

**CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**  
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## **MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series**

### **0625 PHYSICS**

**0625/62**

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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- 1 (a) (i) 3.1 cm (31 mm), unit required
- (b) table:  
s, s [1]  
31.(0) e.c.f. (a) [1]  
1.12 c.a.o. [1]
- (c) statement matches results (expect NO) [1]  
justification using idea of within or beyond limits of experimental accuracy (o.w.t.t.e.) [1]
- (d) straight line / constant gradient [1]  
through the origin [1]
- (e) has no effect [1]
- [Total: 9]**
- 2 (a) 78 °C c.a.o. unit needed [1]
- (b)(c) both thermometer readings correct 69, 61 [1]  
correct differences 9, 17 allow e.c.f. [1]
- (d) order matches results (expect D, B, C, A) allow e.c.f. [1]
- (e) any two from:  
room temperature (or other environmental condition)  
initial (hot) water / starting temperature (accept initial temperature)  
volume / mass / amount / level of (hot) water  
same type / thickness / material / size / volume of beaker  
time delays during operations [2]
- (f) same time of cooling for each experiment [1]
- [Total: 7]**
- 3 (a) (i) 0.30 A c.a.o. unit needed (accept 0.3 A) [1]
- (ii) table:  
0.40 (accept 0.4) [1]  
1.33 (e.c.f. (a)(i)) accept any significant figures > 1 and recurring decimal [1]

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- (b) graph:  
 axes correctly labelled  
 suitable scales (x axis 2 cm = 0.2 m/0.25 m)  
 all plots correct to ½ small square  
 good line judgement [1]  
 thin continuous line, carefully plotted points not large 'blobs' [1]

- (c)  $l$  correct to ½ square – must see evidence on graph paper  
 condone no / incorrect unit, ignore significant figures [1]

- (d) 9.5 to 10.5 ( $\Omega$ ) ignore significant figures [1]

[Total: 10]

- 4 (a) (i)(ii)  $u = 25(\text{mm})$ ,  $v = 42(\text{mm})$  [1]

- (iii)(iv)  $uv = 1050(\text{mm}^2)$ ,  $u + v = 67(\text{mm})$  allow e.c.f. [1]

- (v)  $f_1 = 15.7(\text{mm})$  2 or 3 significant figures only allow e.c.f. [1]

- (b) (i)(ii)  $uv = 1050(\text{mm}^2)$ ,  $u + v = 67(\text{mm})$ , c.a.o.

- (iii)  $f_2 = 15.7(\text{mm})$  accept any significant figures [1]

- (c) statement matches results (expect YES) [1]

justification in terms of within or beyond limits of experimental accuracy (o.w.t.t.e.)

accept values are equal without mention of experimental accuracy [1]

- (d) any two from:  
 use of darkened room / brighter lamp / no other lights  
 mark position of centre of lens on holder  
 place metre rule on bench (or clamp in position)  
 ensure object and (centre of) lens are same height (from the bench)  
 lens / object / screen vertical/perpendicular to bench  
 repeat (and average)  
 move lens slowly (backwards and forwards when focusing) [2]

- (e) image drawn inverted [1]

[Total: 9]

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- 5 (a) (i)  $x = 7.0$  cm / 70 mm unit needed, accept 6.95 to 7.0 cm
- (ii)  $y = 3.3$  cm / 33 mm unit needed, c.a.o., accept 3.30 cm
- (b) (i) 6.5(N) ignore unit [1]
- (ii)  $0.28 \text{ N/cm}^2$  ( $0.0028 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $2800 \text{ N/m}^2$  or Pa) e.c.f.  
unit needed, ignore significant figures [1]
- (c) any one from:  
outline is larger than block / thickness of pencil line  
zero error on forcemeter  
precision with which the ruler can be read  
precision of forcemeter / large gaps on scale  
block not of uniform thickness/length [1]

[Total: 5]