CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	61
1	(a)	(i)	9866	5, 6742, 2194 (all three) ;		[1]
		(ii)	493,	337, 109 or 110 (all correct) ;		[1]
	(b)	(i)	alpha beta			[2]
		(ii)	(she	et of) lead ;		[1]
	(c)	alph	na ano	d beta (both correct) ;		[1]
		 (alpha and beta particles) are charged ; alpha/one is positive OR beta/one is negative ; OR both correct ; (they are oppositely charged gains both marks) 				
		(e) shown on graph ; half-life is 1600 years ;				[2] [Total: 10]
2	(a)	(i)	64.5 59.2			[2]
		(ii)	(64.5	5 – 40 =) 24.5 and (59.2 – 40 =) 19.2 (both correct)	;	[1]
	(iii)	1/90	= 0.014 ; = 0.011 ; alise incorrect d.p. once only)		[2]
	(b)	(i)		ect plots of 4 or 5 points ; ght line drawn ;		[2]
		(ii)		nd <i>y</i> - distances shown on graph ; orrectly calculated (1600 to 1800) ;		[2]
				adient/10 correctly calculated from candidate's grapossible masses e.g. negative ;	aph (around 120 t	to 140), do not [1]

[Total: 10]

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Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	61
3	(a) same) same mass of soil/same volume of water ;		[1]
	(b) (from) (to) re			[2]
		.4 ; .9 ; .2 ;		[3]
	(11) 5	.6, 5.1, 4.8 (all three, ecf) ;		[1]
	(iii) (5	5.6 + 5.1 + 4.8 = 15.5, 15.5/3 =) 5.17 OR 5.2 ;		[1]
		013 × 10/5.2 = 0.05 (mol/dm³) (ecf) ; e more d.p.)		[1]
	(e) the (ir	(e) the (insoluble) hydroxides (of the metals) are formed/owtte;		[1]
	• • •	· · ·		
				[Total: 10]
4	(a) 54 ; 86 ;			[2]
		.0 cm (1) .3 cm ;		[2]
	(ii) 6 =	.0 × 0.3 × 2 3.6 cm² (ecf) ;		[2]
	(c) 25/3.	$6(1) = 6.9 \mathrm{cm}^3 \mathrm{(ecf)};$		[2]
		s given off by the reaction/the temperature rises ; fore) the reaction is faster (at higher temperature) ;		[2] [Total: 10]

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Page 4		Mark Scheme Syllabus		Paper	
	~	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	61	
5	(a) 1a green 1b purple			[2]	
	(b) (sodium)	sulfate ;		[1]	
	(c) (sodium) (sodium)			[2]	
	(litr	mus is blue at first and then) turns red ; mus is blue at first and then) turns red ; bbles are given off ;		[3]	
	(e) (i) bariu	um sulfate ;		[1]	
	(ii) a so	lid is formed from a solution/insoluble solid forms;		[1]	
				[Total: 10]	
•					
6	(a) (i) heat light	; ; (either order)		[2]	
	(ii) argo	n OR inert gas ;		[1]	
	(b) A and V	shown in correct places in the circuit ;		[1]	
	(c) 0.6 A ; 12 V ;			[2]	
	(d) (i) 150/	/240 = 0.6(25) A ;		[1]	
		resistance must be much higher at the higher e. er temperature) ;	m.f. (because of the	[1]	
	and one so that (e	electrical) energy is wasted/not needed/lost ; ergy needs to be generated/fossil fuels need to	o be used (to make	[max 2] [Total: 10]	