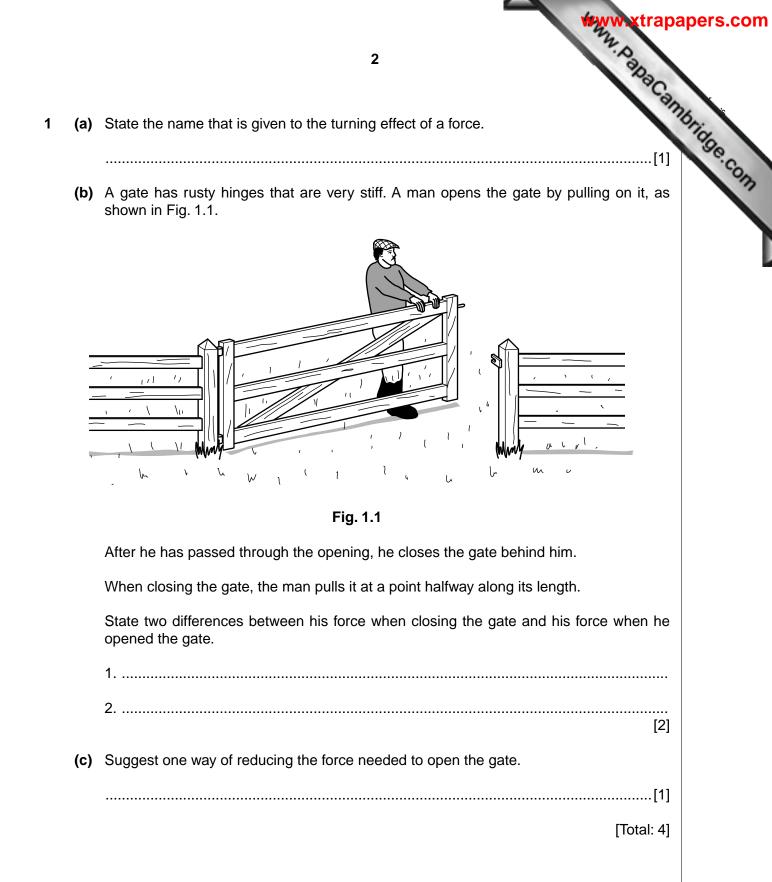
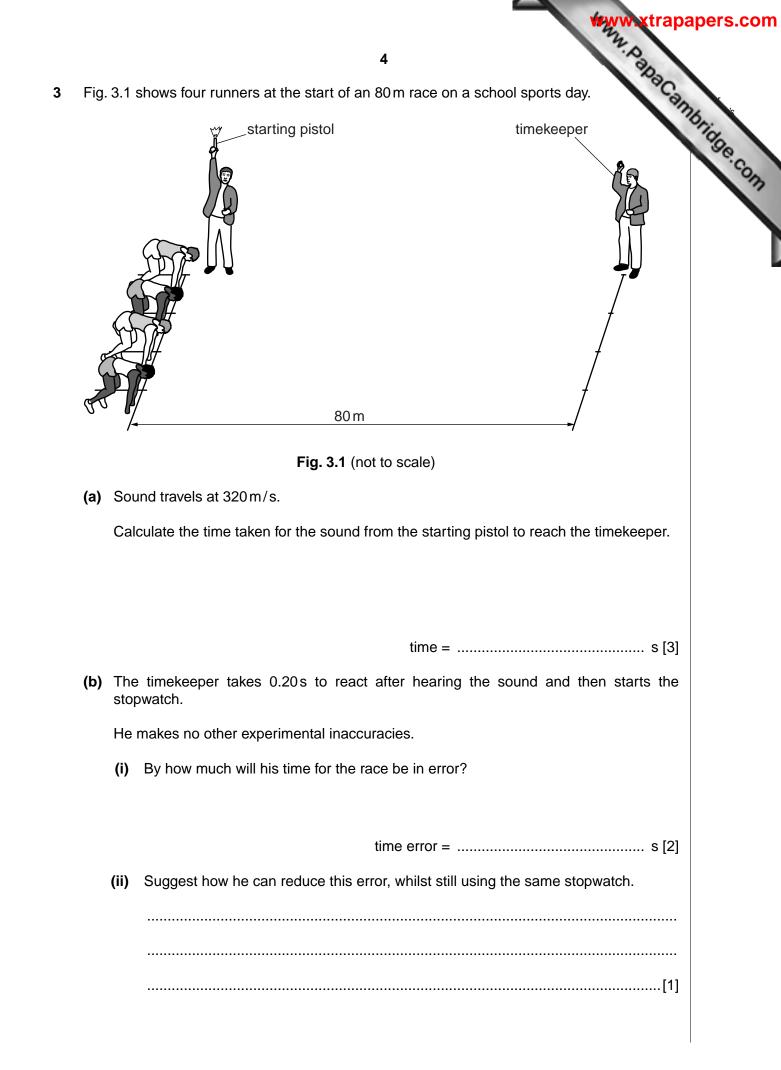


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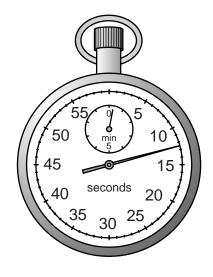




		www.kitapap	pers				
a)	Stat	3 The the equation linking the density of a substance with its mass and volume. [1] En oil leaks out of a damaged oil-tanker, it forms a very thin layer of oil, known as an					
aj		e the equation linking the density of a substance with its mass and volume.	ni				
		[1]	Se.				
b)	When oil leaks out of a damaged oil-tanker, it forms a very thin layer of oil, known as an oil slick, on the water.						
	One such oil slick covers an approximately rectangular area measuring 2.5×10^4 m by 6.0×10^3 m.						
	The oil slick is 3.0×10^{-6} m (0.0000030 m) thick.						
	(i)	Calculate the volume of the oil slick.					
		volume = m ³ [3]					
	(ii)	The density of the oil is 900 kg/m^3 .					
		Calculate the mass of oil in the slick.					
		mass = kg [2]					
		[Total: 6]					



ne appe (c) When he stops the stopwatch as the winner crosses the finishing line, the appe of the stopwatch is as shown in Fig. 3.2.





How long did the winner actually take to run the race?

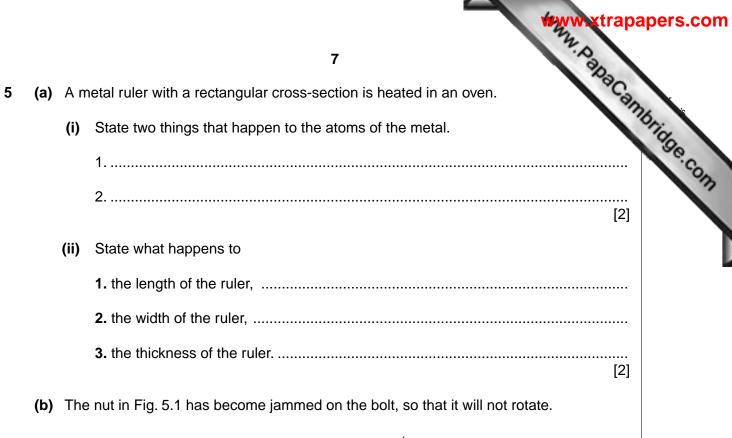
time = s [2]

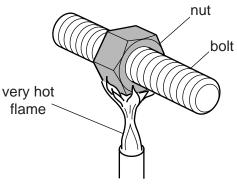
[Total: 8]

Www.PapaCambridge.com 6 An archer pulls the string of his bow, and moves the arrow to the position shown in He then releases the string so that the arrow is fired towards a target. bow string arrow Fig. 4.1 (a) The archer does work on the bow. When is this work done? Tick one box. as the string is pulled back to the position shown in Fig. 4.1 whilst holding the string in the position shown in Fig. 4.1 after releasing the string to fire the arrow [1] (b) What type of energy is stored in the bow because it is bent?[1] (c) What type of energy does the arrow have because it is moving?[1] (d) On another occasion, the archer fires the arrow so that it rises up to a maximum height before falling back down to the ground. Use words from the following list to complete the sentences below. gravitational potential, kinetic, thermal, maximum, minimum. zero As the arrow rises, its energy increases. At the top of the flight, this energy is at a As the arrow falls, this energy is converted into energy. When it hits the ground, the energy of the arrow is converted into energy.

[4]

4







Explain why heating the nut with a very hot flame is likely to free the jammed nut.

......[2]

[Total: 6]

Www.PapaCambridge.com (a) In Fig. 6.1, a ray of red light is shown passing through a triangular glass prism ar 6 another prism that is identical but upside down.

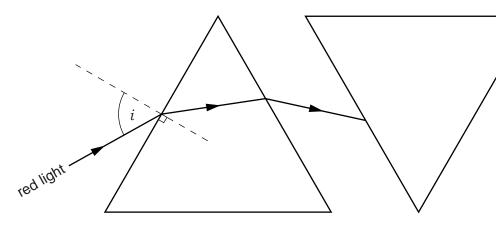


Fig. 6.1

(i) The angle of incidence of the red light at the first surface is shown on Fig. 6.1 as *i*.

On Fig. 6.1, use the letter r to mark clearly the angle of refraction at the first surface. [1]

- (ii) On Fig. 6.1, complete the path of the ray through the right-hand prism and out into the air again. Label the emergent ray "line R". [3]
- The beam of red light is moved so that it shines into the right-hand prism along (iii) line R.

Using the letter P, mark clearly the point where this ray will emerge from the lefthand prism. [1]

(b) On another occasion, a beam containing a mixture of red and blue light is shone into a prism, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

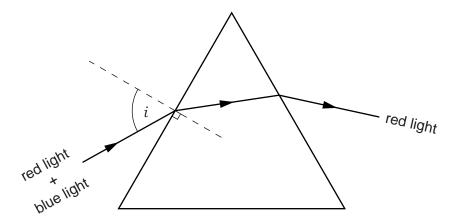


Fig. 6.2

(i) On Fig. 6.2, draw the path of the blue light through the prism and out into the air again. [3]

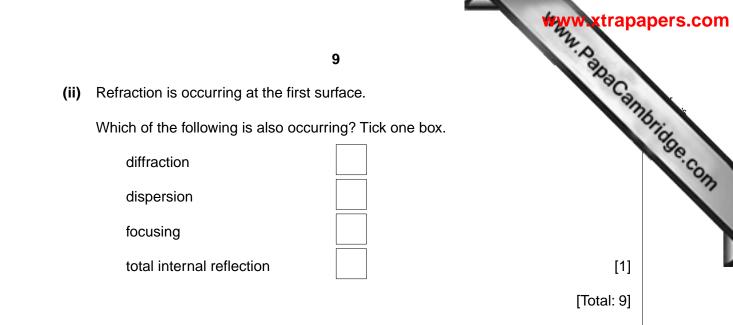
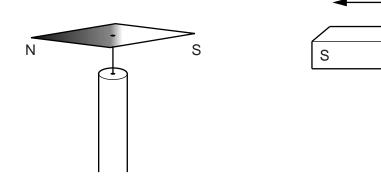


Fig. 7.1 shows a compass needle that has come to rest in the Earth's magnetic field. Compass needle N S

Fig. 7.1

- (a) On Fig. 7.1, draw an arrow pointing towards the north pole of the Earth.
- (b) The S pole of a bar magnet is brought towards the S pole of the compass needle, as shown in Fig. 7.2.

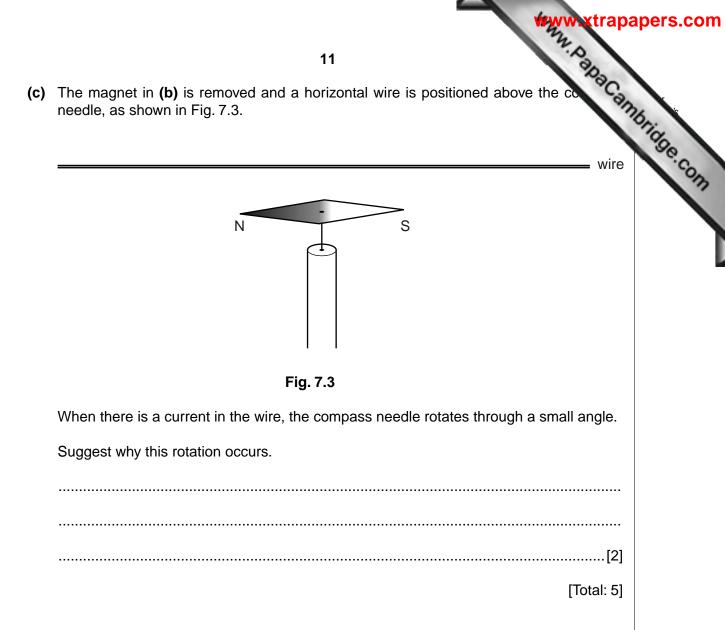
[1]

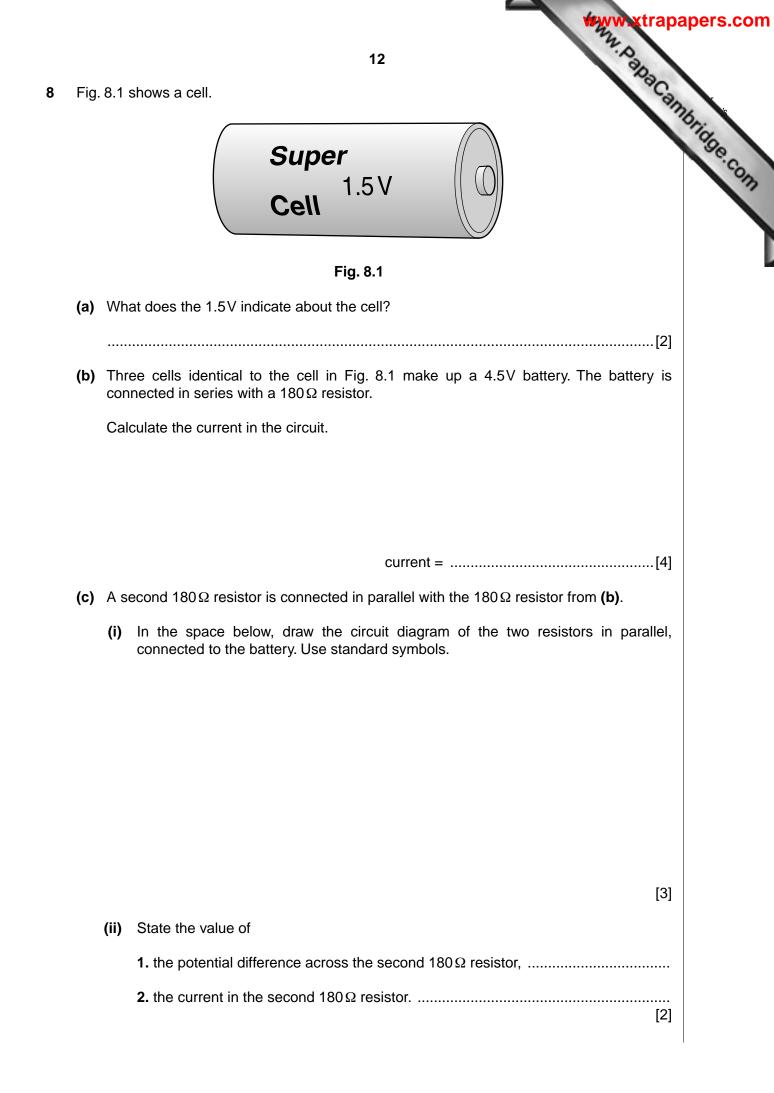




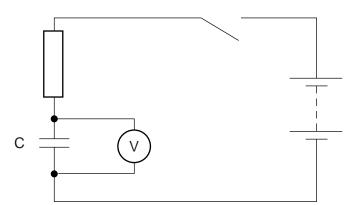
Describe what is seen happening to the compass needle as this is done.

.....[2]





Www.papacambridge.com Fig. 9.1 shows a time-delay circuit that includes a capacitor C and a resistor of ve 9 resistance.





(a) On Fig. 9.1, use the letter S to label the switch. [1] (b) When the switch is open, the voltmeter in the circuit registers zero. After the switch has been closed, what happens, if anything, to the charge in the circuit, (i)[1] (ii) the reading on the voltmeter?[2] (c) The switch is now opened again. State what happens, if anything, to the reading on the voltmeter.[1] [Total: 5] 10 A 240V a.c. mains supply is connected to the primary coil of the transformer sh Fig. 10.1. A lamp that gives full brightness with a 6V supply is connected to the second coil.

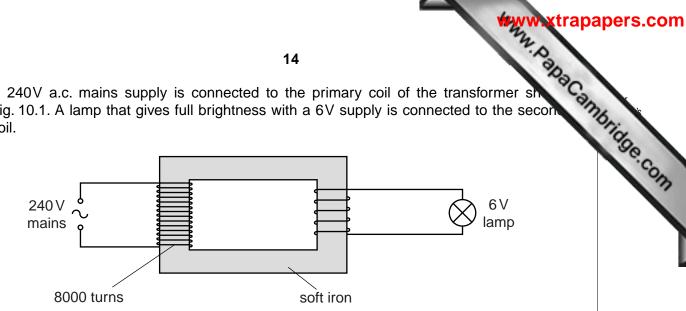


Fig. 10.1

- (a) Name a suitable material from which the coils may be made.
-[1]
- (b) State the name given to the part of the transformer that is made of soft iron (see Fig. 10.1).
 -[1]
- (c) Calculate the number of turns of wire in the secondary coil that will enable the lamp to light at full brightness.

number of turns =[3]

- (d) State what would happen to the lamp if the number of turns in the secondary coil was
 - (i) much less than that calculated in (c),[1] (ii) much more than that calculated in (c).[1]

[Total: 7]

WWW. PapaCambridge.com 11 The apparatus for investigating the absorption of the emissions from a radioactive so shown in Fig. 11.1.

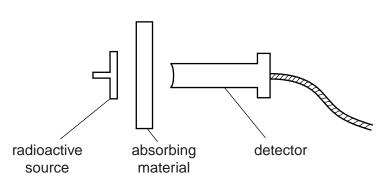


Fig. 11.1

The source and detector are about 2 cm apart. The detector is connected to a scaler, which measures the count rate.

Different absorbing materials are placed between the source and the detector.

The table below shows the count rate obtained with each of five absorbers.

absorbing material	count rate counts/s
air	523
sheet of paper	523
0.5 mm of aluminium	391
10mm of aluminium	214
10mm of lead	122

(a) How can you tell that the source is not emitting any α -particles?

	[2]
(b)	What is the evidence that β -particles are being emitted?
	[2]
	[4]
$\langle \alpha \rangle$	What is the evidence that γ -rays are being emitted?
(c)	What is the evidence that y-rays are being enlined?
	[2]
	[Total: 6]

				16	7	Www.xtrap			
(a)	The	symbol for	an α -particle is eithe			abaC.			
	(i)		the 4 indicate abou		WAYNA BADACO				
	(ii)	What does	the 2 indicate abou						
(b)	The	symbol for	a β -particle is either	⁰ _1β or _1 ⁰ e.		[1]			
	(i)	What does the 0 indicate about a β -particle?							
	(ii)	What does	s the –1 indicate abo	ut a β-particle?		[1]			
(c)	The	[1] le list below gives, in nuclide notation, the symbols of five radioactive nuclides.							
		²⁴⁰ Pu	²⁴⁴ ₉₆ Cm	²⁴⁸ ₉₈ Cf	²⁵⁰ 97Bk	²⁵⁰ ₉₈ Cf			
	(i)	$^{244}_{96}$ Cm decays by emitting an α -particle.							
		Into which of the other nuclides in the list does it decay?[1]							
	(ii)	$^{250}_{97}$ Bk decays by emitting a β -particle.							
		Into which	of the other nuclides	s in the list does it	decay?	[1]			
						[Total: 6]			

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