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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Syllabus 0625

(d) Graph: Axes labelled Scales suitable All plots correct to nearest ½ small square Well-judged best fit, thin line (e) Correct F to ½ small square with unit N Clear how obtained (f) Weight/mass/force of rule owtte (g) Weight/mass/force of rule owtte (g) Correct F to ½ small square with unit N Clear how obtained (f) Weight/mass/force of rule owtte (g) Total: 10] 2. (a) θ _R sensible value (c) - (e) f in s, both θ in °C Correct t values 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180 Uninsulated tube temperatures decreasing Insulated tube temperature differences and time (f) Statement matches readings Justified by reference to temperature differences and time (g) Any two from: initial temperature/starting temperature/temperature of hot water (constant) room temperature/ correct named reference to environmental condition tube size/same test-tube thickness of glass volume/amount/level of water thickness of cotton wool depth (of immersion) of thermometer (rate of) stirring [2]	1.	(a),	(b), (c) Correct masses 100, 200, 300, 400, 500 F column complete, all values < 10N and to at least 1d.p. F values increasing	SHI	Stidge	
Clear how obtained [1] (f) Weight/mass/force of rule owtte [1] (c) – (e) I in s, both θ in °C Correct t values 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180 [1] Uninsulated tube temperatures decreasing [1] Insulated tube temperatures decreasing [1] Slower rate of fall in insulated tube [1] (f) Statement matches readings [1] Justified by reference to temperature differences and time [1] (g) Any two from: initial temperature/starting temperature/temperature of hot water (constant) room temperature/ correct named reference to environmental condition tube size/same test-tube thickness of glass volume/amount/level of water thickness of cotton wool depth (of immersion) of thermometer (rate of) stirring [2]		(d)	Axes labelled Scales suitable All plots correct to nearest ½ small square		[1] [1]	
 (a) θ_R sensible value (c) – (e) t in s, both θ in °C Correct t values 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180 Uninsulated tube temperatures decreasing Insulated tube Insulated Insul		(e)				
 (c) – (e)		(f)	Weight/mass/force of rule owtte	[Total:		
t in s, both θ in °C Correct t values 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180 Uninsulated tube temperatures decreasing Insulated tube tube tube temperature/temperature of hot water (constant) room temperature/correct named reference to environmental condition tube size/same test-tube thickness of glass volume/amount/level of water thickness of cotton wool depth (of immersion) of thermometer (rate of) stirring Insulated tube temperatures decreasing Insulated tube temperature decreasing Insulated tube temperatur	2.	(a)	$ heta_{R}$ sensible value		[1]	
Justified by reference to temperature <u>differences</u> and <u>time</u> (g) Any two from: <u>initial</u> temperature/ <u>starting</u> temperature/temperature of <u>hot</u> water (constant) room temperature/ correct <u>named</u> reference to environmental condition tube size/same test-tube thickness of glass volume/amount/level of water thickness of cotton wool depth (of immersion) of thermometer (rate of) stirring [2]		(c)	t in s, both θ in °C Correct t values 30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180 Uninsulated tube temperatures decreasing Insulated tube temperatures decreasing		[1] [1] [1]	
initial temperature/starting temperature/temperature of hot water (constant) room temperature/ correct named reference to environmental condition tube size/same test-tube thickness of glass volume/amount/level of water thickness of cotton wool depth (of immersion) of thermometer (rate of) stirring [2]		(f)				
		(g)	initial temperature/starting temperature/temperature of hot water (constant) temperature/ correct named reference to environmental condition tube size/same test-tube thickness of glass volume/amount/level of water thickness of cotton wool depth (of immersion) of thermometer	room	[2]	
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Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – May/June 2011

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	Da	ge 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus			
	га	ge s	IGCSE – May/June 2011	Syllabus 0625			
			IGCSE – May/June 2011	0025			
3.	(a)	Correct I I values V values R values R consis	m or m, A, V, Ω lengths 50cm, 75cm, 100cm all to at least 2 d.p. (<1A) s all to at least 1 d.p. (<3V) s correct stently to 1 or 2 d.p. R _{AB} to within 10%	Syllabus 7. Add 7. Odd	67ids [1] [1]		
	(b) Statement matches results Justification refers to results and matches statement, including idea of 'within limits experimental accuracy'						
	(c) One of: Switch off between readings Use of low current (owtte)						
4.	 Trace: Normal correct All lines present and neat P₃P₄ distance ≥ 5.0cm EFN = 30° ± 2° 						
	(h)	a correct	t to 2mm		[1]		
	(j)	b correct	t to 2mm		[1]		
	(k)	n correct n 1.4 – 1	t value, 2 or 3 significant figures, no unit l.6		[1] [1]		
		Pin: pins	not vertical/not straight/pins too close/thickness of li	ines/size of holes	[1]		
		Ray Box	:: thickness of ray		[1]		
				[Total:	10]		