Cambridge IGCSE[™]

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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/21

Paper 2 (Extended)

October/November 2022

45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly and you will be given marks for correct methods even if your answer is incorrect.
- All answers should be given in their simplest form.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages.

Formula List

For the equation

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l.

$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r.

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, V, of pyramid, base area A, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of cone of radius r, height h.

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume, V, of sphere of radius r.

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

а

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$Area = \frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$$

Answer **all** the questions.

| 1 | Wor | k out. |
|---|-----|-----------------|
| | (a) | $1+2-3\times 4$ |
| | | |

(b)
$$1+2\times3-4$$

| 2 | (a) | Write $2\frac{1}{4}$ | as an | improper | fraction |
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|----------|----------|
|---|-----|----------------------|-------|----------|----------|

$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4}$$

3 Expand.

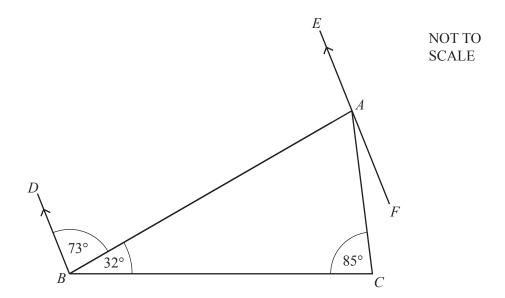
$$3(x-2y)$$

4 Change $0.2 \,\mathrm{m}^2$ into cm^2 .

5 Work out $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$.

| 6 | (a) | Work ou Give yo | ut (1.5 ur ansv | 5×10^{1}) wer in s | $\times (7 \times 1)$ standard | 0 ⁻³). l form. | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------|----|------|----|-------|------|-----|
| | (b) | Work or Give yo | ut (6.5 ur ansv | 5×10 ⁻² wer in s | ²) + (7.8 standard | 3×10^{-3}) form. | | | | | | | | [2] |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [2] |
| 7 | The | se are the | e score: | s of 10 | students | s in a tes | st. | | | | | | | |
| | | | 15 | 5 | 20 | 25 | 7 | 13 | 15 | 11 | 17 | 12 | | |
| | Finc | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | the rang | ge, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [1] |
| | (b) | the mea | n. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [2] |
| | | | | | | | | | | •••• | | ••••• | | [2] |
| 8 | Finc | d an expr | ession | for the | <i>n</i> th term | m of eac | ch sequ | ience. | | | | | | |
| | (a) | 1, | 7, | 13, | 19, | 25, | ••• | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [2] |
| | (b) | 1, - | -2, | 3, | -4, | 5, | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [2] |

9



BD is parallel to FAE.

(a) Find angle BAE.

Angle
$$BAE =$$
 [1]

(b) Find angle *FAC*.

Angle
$$FAC =$$
 [2]

| ww | w.xtra | paper | s.com |
|------|-------------|-------|-------|
| •••• | 11 1/CC1 CA | pape. | 0.00 |

6

| 10 | A is the po | oint (1 11) | and B is the | noint (4 5) |
|----|--------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 10 | 71 15 the po | J1111 (1 , 1 1 I | i and D is the | DOMIL (T. 2). |

Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AB. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

| y = | [5] |
|-----|---------|

| 44 | 0 1 | |
|----|--------|-----|
| 11 | Sol | TIO |
| | . 3011 | VC |
| | | |

(a)
$$4x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$$

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [3]

(b)
$$|2x+1|=3$$

Bag A contains balls numbered 2, 4, 4, 4.
Bag B contains balls numbered 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 4.
Bag C contains balls numbered 1, 2, 3, 4.

One of these three bags is chosen at random. A ball is chosen at random from this bag.

Find the probability that the ball chosen is numbered 4. Give your answer as a fraction.



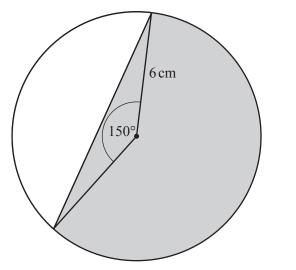
Questions 13 and 14 are printed on the next page.

13 Solve.

$$\log 2x = 5$$

 $x = \dots$ [2]

14



NOT TO SCALE

A sector of a circle with radius 6 cm has a sector angle of 150°.

Find the exact value of the area of the shaded region. Give your answer in its simplest form.

..... cm² [4]

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