CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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	Page 2		Syllabus	Paper				
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	62				
1	(a) (i)	0.52 A, 0.42 A (± 0.1) ;; 0.95 V, 1.15 V (± 0.1) ;;		[4]				
	(ii)	0.95/0.52 = 1.83 (ecf) ; 1.14/0.42 = 2.74 (ecf) ;		[2]				
	(iii)	1.83/40 x 100 = 4.58 ; 2.74/60 x 100 = 4.56 ;		[2]				
	the the the	 (any answer) the contact was not exactly on the mark ; the ammeter readings were not accurate enough ; the voltmeter readings were not accurate enough ; the wire had heated up ; 						
	(c) (ad	d them all up and divide by 5 to) find the average ;		[1]				
				[Total: 10]				
				[
2	(a) (i)	35 degrees ; 50 degrees ;		[2]				
	(ii)	0.57 ; 0.77 ;		[2]				
	(b) (i)	points correctly plotted \pm half square (allow 1 error); straight line drawn (line crosses at 100 max 2); extending to sine $\theta = 1.00$;		[3]				
	(ii)	mass = 104 g (or as candidate's graph) ;		[1]				
	(iii)	friction ;		[1]				
	(111)			[']				
	• • •	e results should be the same) because gravity acts equal sses) ;	ly (on all three	[1]				
				[Total: 10]				
3	• •	<i>ervations</i> : bubbling is seen ; pops ;						
		conclusion: hydrogen ;						
	(b) red	OR red-brown OR brown ; (reject yellow)		[1]				
	(c) (i)	green ;		[1]				

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Page 3		Mark Scheme Syllabus			Paper		
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	(ii) <i>observation</i> : green ; <i>conclusion</i> : iron(<u>II</u>) hydroxide ;						
(d)	(d) white precipitate ;						
(e)	(e) magnesium, zinc ;						
(f)	FeC	FeCl ₃ ;					
					[Total: 10]		
4 (a)	(i)	24° 52.5			[2]		
	(ii)	13.5	°,		[1]		
	(iii)	exne	eriment 1 exothermic ;				
	()		eriment 2 endothermic ;		[2]		
(b)		covalent bonds (in oxygen) ; ionic/electrovalent (bonds in white solid) ;					
(c)	(i)	37.5	5°;		[1]		
	(ii)	with OR o	IER each oxygen atom shares two electrons ; two hydrogen atoms (accept any covalent molecule correct diagram showing covalent bond formation ;	e);			
			molecule with correct formula ; ept for 1 mark, idea of sharing electrons)		[max 2]		
					[Total: 10]		
5 (a)	30°	= 13,	, 42° = 26, 49° = 37 (all 3 for 1 mark) ;		[1]		
(b)	(b) suitable scale chosen, both avec labelled :						
(6)	 (b) suitable scale chosen, both axes labelled ; all points plotted correctly (half square tolerance) ; curve drawn ; 						
(c)	(i)	the b	oubbles will come too quickly for the marks to be ma	ide (accurately) ;	[1]		
	(ii)		cles have more energy/move faster ; e (effective) collisions (per unit time) ;		[2]		

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Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
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(d)	 (d) (i) carbon dioxide (or carbonic acid) + calcium hydroxide → calcium carbonate + water ;; 						
		(all f	our correctly named 2 marks, two or three correctly	named 1 mark)	[max 2]		
	(ii)	calci	ium carbonate is insoluble in water ;		[1]		
					[Total: 10]		
6 (a)	(i)	113.	6g :		[1]		
()							
	(11)	37.8	·9 ,		[1]		
(b)	(i)	91 ci	m ³ ;		[1]		
	(ii)	41 ci	m ³ ;		[1]		
(c)			= mass/volume or 37.8/41; g/cm³ (ecf) ;		[2]		
(d)	hex	ane r	s not as dense as ice ; nelts at a temperature lower than –5 °C ; does not dissolve/react with ice ;		[max 2]		
(e)	(i)		loats on the surface AND the polar bears can walk under the ice/other suitable answer ;	on it/so that fish	can [1]		
	(ii)		polar ice may melt AND the habitat of the royed/they may drown/other suitable answer;	polar bear will	be [1]		
					[Total: 10]		