## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## CANDIDATE NAME

CENTRE NUMBER


0607/23
CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS
Paper 2 (Extended)
October/November 2016
45 minutes
Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.
You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

## CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED INTHIS PAPER.

All answers should be given in their simplest form.
You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
The total number of marks for this paper is 40 .

## Formula List

For the equation

$$
a x^{2}+b x+c=0
$$

$$
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a}
$$

Curved surface area, $A$, of cylinder of radius $r$, height $h$.
$A=2 \pi r h$

Curved surface area, $A$, of cone of radius $r$, sloping edge $l$.
$A=\pi r l$

Curved surface area, $A$, of sphere of radius $r$.

Volume, $V$, of pyramid, base area $A$, height $h$.

Volume, $V$, of cylinder of radius $r$, height $h$.

Volume, $V$, of cone of radius $r$, height $h$.

Volume, $V$, of sphere of radius $r$.

$A=4 \pi r^{2}$
$V=\frac{1}{3} A h$

$$
V=\pi r^{2} h
$$

$V=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
$V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C} \\
& a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A \\
& \text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} b c \sin A
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer all the questions.

1 Here are the first four terms of a sequence.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
11 & 8 & 5 & 2
\end{array}
$$

Write down the next term of the sequence.

2 Use the formula $A=\frac{h}{2}(x+y)$ to find the value of $A$ when $x=7, y=13$ and $h=6.4$.

$$
A=
$$

3 Work out.
(a) $(0.2)^{3}$
$\qquad$
(b) $\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{4}{5}$

4


The diagram shows a pentagon.
Find the value of $x$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
x= \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

5 Triangle B is the image of triangle A after a reflection.
Triangle C is the image of triangle B after an enlargement, scale factor 2.
Triangle D is the image of triangle C after a rotation.
Triangle E is the image of triangle D after a stretch, factor 3.
Complete this table.
Write C if the triangles are congruent.
Write S if the triangles are similar.
Write N if the triangles are neither congruent nor similar.

| Triangles | C, S or N |
| :---: | :---: |
| A and B |  |
| A and C |  |
| B and D |  |
| D and E |  |

6 The table shows the numbers of pets owned by each of 100 families.

| Number of pets | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 23 |
| 1 | 37 |
| 2 | 25 |
| 3 | 10 |
| 4 | 5 |

(a) Write down the range.
(b) Find the median.
(c) Work out the mean.

7 Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 x-3 y=12 \\
& 6 x-y=11
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
$x=$
$y=$

8 Jakob draws a scatter diagram which shows that two quantities, $x$ and $y$, are correlated.
He calculates the equation of the regression line as $y=32-1.5 x$.
(a) What type of correlation is there between $x$ and $y$ ?
(b) The mean of the $y$ values is 14 .

Find the mean of the $x$ values.


NOT TO
SCALE
$A, B, C, D$ and $E$ are points on a circle.
$C E$ and $A D$ intersect at $P$.
Angle $D C P=40^{\circ}$ and angle $C P D=75^{\circ}$.

Find
(a) angle $D A E$,

$$
\text { Angle } D A E=
$$

(b) angle $A B C$.

10 (a) Find $\log _{5} 25$.
$\qquad$
(b) $2 \log 3-\log 5=\log p$

Find $p$.

$$
p=
$$

$$
4 x+2>3(2 x-4)
$$

12

$O A B C$ is a parallelogram.
$P$ is the midpoint of $C B$.
$C Q: Q A=5: 3$.
$\overrightarrow{O A}=\mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{O C}=\mathbf{c}$.
Find these vectors in terms of $\mathbf{a}$ and/or $\mathbf{c}$, giving your answers in their simplest form.
(a) $\overrightarrow{C P}$
(b) $\overrightarrow{O Q}$

13 Simplify.
(a) $\frac{12}{\sqrt{2}}$
(b) $(5-2 \sqrt{3})^{2}$

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