

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	

9 1 0 5 2 1 8 5 1 2

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/32

Paper 3 (Core) May/June 2017

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 96.



Formula List

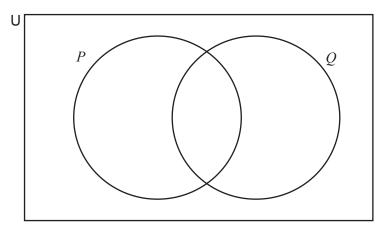
Area, A , of triangle, base b , height h .	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$
Area, A , of circle, radius r .	$A=\pi r^2$
Circumference, C , of circle, radius r .	$C = 2\pi r$
Curved surface area, A , of cylinder of radius r , height h .	$A=2\pi rh$
Curved surface area, A , of cone of radius r , sloping edge l .	$A = \pi r l$
Curved surface area, A , of sphere of radius r .	$A = 4\pi r^2$
Volume, V , of prism, cross-sectional area A , length l .	V = Al
Volume, V , of pyramid, base area A , height h .	$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Volume, V , of cylinder of radius r , height h .	$V = \pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of cone of radius r , height h .	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of sphere of radius r .	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Answer all the questions.

1	(a)	Write in words the number 70 302.	
	(b)		[1]
		Write down all the numbers on your calculator display.	
			[1]
	(c)	Write 623.892	
		(i) correct to 2 decimal places,	
			[1]
		(ii) correct to 3 significant figures,	
			[1]
		(iii) correct to the nearest 100.	
			[1]
	(d)	Find the value of $8x + 5y$ when $x = 7$ and $y = -9$.	
			[2]
	(e)	Solve.	[~]
	(c)	54 - 8x = 10	
		5. 0x 10	
			x = [2]

An	nir has	s 12 hens.			
(a)	Eac	h hen lays 5 eggs every week.			
	(i)	Work out the total number of eggs Amir collects each	week.		
					Γ1 1
	(**)	A : 11 /1 / (\$2.10 C 10	••••••	•••••	[1]
	(ii)	Amir sells the eggs at \$2.10 for 10 eggs. He sells all the eggs.			
		Work out how much money he receives.			
					547
			\$		[2]
	(iii)	Cynthia buys 10 eggs and pays with a \$5 note.			
		Work out how much change she receives.			
			\$		[1]
(b)		od for the hens costs \$20 for a 40 kg bag. ir uses 8 kg of food each week.			
	(i)	Work out how much it costs him to feed the hens each	week.		
			.		507
			\$		[2]
	(ii)	Use your answer to part (a)(ii) to work out the profit to	hat Amir makes ea	ach week.	
			\$		[1]
					£ J

- 3 $U = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}$
 - $P = \{a, c, e, f, g\}$
 - $Q = \{b, d, f, g\}$
 - (a) Write the elements of U in their correct position in the Venn diagram.



(b) Write down an element of P.

.....[1]

[2]

(c) Write down the elements of a proper subset of Q.

{......} [1]

(d) Write down the elements of the complement of P.

{......} [1]

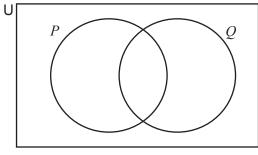
(e) Write down $n(P \cup Q)'$.

.....[1]

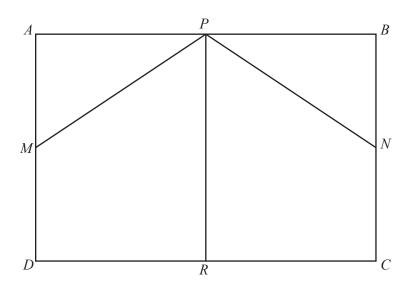
(f) Using set notation, complete the statement.

c P [1]

(g) On the diagram below, shade the region $P' \cap Q$.



[1]



The diagram shows a rectangle ABCD. The points M, N, P and R are the midpoints of the sides.

(a) On the diagram, label

(i)	an acute angle with the letter x,	[1]	1
(1)	an acute angle with the letter λ ,	1	ı

(ii) a right angle with the letter
$$y$$
, [1]

(iii) an obtuse angle with the letter
$$z$$
. [1]

- **(b)** Using the letters on the diagram, write down
 - (i) two lines that are parallel,

 and	 Г1	

(ii) two lines that are perpendicular,

1	Е 4		-
and	ш	ı	ı

(iii) two shapes that are congruent.

1	Г 1	٦
 ana	 1	.

The	se are the first four terms	of a sequence	.		
		23	16	x	2
The	difference between any to	wo consecutiv	ve terms is the	ne same.	
(a)	Find the value of x .				
					$x = \dots [2]$
(b)	Work out the 5th term of	this sequenc	e.		
					[1]
(c)	Find an expression for th	ne <i>n</i> th term of	this sequen	ce.	
					[2]
(d)	Is -187 a term in this see Show how you decide.	equence?			

[3]

														mi
(ii)	Each appoi	intmen	it is fo	r 10 m	ninutes	S.								
	Find the ma	aximu	m nun	nber o	f appo	intme	nts tha	at can	be ma	de for	each	teache	r.	
iii)	A teacher h	nas onl	y 12 a	ppoin	tment	S.				•••••				
							his ar	point	ments	as a p	ercent	tage of	the	
										1		C		
The	table shows	the nu	umber	of ap	pointn	nents f	for all	the tea	achers					
										_			_	
			В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
		A												
Num	ber of	5 A	12	8	12	11	18	3	16	8	9	14	8	13
Num	ber of		12	8	12	11	18	3	16	8	9	14	8	13
Num	ber of		12	8	12	11	18	3	16	8	9	14	8	13
Find the maximum number of appointments that can be made for each teacher. (iii) A teacher has only 12 appointments. Work out the total number of minutes for his appointments as a percentage of the total possible number of minutes for appointments. % [The table shows the number of appointments for all the teachers. Teacher A B C D E F G H I J K L M														
(iii) A teacher has only 12 appointments. Work out the total number of minutes for his appointments as a percentage of the total possible number of minutes for appointments. % [2] The table shows the number of appointments for all the teachers. Teacher A B C D E F G H I J K L M Number of appointments 5 12 8 12 11 18 3 16 8 9 14 8 13														
Num ppoi	ber of intments	5					18	3	16					
Num ppoi	ber of intments	5					18	3	16					
Num ppoi	ber of intments these number the range,	5					18	3	16					

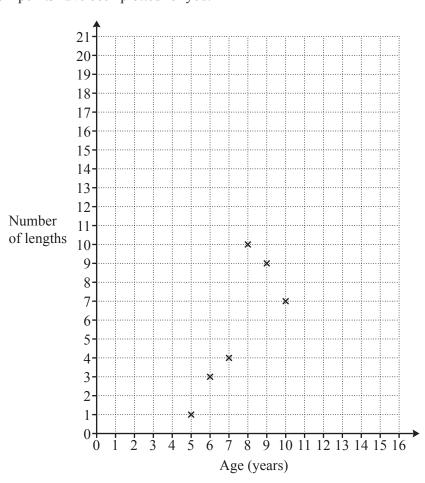
	(c)	One	e o	f the	2 13	teac	hers i	s cho	sen a	t ranc	dom.										
		Fin	d t	he p	roba	bilit	y tha	t this	teach	er ha	S										
		(i)	e	exac	tly 1	2 ap	point	ment	s,												
		(ii)	r	nore	thai	19a	ppoi	ntmei	nts.								•••••		 	 [1]
																			 	 [1]
7							-3		$-1\frac{1}{7}$,	0.5	5	$\sqrt{2}$	2	2	π	;				
	(a)	Fro	m	this	list	write	e dow	'n.													
		(i)	a	ıll th	e int	egei	rs,												 	 [2]
		(ii)	a	ın ir	ratio	nal r	numb	er.											 	 [1]
	(b)	Use	e n	umb	ers f	rom	the l	ist to	comp	olete 1	the fo	llowing	g staten	nent.							
	(c)	Wri	ite	0.55	ā as a	a fra	ction	in its	s simp	olest f	orm.		$\mathbb{Q} = \frac{1}{2}$	{	•••••				 	 } [2]
																•••••		•••••	 ••••••	 [2]

8 Ten students of different ages record the number of lengths of a pool they can swim.

Age (years)	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	13	14	15
Number of lengths	1	3	4	10	9	7	14	15	18	20

(a) Complete the scatter diagram.

The first six points have been plotted for you.



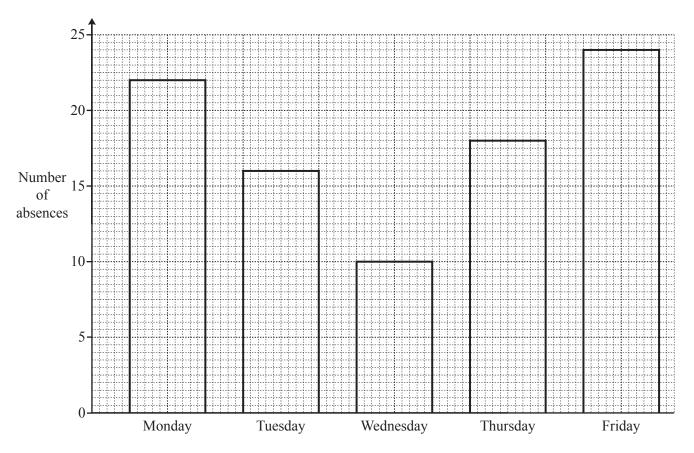
[2]

(b) What type of correlation is shown in the diagram?

.....[1]

(c)	Calo	culate	
	(i)	the mean of the ages,	
	(ii)	the mean of the number of lengths.	[1]
			[1]
(d)	On	the scatter diagram, plot the mean point.	[1]
(e)	On	the scatter diagram, draw a line of best fit by eye.	[2]
(f)	Use swii	your line of best fit to estimate the number of complete lengths a student of age 11 years can m.	
			[2]

9 Clarissa records the number of students absent from school each day. The results for one week are shown in the bar chart.



(a) Work out the total number of absences during the five days.

																																																		ſ	1	1	1	
•	٠	•	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	٠	•	• •	٠.	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	• •	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	L	. *		J	

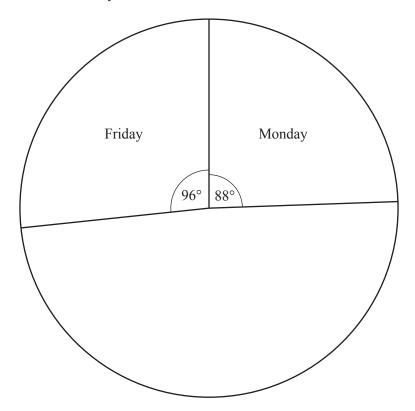
(b) Write down which day had the most students absent.

	r	11.7
	I	

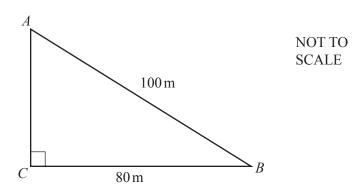
- (c) Clarissa decides to draw a pie chart to show this information.
 - (i) Show, using a calculation, that the sector angle for Monday is 88°.

[1]

(ii) Complete the pie chart. Label each sector clearly.



[3]



A track is in the shape of a right-angled triangle. $AB = 100 \,\text{m}$ and $BC = 80 \,\text{m}$.

(a)	Find	the	length	of AC
1 **	,	1110	ULIC	10115011	01110

$AC = \dots m$	3	1
----------------	---	---

(b) Find the total length of the track.

- m [1]
- (c) Use trigonometry to find the size of angle ABC.

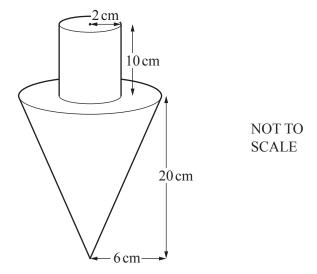
Angle
$$ABC = \dots [2]$$

- (d) Margriet jogs around the track at an average speed of 9 km/h.
 - (i) Change 9 km/h to metres/minute.

..... metres/minute [2]

(ii) Calculate the number of minutes it takes her to jog around the track 5 times.

..... minutes [2]



The diagram shows a wooden spinning top in the shape of a cone with a cylinder on top.

The cone has radius 6 cm and height 20 cm.

The cylinder has radius 2 cm and height 10 cm.

(a) Find the total volume of the spinning top.

	cm^3	[3]
--	--------	-----

(b) (i) Find the length of the slant height of the cone.

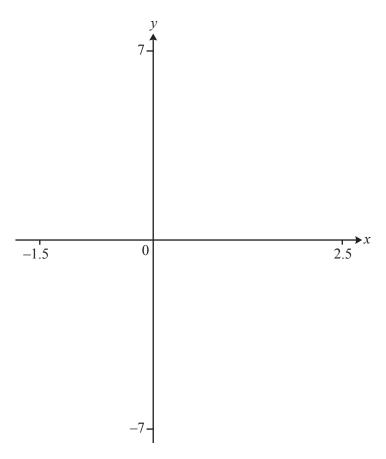
 cm	[2]
-	LJ

(ii) The curved surface area of the cone is painted red.

Find the area painted red.

 am2	$\Gamma \gamma 1$
 CIII	4

Question 12 is printed on the next page.



$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 3x + 2$$

- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x) for $-1.5 \le x \le 2.5$.
- **(b)** Find the *x* co-ordinate of each point where the curve cuts the *x*-axis.

$$x =$$
 and $x =$ [3]

(c) Find the y co-ordinate of the point where the curve cuts the y-axis.

(d) Find the co-ordinates of the local maximum point.

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