CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0625 PHYSICS

0625/61

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS AND OTHER MATTERS

- Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he or she may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his or her subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his or her earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- owtte means "or words to that effect"
- <u>Underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the mark.
- AND indicates that both answers are required to score the mark.
- Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. However, do not allow ambiguities, e.g. spelling which suggests confusion between reflection / refraction / diffraction or thermistor / transistor / transformer.
- Significant
- figures Answers are generally acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except where the mark scheme specifies otherwise.
- Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.
- NOT indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate. i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

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P	age 3	3	Mark Scheme Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	Syllabus 0625	Paper 61
				0023	
1	(a)	(i)	4.2 (cm) OR 42 (mm)		[1]
		(ii)	centre of bob touching rule OR how to use fiducial aid, e.g. set-squ top/bottom of bob and add/subtract radius OR measure to top and average OR look perpendicularly at scale		
	(b)	(i)	28.2(0) (s)		[1]
		(ii)	1.41(s) (e.c.f. from (i) AND <i>T</i> _C = 1.16(s))		[1]
	((iii)	(reaction time) inaccuracy – smaller part of total time measured ow	/tte	[1]
	(c)	(i)	repeats OR start counting at nought OR use a fiducial mark owtte		[1]
		(ii)	see (b)(ii)		
	(d)	I) correct statement for results			
		-	ification must include idea of too different to be within limits of experi c.f. close enough to be within limits of experimental accuracy)	nmental acc	[1]
	(e)	pivo	ot at 1 cm mark owtte OR centre of mass of rule not 50 cm below piv	ot	[1]
					[Total: 9]
2	(a)	(i)	V = 2.2 (V)		[1]
		(ii)	<i>I</i> = 0.2(0) (A)		[1]
	(b)	gra	ph:		
			 axes both correctly labelled, right way round and with units suitable scales, to include origin 		[1] [1]
			 all plots correct to within ½ small square 		[1]
			• good best-fit line judgement, single, thin, continuous line		[1]
	(c)	(i)	intercept correct to ½ small square		[1]
		(ii)	ratio correct AND R value equal to ratio, ignore any unit, e.c.f. allow	wed	[1]
	((iii)	2 or 3 sig. figs. AND unit of Ω		[1]
					[Total: 9]

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P	age	4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	•		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0625	61
3	3 (a)(i)(ii)		 ray-trace: normal at 90° and crossing MR at intersection with P₃P₄ line incident ray at 30° ± 2° in correct quadrant incident ray 8.0 cm long 		[1] [1] [1]
	(b)	B to	X at least 5.0 cm		[1]
	(c)	(i)	P_3P_4 line correctly drawn AND all lines single, thin, continuous lines	6	[1]
		(ii)	<i>r</i> =31(°)–33(°)		[1]
	(d)	any	 two from: ensure pins are vertical/view bases of pins pins far apart (or > 5 cm) ensure mirror exactly on MR/ensure mirror does not move thin lines/sharp pencil/thin pins repeats 		[2]
					[-]
	(e)	any	 one from: thickness of lines/pencil/mirror/pins difficulty of lining up pins and images 		[1] [Total: 9]
4	(a)	θ _C =	= 22 °C		[1]
	(b)		v thermometer at right angles OR stirring OR wait for reading to stop mometer (bulb) not touching sides/bottom of beaker owtte	o rising OR	[1]
	(c)	<i>θ</i> _A =	= 52.5 (°C) OR e.c.f.		[1]
	(d)	any	 two from: heat loss to surroundings/beaker OR heat loss/drop in tempe delays in taking readings 	rature by ev	vaporation
			 reference to uncertainty in volume measurements 		[2]
	(e)	(i)	78 (cm ³)		[1]
		(ii)	EITHER: Student 1 (80) – read to top of meniscus OR scale not read at right OR Student 2 (79) – divisions are every 2(cm ³) not 1(cm ³)	angles	F41
			OR Student 2 (79) – scale not read at right angles		[1]
					[Total: 7]

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Ра	ge 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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5	(a)	in correct order: object, lens, screen all three components on bench and all perpendicular to bench		[1] [1]
	(b)	50–100 (cm)		[1]
	(c)	 any two from: difficulty in deciding exact position of lens for best image/image not quite clea owtte 		
		difficulty in measuring to centre of lensroom too bright/lamp too dim		[2]
	(d)	image shown upside down		[1]
				[Total: 6]