

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

3 1 3 0 7 5 4 6 8 8

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/42

Paper 4 (Extended)

October/November 2018

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical Instruments

Graphics Calculator

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.



Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

а

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

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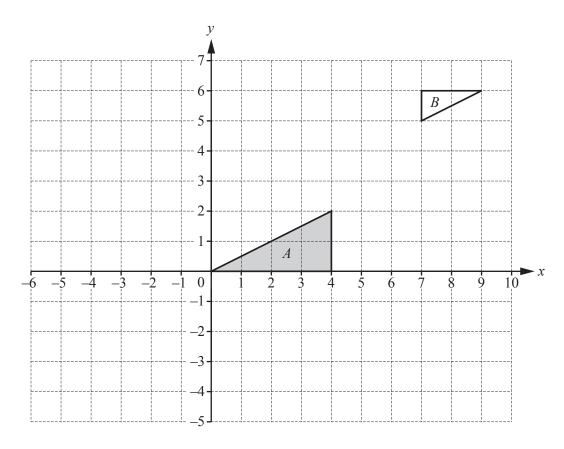
Answer all the questions.

1

Adi	la has \$10 000.
(a)	She uses some of the money to buy a car. The salesman reduces the price from \$3800 to \$3610.
	Calculate the percentage reduction.
	% [3
(b)	Adila invests the remaining \$6390 at a rate of 3% per year compound interest.
	(i) Find the value of the investment at the end of 5 years.
	\$[3]
	(ii) Find the least number of complete years after which the value of the investment is more than \$9000
	[4]

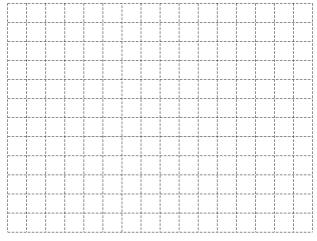
2

Н	ere are	12 num	bers.												
		15	9	6	14	6	8	12	21	11	19	6	12		
(2	ı) For	these nu	umbers	s find											
	(i)	the ran	ige,												
															[1]
	(ii)	the mo	ode,												
	, ,														[1]
	(iii)	the me	edian,												
	()		,												[1]
	(iv)	the me	ean.												
	(21)	V.1.0 1110	, ,												Г11
	(v)	the inte	er_aus:	rtile rai	nge										[+]
	(1)	the me	or qua	ruic rui	iige.										[2]
a) Dog	e choose	a a mun	mhar at	t randa	m fron	a thaga	numh	ara		•••••			••••••	[2]
(I									218.						
	Fin	d the pro	obabili	ty that	ıt ıs a p	orime i	numbe	r.							
															[1]

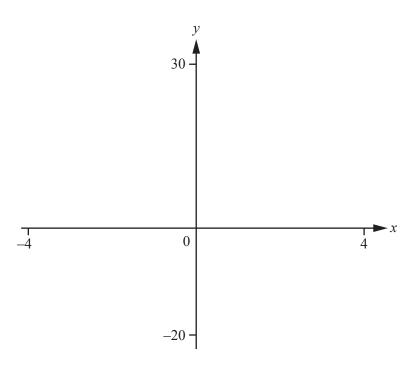


- (a) Translate triangle A by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- **(b)** Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle *A* onto triangle *B*.
- (c) Describe fully the single transformation that is equivalent to a reflection in y = -x followed by a reflection in the y-axis.
 You may use the grid below to help you.

.....[3]



(a)	y varies directly as the square of $(x + 2)$. When $x = 3$, $y = 100$.	
	(i) Find an equation connecting x and y.	
	(ii) Find the value of y when $x = 18$.	[2]
	(iii) Find the values of x when $y = 25$.	[1]
(b)	z varies inversely as \sqrt{w} . When $w = A$, $z = 18$. Find the value of z when $w = \frac{A}{9}$.	[2]
		[2]



$$f(x) = x^3 - 12x + 6$$

- (a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x) for $-4 \le x \le 4$. [2]
- **(b)** Find the positive zeros of f(x).

.....[2]

- (c) Find the co-ordinates of
 - (i) the local maximum,

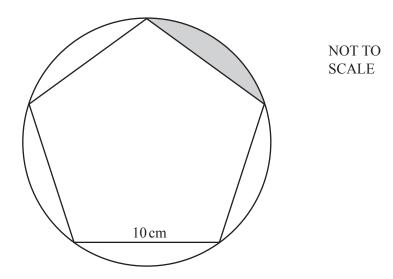
(.....)[1]

(ii) the local minimum.

(.....)[1]

- (d) Describe fully the symmetry of the graph of y = f(x).
 -

.....[3]



The diagram shows a regular pentagon, of side 10 cm, with its vertices lying on a circle.

(a) Show that the radius of the circle is 8.51 cm, correct to 3 significant figures.

[4]

- (b) Calculate
 - (i) the perimeter of the shaded segment,

..... cm [3]

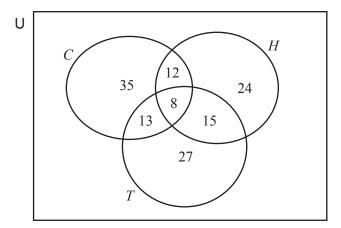
(ii) the area of the shaded segment.

.....cm² [3]

The	leng	gth of the Jinghu high speed railway from Beijing to Shanghai is	1318 km.
(a)	Thi	train travels at an average speed of 252 km/h. is train leaves Beijing at 12 49. ie local time in Beijing is the same as the local time in Shanghai.	
	Fine	nd the time, correct to the nearest minute, that this train arrives in	Shanghai.
			[4]
(b)		n the journey this train passes over a bridge of length 6772 m at 25 te train is 401 m long.	52 km/h.
	(i)	Change 252 kilometres per hour to metres per second.	
			m/s [2]
	(ii)	Calculate the time, in seconds, for the train to completely cross	s the bridge.
			s [2]

8 The 150 members of a sports club were asked if they played cricket (*C*), hockey (*H*) or tennis (*T*). Some members play none of the three sports.

The Venn diagram shows the numbers of members who play the three sports.



(a) Calculate the number of members who play none of the three sports.

	[1	L			
--	---	---	---	--	--	--

(b) Two of the 150 members are picked at random.

Calculate the probability that

(i) they both play hockey and tennis but not cricket,

																										ľ	2	!	1

(ii) they are both members of the set $(C \cup H) \cap T'$.

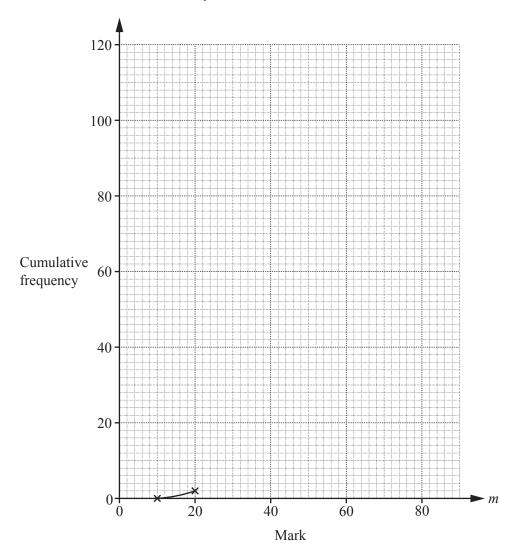
.....[3]

(c)	Three of the members who play tennis are chosen at random.
	Calculate the probability that none of them play cricket.
	[3]

9 120 students each took two mathematics examinations, Paper 1 and Paper 2. The marks for Paper 1 are shown below.

Mark (m)	Frequency
10 < m ≤ 20	2
$20 < m \leqslant 30$	4
30 < m ≤ 40	6
40 < m ≤ 50	12
50 < m ≤ 60	22
60 < m ≤ 70	34
70 < m ≤ 80	28
80 < m ≤ 90	12

(a) Complete the cumulative frequency diagram to show the results. The first section has been drawn for you.



[4]

[3]

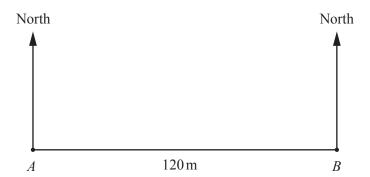
[Turn over

(b)	Use	your cumulative	e frequency diagram to es	timate	
	(i)	the median man	rk,		
	(ii)	the inter-quarti	le range,		[1]
((iii)	the number of s	students with a mark great	ter than 84.	[2]
					[2]
(c)	The	table below sho	ws some information about	ut Paper 2.	
			Lowest mark	4	
			Highest mark	80	
			Median	44	
			Lower Quartile	32	
			Inter-quartile range	24	

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On the grid opposite, draw the cumulative frequency diagram for Paper 2.

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In the diagram, point B is due east of point A.

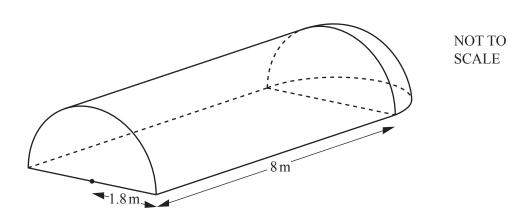
(a) Point C is on a bearing of 060° from A and a bearing of 325° from B.

Calculate the distance *BC*.

(b) Point *D* is South of *AB*. *D* is 80 m from *A* and 90 m from *B*.

Calculate the bearing of D from B.

[4	4]
----	----



The diagram shows a polythene structure in which a farmer grows vegetables.

The structure consists of a prism with a quarter of a sphere at **one** end.

The cross-section of the prism is a semicircle.

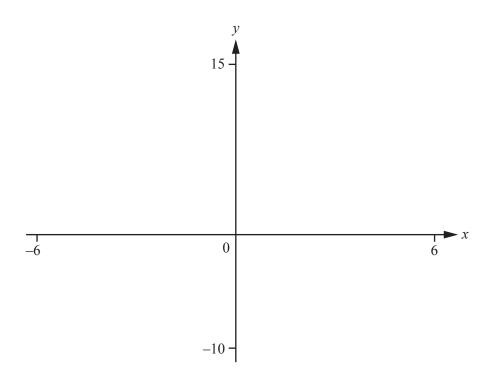
The semicircle has a radius of 1.8 m and the length of the prism is 8 m.

(a) Calculate the volume of the structure.

(b) The curved surface of the prism and the two ends of the structure are made of polythene.

Calculate the area of the polythene.

m ² [



$$f(x) = \frac{(2x-3)}{(x+2)}$$

(a) On the diagram, sketch the graph of y = f(x) for values of x between -6 and 6. [3]

(b) Write down the equations of the asymptotes of y = f(x).

.....

.....[2]

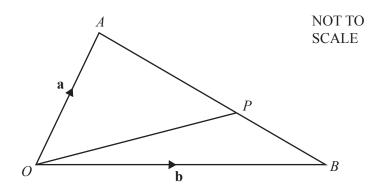
(c) g(x) = 5 - 2x

(i) Solve f(x) = g(x).

 $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [2]

(ii) Find g(f(x)). Give your answer as a single fraction in its simplest form.

.....[3]



The point P divides AB in the ratio 3:2.

 $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$.

- (a) Write each of these vectors in terms of a and/or b, giving each answer in its simplest form.
 - (i) \overrightarrow{AB}

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \dots [1]$$

(ii) \overrightarrow{OP}

$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \dots [2]$$

- **(b)** The point Q is such that $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \frac{5}{3} \overrightarrow{OP}$.
 - (i) Write \overrightarrow{BQ} , in terms of a and/or b, in its simplest form.

$$\overrightarrow{BQ} = \dots [2]$$

(ii) Use your answer to part (b)(i) to explain why OA and BQ are parallel.

_____[1]

14	A is	the point $(1, 9)$ and B is the point $(7, 1)$.	
	(a)	Find the length of <i>AB</i> .	
			ro
			[3]
	(b)	Find the co-ordinates of the midpoint of <i>AB</i> .	
			()[2]
	(c)	B is the reflection of A in the line L .	
	()	Find the equation of the line L .	
		<i>u</i> • <i>q</i> •	
			[4]

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