

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/42 October/November 2017

Paper 4 (Extended) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is a registered trademark.

MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

- M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation '**dep**' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

Abbreviations

answers which round to awrt correct answer only cao dep dependent follow through after error FT ignore subsequent working isw not from wrong working nfww or equivalent oe rounded or truncated rot Special Case SC seen or implied soi

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)(i)		2	B1 for each
1(a)(ii)	-7n + 34 oe final answer	2	B1 for $-7n + k$ or $-kn + 34$ oe or correct unsimplified seen
1(b)(i)	128, 256	2	B1 for each
1(b)(ii)	2^{n+2} oe final answer nfww	2	M1 for $k \times 2^{p} (k \neq 0)$ seen, <i>k</i> numerical and $p = f(n)$
2(a)(i)	55.25	2	M1 for 65 × 0.85 oe
2(a)(ii)	$\frac{99}{320}$ cao	2	B1 for 80 or M1 for 24.75 + <i>their</i> 55.25
2(b)	95[.00]	3	M2 for 80.75 ÷ 0.85 oe or M1 for recognising 80.75 as 85%.
2(c)	23.5	2	M1 for 0.85×0.90 oe or $\frac{0.9 \times their(a)(i)}{65}$ oe
			0.765 implies M1
3(a)(i)	Image at (2, 4), (3, 6), (6, 6), (6, 4)	2	SC1 for reflection in other horizontal line or in the line $x = 1$
3(a)(ii)	Image at $(-4, -2)$, $(-6, -3)$, (-6, -6), $(-4, -6)$	2	SC1 for correct orientation but wrong centre
3(a)(iii)	Reflection y = -x oe	2	B1 for each
3(b)	Enlargement [centre] (0, 0) oe [factor] – 0.5 oe	3	B1 for each
3(c)	Image at $(2, -4)$, $(6, -4)$, $(6, -8)$, (3, -8)	2	SC1 for stretch with <i>x</i> -axis invariant with other factor or stretch with $y = k$ invariant with stretch factor 2
4(a)	Correct sketch	3	B1 for correct middle branchB1 for correct left hand branchB1 for correct right hand branch

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

2017

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(b)	$-\frac{1}{2}$	2	B1 for each
4(c)	2	1	
4(d)(i)	Correct sketch	2	Must intersect <i>y</i> -axis and be above <i>x</i> -axis
			B1 for decreasing exponential graph
4(d)(ii)	y = 1 oe	1	
4(e)	- 0.892 or - 0.8919 to - 0.892[0] 2.62 or 2.622 to 2.623	2	B1 for each
5(a)	22 100	4	B3 for 22 140 or 22 143 seen and incorrectly or not rounded or M2 for 17 500 × 1.04^6 oe or M1 for 17 500 × 1.04^k k > 1 oe
5(b)	1.5[0] or 1.499 to 1.5[00]	3	M2 for $\sqrt[12]{\frac{239.12}{200}}$ or M1 for $200 \times x^{12} = 239.12$ or better
6(a)(i)	$50 < t \le 60$	1	
6(a)(ii)	Correct curve	4	 B2 for 3 or 4 correct heights or B1 for 2 correct heights or correct cumulative frequencies seen B1 for plotting correct <i>t</i> co-ordinates, dependent on increasing curve
6(a)(iii)(a)	52 to 55	1	FT their curve, dependent on increasing
6(a)(iii)(b)	Strict follow through	2	FT <i>their</i> curve, dependent on increasing B1FT for <i>their</i> cum freq value soi
6(b)(i)	52.5 or 52.48 to 52.49	2	M1 for evidence of at least three correct mid-values 30, 45, 52.5, 57.5, 70 soi by 10497.5
6(b)(ii)	1.3,, 11, 8.4, 1.9	2	B1 for 3 correct
6(b)(iii)	Correct histogram	3	 FT their (ii) B1 for correct widths B2 for correct heights or B1 for three correct heights

0607/42

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

www.xtrapapers.com October/November

2017

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
7(a)	$x + 2\left(x + \frac{1}{4}\right) = 8 \text{oe}$	M2	M1 for $2\left(x+\frac{1}{4}\right)$ oe seen
	2.5	B1	
7(b)(i)	$x^3 = 2x(x-2)(x-2)$ oe	M1	
	$[(x-2)^{2} =] x^{2} - 2x - 2x + 4$ or $2x^{3} - 4x^{2} - 4x^{2} + 8x$	B1	Allow $-4x$ for $-2x - 2x$ Allow $-8x^2$ for $-4x^2 - 4x^2$
	leading to $x^3 - 8x^2 + 8x = 0$	A1	Final equation reached without any errors or omissions
7(b)(ii)	Correct sketch	2	B1 for correct shaped cubic with max before min
7(b)(iii)	318 or 319 or 318.3 to 318.7	2	B1 for 6.83 or 6.828 seen isw use of other values (1.1715)
8(a)(i)	$\frac{2}{6}$ oe	1	
8(a)(ii)	$\frac{4}{6}$ oe	1	
8(a)(iii)	$\frac{4}{6}$ oe	1	
8(b)(i)	$\frac{1}{36}$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}$
8(b)(ii)	$\frac{4}{36}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{6} + \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}$ oe or M1 for one product soi by $\frac{1}{18}$ oe
8(c)	$\frac{215}{216}$ oe	2	M1 for $1 - \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}$ oe

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

www.xtrapapers.com October/November

2017

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
9(a)(i)	[y =]5x - 3	3	M1 for gradient = $\frac{12-2}{3-1}$ oe M1 for substituting (1, 2) or (3, 12) into y = mx + c OR M2 for $\frac{y-2}{x-1} = \frac{12-2}{3-1}$ oe
9(a)(ii)	$y = -\frac{1}{5}x + 2 \text{ oe}$	2	FT <i>their</i> gradient in (i) M1 for answer in form $y = mx + 2$ oe or for $y = \frac{-1}{their 5}x + c$ oe
9(b)(i)	$-2, \frac{2}{3}$ oe with correct working	3	B2 for sketch with one -ve and one +ve zero or B1 for sketch of parabola vertex downwards OR B2 for $(3x - 2)(x + 2)$ or B1 for $3x(x + 2) - 2(x + 2)$ or $x(3x - 2) + 2(3x - 2)$ or for $(3x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = -4$ or $a + 3b = 4$ OR B2 for $\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4(3)(-4)}}{2(3)}$ oe or B1 for $\sqrt{4^2 - 4(3)(-4)}$ or $\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{\dots}}{2(3)}$ If 0 or B1 scored, then + B1 for -2 , $\frac{2}{3}$
9(b)(ii)	$-2 < x < \frac{2}{3}$	2	FT <i>their</i> (b)(i) B1 for $-2 < x$ or for $x < \frac{2}{3}$ seen If 0 scored SC1 FT for $-2 \le x \le \frac{2}{3}$
9(c)	[a =] - 4, [b =] 8, [c =] 1	3	M2 for $y = a(x-1)^2 + 5$ or M1 for use of $y = a(x-h)^2 + k$ or for $c = 1$ or $-\frac{b}{2a} = 1$
10(a)(i)	125	1	
10(a)(ii)	305	2	FT <i>their</i> (i), Dep on (i) < 180 M1 for 180 + <i>their</i> (i), Dep on (i) < 180

0607/42

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

www.xtrapapers.com October/November 2017

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
10(b)	69.3 or 69.32 to 69.33	3	M1 for $90^2 + 120^2 - 2 \times 90 \times 120 \cos 35$ A1 for 4806
10(c)	60.3 or 60.28 to 60.29	3	M2 for $\frac{115 \sin 65}{120}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{115}{\sin BAC} = \frac{120}{\sin 65}$ oe
10(d)(i)	8730 or 8728 to 8730	4	M1 for $0.5 \times 90 \times 120 \times \sin 35$ M2 for $0.5 \times 120 \times 115 \times \sin(180 - 65 - their (c))$ oe or M1 for angle $ACB = 180 - 65 - their$ (c)
10(d)(ii)	349 or 349.1 to 349.2	3	FT their (d)(i) \div 25 M2 for their (i) \div 25 oe or M1 for squaring scale oe or for figs 349 or 3491 to 3492
11(a)(i)	10	1	
11(a)(ii)	1	1	
11(b)	$\frac{x-1}{2}$ oe	2	M1 for $y - 1 = 2x$ or $x = 2y + 1$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x + \frac{1}{2}$
11(c)	$4x^2 + 4x + 2$ final answer	3	M1 for $(2x+1)^2 + 1$ B1 for $[(2x+1)^2 =]$ $4x^2 + 2x + 2x + 1$ oe
11(d)	Translation $ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} $	2	B1 for each
11(e)	3	1	