CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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0625 PHYSICS

0625/33

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

		2.
Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0625

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

- Cambridge.com M marks are method marks upon which further marks depend. For an M mark to be scored point to which it refers must be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent marks can be scored.
- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on other marks. For a B mark to scored, the point to which it refers must be seen specifically in the candidate's answers.
- A marks In general A marks are awarded for final answers to numerical questions. If a final numerical answer, eligible for A marks, is correct, with the correct unit and an acceptable number of significant figures, all the marks for that question are normally awarded. It is very occasionally possible to arrive at a correct answer by an entirely wrong approach. In these rare circumstances, do not award the A marks, but award C marks on their merits. However, correct numerical answers with no working shown gain all the marks available.
- C marks are compensatory marks in general applicable to numerical questions. These can be scored even if the point to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. For example, if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct substitution or working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored. A C mark is not awarded if a candidate makes two points which contradict each other. Points which are wrong but irrelevant are ignored.
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets. e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR / or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- means "each error or omission". e.e.o.o.
- means "or words to that effect". o.w.t.t.e.
- c.a.o. correct answer only
- Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to Spelling mean what we want, give credit. However, beware of and do not allow ambiguities, accidental or deliberate: e.g. spelling which suggests confusion between reflection / refraction / diffraction / thermistor / transistor / transformer.
- Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.
- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct or irrelevant is to be disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.
- meaning "error carried forward" is mainly applicable to numerical questions, but may in ecf particular circumstances be applied in non-numerical questions.

Www.papacambridge.com This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, marks indicated by be awarded, provided the subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind the mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particul mistake, but only applies to marks annotated ecf.

Syllabus

0625

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Sig. figs. Answers are normally acceptable to any number of significant figures \geq 2. Any exceptions to this general rule will be specified in the mark scheme. In general, accept numerical answers, which, if reduced to two significant figures, would be right.

Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2012

- Deduct one mark for each incorrect or missing unit from an answer that would Units otherwise gain all the marks available for that answer: maximum 1 per question. No deduction is incurred if the unit is missing from the final answer but is shown correctly in the working.
- Deduct one mark if the **only** error in arriving at a final answer is clearly an arithmetic Arithmetic errors one.
- Transcription Deduct one mark if the only error in arriving at a final answer is because given or previously calculated data has clearly been misread but used correctly. errors
- Fractions e.g. $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{10}$ etc are only acceptable where specified.

Page 3

- Crossed out Work which has been crossed out and not replaced but can easily be read, should work be marked as if it had not been crossed out.
- Use of NR (# key on the keyboard) Use this if the answer space for a question is completely blank or contains no readable words, figures or symbols.

rapa B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1
B1 B1 B1 B1
B1 B1 B1
B1 B1
B1
В1
B1
B1
C1 C1 A1 C1 A1
C1 A1
B1
C1 A1
C1 A1
B2
B1
B1

Pa	age 5		Mark Scheme	Syllal	bus 2	r
			October/November 2		25 230	
(c)	per	pendicular to path or t	owards centre of circle	or centripetal	10	mb
Ap	oply ι	init penalty once only			r) B1	1
(a)	(i)	atoms/molecules/par	ticles move or collide (i ticles collide <u>with (insid</u> all etc. or force/unit area	e) surface/wall	1011	
	(ii)	fewer atoms/molecul	es/particles and fewer o	collisions (with wall)	B1	
(b)	hpg	=) hρg or 25 × 1.0 × 10 + p _{atm} or 25 × 1.0 × 1 × 10 ⁵ Pa *Unit penalty	0 ³ × 10 + 10 ⁵ or 2.5 × 1	10 ⁵	C1 C1 A1	
*Aŗ	oply ι	init penalty once only				
(a)	(i)	radiation from water/f vibrating (copper) atc	copper/tank/atoms or co tank/copper or describe oms/molecules/particles ibrating (copper) atoms	e/mention evaporatior hit neighbours pass	ו B1 on	
		(through copper) electrons strike coppe	,		B1 B1	
	(ii)	reduced vibrations of	difference/thermal grad copper atoms or water adiation (emitted) or les	molecules slower/les		
(b)	acti star mea	on – e.g. fill with hot w ting temperatures are asure final temperature	e and compare drop or	olume [,] equivalent	B1 B1 B1 B1	
		w detailed description a maximum of 4 mark	n of Lesley's cube meth <s)< td=""><td>od and measure erms</td><td>ssion rate</td><td></td></s)<>	od and measure erms	ssion rate	
(a)	(i)	2.0 – 4.0 × 10 ⁸ m/s *l	Jnit penalty applies		B1	
	(ii)	(f =) v/λ or 3.0 × 10 ⁸ / 7.5 × 10 ¹⁴ Hz *Unit pe	/4.0 × 10 ⁻⁷ enalty applies	ecf from 6(a)(i) ecf from 6(a)(i)	C1 A1	
(b)	(i)	55° *Unit penalty app	olies		B1	
	(ii)	sin i/sin r = n or sin 5 33° *Unit penalty app		ecf from 6(b)(i) ecf from 6(b)(i)	C1 A1	

*Apply unit penalty once only

Ра	ge 6			Mark Scheme		Syllabus	0	r
	Ŭ		IGCSE – O	October/Novemb	er 2012	0625	Spar 1	
(a)	(i)	paraxia undevia	I to lens <u>and</u> on ated to centre of	rom top of object through focal po f lens lens <u>and then pa</u>	int		B2 B1	mbrie
		traced I	back to locate in	mage			B1	
	(ii)	any <u>two</u>	of: virtual/uprig	ght/magnified/furt	her from lens/d	immer	B2	
(b)	(i)	3.4 – 3.	.6 cm *Unit pena	alty applies			B1	
	(ii)	magnify	/ing glass/magn	nifier (c.a.o.)			B1	[7
*Ap	ply ι	init pena	alty once only					
(a)	(i)		R or 230/46 Jnit penalty appl	lies			C1 A1	
	(ii)	ecf fron	n 8(a)(i)	t or 230 × 5 or 23			C1 A1	
(b)	san	ne as 8(a	a)(i) (c.a.o.) *Un	nit penalty applies	3		B1	[5
*Ap	ply ι	init pena	alty once only					
(a)	(i)		ng magnetic field current induced	d (in coil) or field	lines cut coil (c	or vice versa)	B1 B1	
	(ii)	slower)		ent/reading/voltag s/change of mag	-		ore B1 B1	
	(iii)	deflecti	on/current in op	posite direction			B1	
(b)	alte	rnating/o	changing magne	nt (in primary coil) etic field clearly ir ry to secondary b	n core	0.14	B1 B1	
	exp	ressed)	or core increas	ses effect		000	B1 B1	[9
(a)	(i)	light-de	pendent resisto	r/LDR			B1	
	(ii)	(in brigl	ht light) resistan	ce of Z/LDR/circu	uit falls/is low		B1	

