			[+]
			9	4	2	7		
	(i)	Add two of the	se digits to	make a square	number.			
						+	=	[1]
	(ii)	Add two of the	se digits to	make a factor	of 48.			
								F13
	(iii)	Add two of the	se digits to	make a prime	number.	+	=	[1]
			-	•				
						+	=	[1]
	(b)	(i) (ii) (b) Here	(i) in words,(ii) correct to the n(b) Here are four digits.(i) Add two of the(ii) Add two of the	 (i) in words, (ii) correct to the nearest 10. (b) Here are four digits. 9 (i) Add two of these digits to a significant of the second of the	 (i) in words, (ii) correct to the nearest 10. (b) Here are four digits. 9 4 (i) Add two of these digits to make a square (ii) Add two of these digits to make a factor of the fac	 (i) in words, (ii) correct to the nearest 10. (b) Here are four digits. 9 4 2 (i) Add two of these digits to make a square number. (ii) Add two of these digits to make a factor of 48. 	(ii) correct to the nearest 10. (ii) Here are four digits. 9 4 2 7 (i) Add two of these digits to make a square number. + (ii) Add two of these digits to make a factor of 48.	(i) in words, (ii) correct to the nearest 10. (b) Here are four digits. 9 4 2 7 (i) Add two of these digits to make a square number. + = (ii) Add two of these digits to make a factor of 48.

2 (a) Tariq does a survey of every house in his street. He records the number of children in each house.

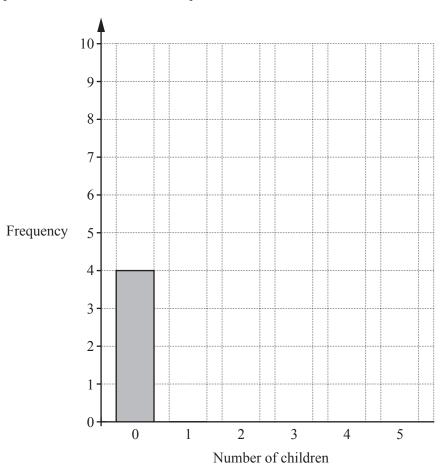
The table shows his results.

Number of children	0	1	2	3	4	5
Frequency	4	9	7	3	0	1

(i) Find how many houses were in the survey altogether.

.....[1]

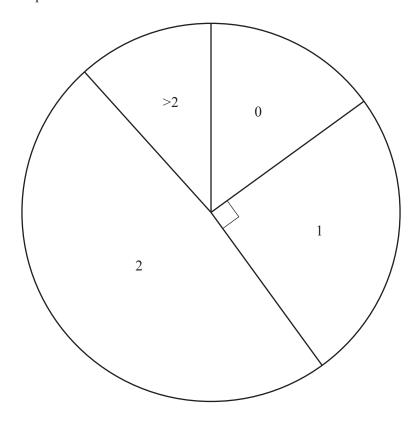
(ii) Complete the bar chart to show Tariq's results.



[2]

(b) A survey of the number of children in each house was carried out in another street.

Tariq draws the pie chart below to show the results.



(i) Write down the most common number of children in a house.

		[1]
(ii)	Explain the meaning of Tariq's label >2.		
		[1]
(iii)	Measure the angle for 0 children in a house.		
		[1]

(iv) 15 houses in this survey had 1 child.

Work out the number of houses altogether in this survey.

.....[2]

Sop	hie's garden is a rectangle.			
	10 m	8 m	NOT TO SCALE	
(a)	Work out the perimeter of the garden.			
(b)	Work out the area of the garden. Give the units of your answer.			m [1]
(c)	Sophie buys 12 m ³ of soil. She spreads the soil evenly over the whole of the s	 garden.		[3]
	Work out the depth of this soil. Give your answer in centimetres.			
(d)	Ben's garden is also a rectangle. It is an enlargement of Sophie's garden. One side of Ben's garden is 20 m. Work out the two possible measurements of the ot		of Ben's garden.	cm [3]
			m and	m [2]

	4	The total	cost of having	a party in a	hotel is	given by	v this formula
--	---	-----------	----------------	--------------	----------	----------	----------------

Total cost = Cost of room hire + Cost per person
$$\times$$
 Number of people

The table shows the costs for two different rooms in the hotel.

Room Name	Cost of room hire (\$)	Cost per person (\$)
Disco room	450	15
Ballroom	575	11

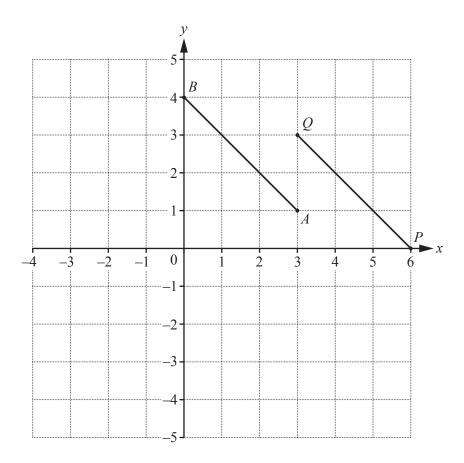
(a)	Work out the	total cost	for a pa	rty of 62	people in	n the Disco room
-----	--------------	------------	----------	-----------	-----------	------------------

\$ 	[2	2	

(b) Geta has \$1000 to spend on her birthday party.

Work out the largest number of people that can go to her party. Show clearly how you decide.

[5]



(a) Write down the co-ordinates of A.

		() [1	1]
(b)	Write down the co-ordinates of B .	() [1	1]
(c)	On the grid, plot the point $(-3, -2)$. Label the point C .	[1	1]
(d)	Write down the co-ordinates of the midpoint of AB .		
		() [1	1]
(e)	Reflect the line AB in the y-axis.	[3	1]
(f)	Describe fully the single transformation that maps AB ont	o PQ.	

[1]

6	(a)	Here are	the	first	three	patterns	in	a sequence.

Pattern 1	Pattern 2	Pattern 3	Pattern 4
X X	X - X	X X	
	X X	X - X	
		X X	
(i) In the space al	bove, draw Pattern 4.		
(ii) Work out the 1	number of crosses in Patter	rn 15.	

	 	 [1]

13

17

(1)	Here	are 1	the	first	five	terms	of a	different	sea	uence.
٠,	"	11010	ui C	LIIC	IIISt	11 1 0	terms	or u	different	Seq	uciicc.

(i)	Write down the next two terms in this sequence.
	,

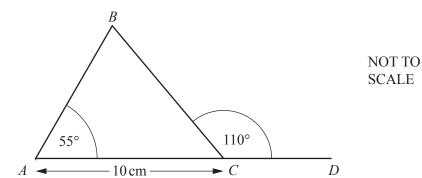
9

5

(ii) Find an expression for the *n*th term of this sequence.

21

7 In the diagram, *ACD* is a straight line.



(a) Is angle *BCD* acute, obtuse or reflex?

1	7	ı
 ш	.	ı
_		

(b) (i) Find angle *ACB*.

Angle
$$ACB = \dots [1]$$

(ii) Find the length of *BC*. Give a reason for your answer.

8	(a)	Simp	lify
O	(a)	Omp.	III y.

$$4a + 3a - a$$

(b) Multiply out the brackets.

$$x(3x^2-5)$$

(c) Solve.

$$2x - 10 = 8$$

(d) Simplify.

(i)
$$t^4 \times t^3$$

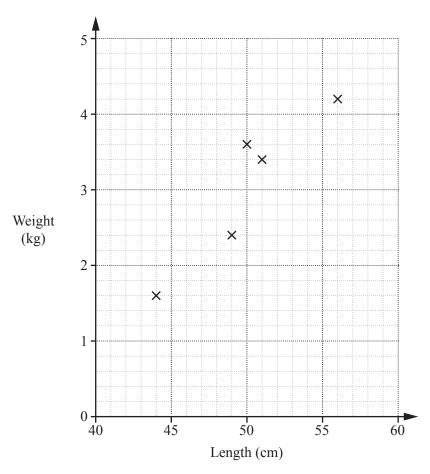
(ii)
$$\frac{20t^5}{4t^2}$$

(a)	Wri	te thi	s ratio	in its s	implest	form.								
			1 ho	ur : 24 1	minutes									
														[2]
(b)	She	spen	ds tim		e phone		the comp	outer in th	he ratio	5:7.				
	Cal	culate	how	long C	armen si	nent on t	he phon	e						
	Cai	Cuian	now	long Co	armen s _j	ociii oii i	ne phon	С.						
													hours	[2]
(c)	Car	men ı	ecord	ed the 1	number	of hours	she wor	ked each	day for	r ten da	ys.			
. ,			6					$1\frac{1}{2}$				7		
						_		1 2	3	Ü	0	/		
	(i)	Woı	k out	the ran	ge of the	ese time:	S.							
									•••••	•••••		•••••	hours	[1]
	(ii)	Woı	k out	the mea	an time.									
													hours	[1]

10 The length and weight of each of eight new-born babies are shown in the table below.

Length (cm)	51	56	50	44	49	54	48	47
Weight (kg)	3.4	4.2	3.6	1.6	2.4	3.6	2.8	2.1

(a) On the grid, complete the scatter diagram to show this information. The first five points have been plotted for you.



[2]

(b) What type of correlation is shown in your diagram?

.....[1]

(c) Draw a line of best fit on your scatter diagram.

[1]

(d) Use your line of best fit to estimate the weight of a new-born baby of length 53 cm.

..... kg [1]

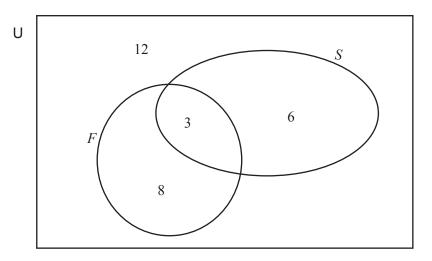
11	(a)	A car wheel has a diameter of 63 cm.	
		Calculate the circumference of this wheel and show that it is 198 cm, correct to the nearest cm.	
	<i>a</i> .		[2]
	(b)	On a journey, this car wheel rotates 172 times in 12 seconds.	
		Calculate the average speed of the car in metres per second.	
		m/	s [4]
			יין יי

12	Eacl	h month, Ravi earns \$5850 plus 5% of any sales he makes.									
	(a)	One month Ravi made sales of \$153 000.									
		Calculate the total amount that Ravi earned that month.									
		\$[3]									
	(b)	The following month, Ravi made sales of \$172000.									
		Calculate the percentage increase in the value of the sales he made.									
		% [3]									

13 Each member of a class of students was asked which languages they could speak. They could all speak English.

The only other languages were French (F) and Spanish (S).

The Venn diagram below shows the results.



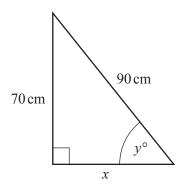
(a)	Finc	I the total number of students in the class.	
			[1]
(b)	Finc	I the number of students in	
	(i)	$F \cup S$,	F13
			[1]
	(ii)	$(F\cap S)'$.	
			[1]
(c)	A st	udent is chosen at random from the class.	
	Finc	I the probability that this student	
	(i)	speaks French,	
			[1]
	(ii)	speaks English, French and Spanish,	

.....[1]

.....[1]

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(iii) speaks exactly two languages.



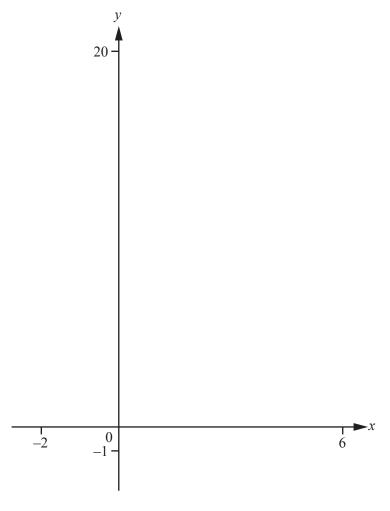
NOT TO SCALE

(a) Calculate x.

x =		cm	[3]
-----	--	----	-----

(b) Use trigonometry to calculate angle y.

$$y =$$
 [2]



(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of
$$y = x^2 - 4x + 7$$
 for $-2 \le x \le 6$. [2]

(b) Find the co-ordinates of the local minimum point.

[2]

(c) On the diagram, sketch the graph of
$$y = 2x + 3$$
.

(d) Find the x co-ordinate of each of the points of intersection of

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 7$$
 and $y = 2x + 3$.
 $x = \dots$ and $x = \dots$ [2]

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