## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/51

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2014 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



[Total: 10]

Pa	age 2	2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0625	51
1	(a)	h > V c	$d_{\rm T}$ and $d_{\rm B}$ , recorded in cm and sensible values $d_{\rm T} > d_{\rm B}$ and $d_{\rm A}$ correct orrectly calculated t cm <sup>3</sup>		[1] [1] [1]
	(b)	(i)	use of at least two values for circumference $C$ correct value for $C$ and $3 \times d_{\rm A} \pm 10\%$ 2 or 3 significant figures		[1] [1] [1]
		(ii)	diagram showing measurement half way up, or at top and bottom or a series of measurements all the way up		[1]
	(c)	(i)	V <sub>W</sub> between 140 cm <sup>3</sup> and 300 cm <sup>3</sup>		[1]
		(ii)	sensible explanation e.g. $V_{\rm w}$ : lots of measurements to obtain $V$ leads to greater inaccurate	асу	[1]
					[Total: 10]
2	(a)	ser	asible value for $ heta_{R}$ (°C)		[1]
	(b)-	–(d)	table: s, °C, °C correct <i>t</i> values 0, 30, 60, 90, 120, 150 temperatures decreasing in both columns final temperature difference less than initial temperature difference evidence of temperatures to precision of at least 1°C	in both colu	[1] [1] [1] umns [1] [1]
	(e)		tement to match results and justified by reference to results erence to same time		[1] [1]
	(f)	lid/d	cover/smaller cross-sectional area		[1]
	(g)	roo initi	one from: m temperature (or equivalent environmental condition) al water temperature ume of water		
			ne/dry insulation		[1]

Paper

Syllabus

		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0625	51
3 (a	1	/ to at least 1 d.p. and < 3 V and increasing T to at least 2 d.p. and < 1 A and constant to within 10% R calculated correctly		[1] [1] [1]
(b	8	graph: exes correctly labelled and correct way round suitable scales, with plots using at least half of grid all plots correct to ½ small square good line judgement, thin, continuous line		[1] [1] [1]
(c	•	statement to match results ustified by reference to straight line, through the origin		[1] [1]
(d	d) a	additional readings with <i>l</i> values above 50 cm		[1] [Total: 10]
<b>4</b> (a	a)(i)	(ii) v sensible value in cm (55–65) h sensible value (> 3 cm and < 6 cm) in cm		[1] [1]
	(ii	ii) image drawn inverted		[1]
	(i	v) x value 1.2–1.8 cm		[1]
(b	o) (	(i) h/x and v/u correct, both with <u>no</u> unit		[1]
	<b>(</b> i	ii) same within 10%		[1]
(c		statement to match results (expect yes) ustified by reference to results		[1] [1]
(c	r r F e	any two from: use of darkened room/brighter lamp mark position of centre of lens on holder blace metre rule on bench (or clamp in position) ensure object and centre of lens are same height (from the bench) repeats and average move lens slowly/back and forth (to find sharpest image)		
		screen and lens and object all perpendicular to bench		[2]
				[Total: 10]

Mark Scheme

Page 3