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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

[Total: 7]

	Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus			
		<u> </u>	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0625	No.	
1	(a)	50–250 g	g (or 0.05–0.25 kg) correct unit required		Papa Cambridge	
	(b)		of mass marked close to centre of cylinder dication of how centre of mass is placed above the 90	0.0 cm mark	[1]	
	(c)	OR rule of OR mass	ikely to exactly balance/ difficult to balance could slide on pivot s could slide re of mass of rule not at 50.0 cm mark not uniform1			
		Do <u>not</u> a	ccept comments about poor/careless technique		[1]	
	(d)	OR a ref	readings (wtte) ference to finding exact position of centre of mass of ference to dealing with centre of mass of rule not being		[1]	
	(e)	OR With	ne/ reasonable/ same to 3 significant figures in limits of experimental accuracy (wtte) many significant figures in experimental result		[1]	
					[Total: 6]	
2	(a)	$\theta_{R} = 22(^{\circ}$	°C)		[1]	
	(b)	Table: mm, °C Correct o	d values 100, 80, 60, 40, 20, 10		[1] [1]	
	(c)	Tempera	ature difference = 3(°C), higher		[1]	
	(d)	Draughts Room te	s mperature/humidity		[1] [1]	
	(e)	Waiting t Wait for s Allow lan	t avoidance of parallax explained, in using rule or the time between readings steady thermometer reading np to cool/warm up	ermometer		
		Repeats	and average		[1]	

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[Total: 8]

	Page 3		3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus		1.0
				IGCSE – May/June 2012	0625	Nage 1
3	(a)	(i) (ii)	Grap Axes Suita All p Goo	oh: s correctly labelled with quantity and unit and correct able scales – plots occupy at least half the grid lots correct to ½ small square d line judgement (ecf for curve if d plotted) gle, thin, continuous line		[no mark 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	(iii)		Evid	ngle using at least half of candidate's line clearly indic lence of subtraction seen alue 1.5 when rounded to 2 significant figures	cated on grap	h [1] [1] [1]
	(b)		me as t Ω/oh	s G, rounded to 2 or 3 significant figures		[1] [1] [Total: 10]
4	(a)	<i>x</i> =	61 (n	ne 79 to 80 (mm), 7.9 to 8.0 (cm) nm) and consistent correct unit for both (mm or cm) cm), X = 61 (cm) ecf from (i) and (ii)		[1] [1] [1]
	(b)			cm) allow ecf from (a) gnificant figures and correct unit		[1] [1]
	(c)	lde	a of w	statement for results (expect Yes or wtte) within (or beyond) experimental accuracy or wtte w score if previous mark is scored		[1] [1]
	(d)	Use How Mod Ma Med Obj	e of daw to a veme rk len tre rul	from: arkened room avoid parallax when taking readings ant of lens back and forth to obtain clearest image is holder to show position of centre of lens le clamped or on bench ens and screen all perpendicular to bench and lens same height above bench		[1]

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Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0625	

5 (a) $V_1 = 74$

Line of sight perpendicular to scale Perpendicular line continues to measuring cylinder at surface level

(b) $V_2 = 81$, $V_G = 7$ (ecf allowed) All volumes in cm³, unit given at least once, not contradicted

[1]

(c) $(V_3 - V_1) = 24$, $V_A = 17$ (ecf allowed)

[1]

(d) Any three from:

 V_A : Finger increases V_3 / tube not pushed in far enough Some water in test-tube/air is compressed

V_W: Water remaining in tube
 Water remaining in measuring cylinder
 Tube overfilled, wtte (surface tension effect)

[3]

Either V_A or V_W (accept only once):

Measuring cylinder readings not very sensitive Subtraction produces large percentage uncertainty

[Total: 9]