CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0625 PHYSICS

0625/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	0
	<u> </u>	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0625	Do
1	(a) rule bala	nced <u>and</u> pivot at centre of mass	`	Dapa Cambridge
	OR add	take readings from 50.2 cm mark mass/weight/load		
	OR place	e pivot at 50.2 cm mark		[1]
	(c) (i) cm,	cm		[1]
		kwise 77.5 (or 78) (N cm) clockwise 78 (N cm)		[1]
		e but tip opposite sid	es o.w.t.t.e [1]	
	OIV Suite	able method to locate centre of mass Q		[Total: 5]
2	(a) 87 (°C)			[1]
	(b) (i) s, °C	C, °C		[1]
	` ' ' '	B <u>and</u> greater temperature difference OR numbers quoted, <i>must see</i> 21 and 8 or 24 and	5	[1]
	(iv) A 23	3(°C) and B 40(°C)		[1]
	(v) 20 –	- 26 (°C)		[1]
		viewing thermometer at right angles rence to being ready on time		[1]
	water / s	nperature tarting temperature		
		of thermometer bulb from water surface reference to draughts / fans / air conditioning		[2]
				[Total: 8]

Page 3		ge 3 Mark Scheme Syllabus				
	i aye s		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0625	3-	
3	(a) (i)	1.8 (0.3 (·		Pa Cambridge	
	(ii)	P ₁ =	= 0.54 (W) e.c.f. allowed		36	
	(iii)	(iv)(v	$P_{T} = 1.59 \text{ (or 1.6) W}$		[1]	
	(b) statement matches results (expect YES) e.c.f. allowed justification in terms of within or beyond limits of experimental accuracy o.w.t.t.e.				[1] [1]	
	(c) (i) diagram: lamps in parallel, variable resistor in series with power supply, with correct for variable resistor, lamps and voltmeter one voltmeter correctly positioned				bols [1] [1]	
	(ii)	vary	current (or p.d.)		[1]	
	[Tot					
4	 (a) (i)(ii) u = 26 (mm) or 2.6 (cm) v = 44 (mm) or 4.4 (cm) (b) (i)(ii) 1144 mm² and 70 mm OR 11.44 cm² and 7.0 (or 7) cm e.c.f. from (a) (iii) x = 16 or 16.3 or 16.34 (1.6 or 1.63 or 1.634) e.c.f. from (b)(i) and (ii) 				[1] [1]	
					[1]	
					[1]	
			16.3 or 16.34 <u>cm</u> (160 or 163 or 163.4 <u>mm</u>) o 2 or 3 significant figures		[1] [1]	
	(d) up	to 0.5	5 cm either side of 18.2 cm		[1]	
	ma pla ens len	e of dark pos ce me sure o	from: arkened room / brighter lamp / no other light interfe sition of centre of lens on holder etre rule on bench (or clamp in position) object and lens are same height from the bench oject / screen perpendicular to bench	ering		
	•		ce of parallax with action and reason		[2]	
					[Total: 9]	

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5 (a) 54 – 55

(b) (i) table:
 e values 12, 22, 36, 50, 60 (e.c.f. from (a))

(ii) graph:
 axes correctly labelled e/mm and F/N and correct way round
 suitable scales
 all plots correct to ½ small square
 good line judgement
 thin, single continuous line

(iii) triangle method using at least half of candidate's line, shown on the graph
 G = 11 - 13, no e.c.f.

[1]

[Total: 9]