

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

0756949765

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/42

Paper 4 (Extended) May/June 2017

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

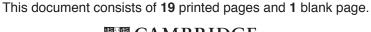
Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.





Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$c$$
 b
 a
 c
 a
 c
 a
 c
 a
 c
 a
 c
 a

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$$

Answer all the questions.

1

In 2	016,	Carla's salary was \$23 970 per year.	
(a)		m her salary she pays tax at a rate of 20%. is paid monthly in equal amounts.	
	Calo	culate the amount Carla receives each month after tax has	been paid.
			\$[3]
(b)	Car	la's salary of \$23 970 was 2% more than her salary in 2015	
	(i)	Calculate her yearly salary in 2015.	
			f
	(**)		\$[3]
	(ii)	From 2016, Carla's employer agrees to pay her an increas	
		Calculate the year in which her salary is first greater than	\$30 000.
			[3]

2	(a)	(i)	Reflection	in the l	line v = r mans	triangle 4	onto triangle B
4	(a)	(1)	Kenechon	III UIC	$m \in y - x maps$	urangie A	onto triangle D

Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle B onto triangle A .							
	•••••						
	Г17						

(ii) Enlargement, with centre (2, 1) and scale factor 4, maps triangle C onto triangle D.

Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle D onto triangle C.

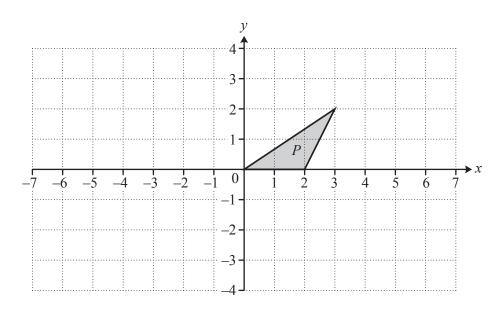
[2]

(iii) Translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ maps triangle E onto triangle F.

Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle F onto triangle E.

......[2

(b)



(i) Rotate triangle P through 90° anticlockwise about (0, 0). Label the image Q.

[2]

(ii) Stretch triangle P with stretch factor 2 and the y-axis invariant. Label the image R.

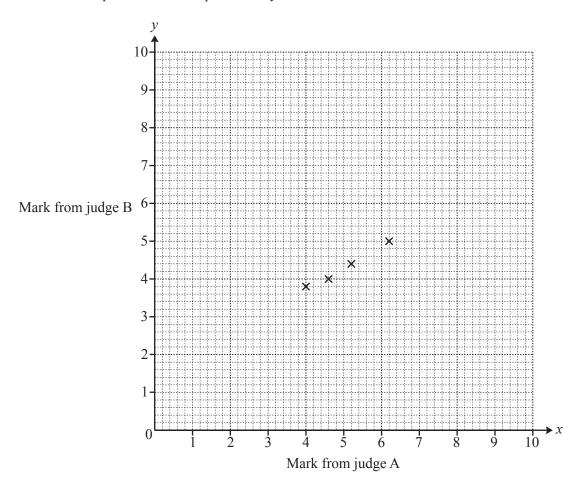
[2]

3 Two judges each give a mark out of ten for each dancer in a competition. Their marks for ten dancers are shown in the table.

Mark from judge A (x)	4.0	4.6	5.2	6.2	8.8	6.8	7.0	7.4	8.0	8.6
Mark from judge B (y)	3.8	4.0	4.4	5.0	7.6	5.2	5.6	6.8	6.6	7.0

(a) Complete the scatter diagram.

The first four points have been plotted for you.



[3]

(b) What type of correlation is shown on your scatter diagram?

1.3		
	ш	

(c) (i) Find the equation of the regression line, in the form y = mx + c.

$$y = \dots$$
 [2]

(ii) Judge A gives another dancer a mark of 6.4.

Use your equation to estimate the mark judge B gives this dancer.

[1] [Turn over

4
$$\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

- (a) Find
 - (i) the column vector $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p}$,

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array}\right) \quad [1]$

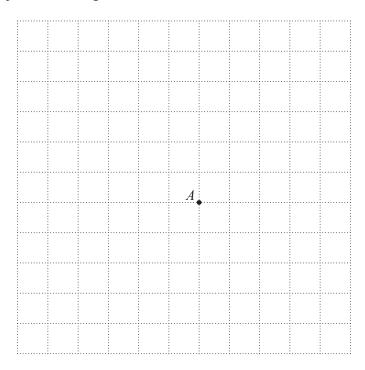
(ii) the column vector $\mathbf{q} - 2\mathbf{p}$,

(iii) $|\mathbf{p}|$, leaving your answer in surd form.

.....[2]

(b)
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$$

Mark and label point *B* on the grid.



[2]

NIU	ni 1116	es from New Deini to Singapore for a noticay.	
(a)		ni changes 119 050 Indian rupees (INR) to Singapore dollars (exchange rate is $1 \text{ SGD} = 47.62 \text{ INR}$.	(SGD).
	Fine	l how many Singapore dollars he receives.	
			SGD [2]
(b)		flight from New Delhi to Singapore takes 5 hours and 45 mir distance of the flight is 4150 km.	nutes.
	(i)	The time in New Delhi when the flight leaves is 21 55. The time in Singapore is $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours ahead of the time in New	Delhi.
		Find the time in Singapore when the flight arrives.	
			[2]
	(ii)	Find the average speed of the aircraft.	
			km/h [3]
	(iii)	On the return flight the average speed is 750 km/h.	
		Find the time of this flight in hours and minutes.	
			hmin [3]

6	(a) ((i)	ris	proportional	to v
U ((a)	(1 <i>)</i>	A 15	proportionar	$\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \iota$

Write down an expression for x in terms of v and a constant c.

		Γ1	-	
χ	=		ı	

(ii) y is proportional to v^2 .

Write down an expression for y in terms of v and a constant k.

$$y =$$
 [1]

(iii) d = x + y

Write down an expression for d in terms of v, c and k.

(b) The table shows two values of v and the corresponding values of d.

v	d
12	750
20	2050

0607/42/M/J/17

Using your answer to part (a)(iii),

(i) show that 125 = 2c + 24k,

[1]

(ii) write down a second equation connecting c and k.

.....[1]

© UCLES 2017

(c)	Solve the simultaneous equations in part (b) to find the value	the of c and the value of k .
		c =
		<i>k</i> =[3]
(d)	Find the value of d when $v = 40$.	
		d =[2]

- A ship sails 65 km on a bearing of 310° from A to B. It then changes course and sails 40 km on a bearing of 250° from B to C. The ship then returns to A.
 - (a) On the diagram, sketch the path of the ship from A. On your diagram show the bearings and distances.



[3]

(b) Find angle ABC.

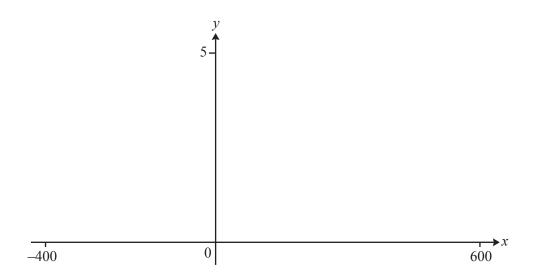
.....[1]

(c) Calculate AC and show that it rounds to 91.8 km, correct to the nearest tenth of a kilometre.

[3]

((d)	Find	the	bearing	of	C	from	A.

 [4]



$$f(x) = 3^{\sin x}$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of y = f(x) for $-400^{\circ} \le x \le 600^{\circ}$. [3]
- **(b)** Find the x co-ordinates of the local maximum points of f(x) for $-400^{\circ} \le x \le 600^{\circ}$.

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [3]

(c) The point $(30, \sqrt{3})$ is on the graph. The point $(a, \sqrt{3})$ is also on the graph where $600^{\circ} < a < 900^{\circ}$.

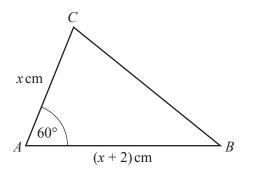
Find the two possible values of *a*.

$$a = \dots$$
 or $a = \dots$ [2]

(d) $g(x) = 3 - \frac{x}{100}$

Solve the inequality g(x) > f(x).

_____[3]



NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram AC = x cm, AB = (x + 2) cm and angle $A = 60^{\circ}$.

(a) (i) Find an expression, in terms of x, for the area of triangle ABC. Give your answer in surd form.

(ii) The area of triangle $ABC = 18\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$.

Show that $x^2 + 2x - 72 = 0$.

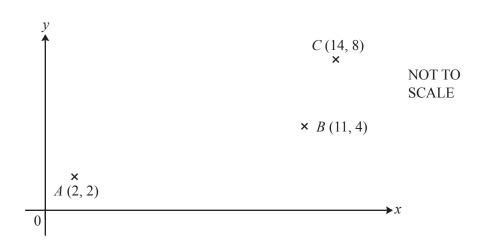
[2]

(b) (i) Solve the equation $x^2 + 2x - 72 = 0$.

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [2]

(ii) Find the shortest distance between the line AB and the point C.

.....cm [2]



A is the point (2, 2), *B* is the point (11, 4) and *C* is the point (14, 8).

- (a) Find the equation, in the form y = mx + c, of
 - (i) the line AC,

$$y =$$
 [3]

(ii) the line through B that is perpendicular to AC.

$$y =$$
 [3]

(b) Show that the point (10, 6) is on both the lines you found in **part (a)**.

[2]

) [1]
[4]

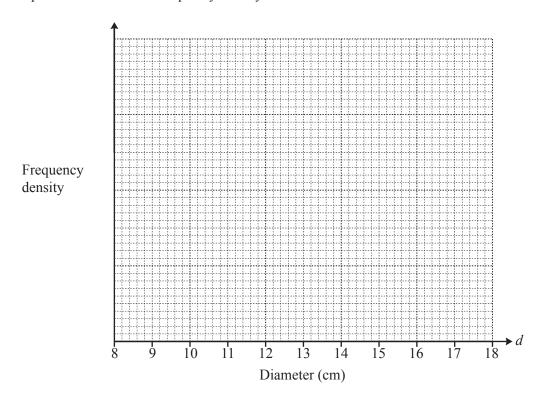
A farmer sorts the grapefruit he grows into sizes, according to their diameter. The diameters, $d \, \text{cm}$, of 170 grapefruit are shown in the table.

Size	Small	Medium	Large	Very Large
Diameter (d cm)	9 < <i>d</i> ≤ 10	$10 < d \le 12$	$12 < d \le 14$	14 < <i>d</i> ≤ 17
Frequency	10	50	65	45

(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean diameter of the grapefruit.

.....cm [2]

(b) On the grid, draw a histogram to represent this information. Complete the scale on the frequency density axis.



[4]

(c)	Two	wo of the 170 grapefruit are chosen at random.		
	Calculate the probability that			
	(i)) they are both Very Large,		
	(ii)			[2]
				[3]

12
$$f(x) = 4x + 2$$
 $g(x) = 5 - 2x$ $h(x) = x^2 - 3$

(a) Find
$$g(-3)$$
.

(b) Find
$$f(h(2))$$
.

(c) Find *x* when
$$f(x) = -10$$
.

$$x =$$
 [2]

(d) Write down the range of h(x).

(e) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

$$f^{-1}(x) =$$
 [2]

	(P)	. 1	<i>(</i> \		1 0		4
((\mathbf{f})) K	(x)	=	IU	_	4x

Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps the graph of y = g(x) onto the graph of y = k(x).

(g) The graph of y = h(x) is translated by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$. Find the equation of the graph of the image. Write your answer in the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$.

y =[3]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.