## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## PHYSICS

0625/62
Paper 6 Alternative to Practical
May/June 2016
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40


This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.
Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\circledR}$, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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|  | MARK SCHEME ABBREVIATIONS |
| :--- | :--- |
| Brackets ( ) | The word, phrase or unit in brackets is not required but is in the mark scheme <br> for clarification. |
| accept | Accept the response. |
| AND | Both responses are necessary for the mark to be allowed. |
| NOT | This indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels <br> another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate, i.e. right plus |
| wrong penalty applies. |  |
| OR / or | This indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring |
| the marks. |  |


| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | $l_{0}=55(\mathrm{~mm})$ c.a.o. | 1 |
| 1(b)(i) | 4, 9, 14, 19, 23 ecf (a) | 1 |
| 1(b)(ii) | Viewing scale at right angles or use of straight edge/set square/pointer between bottom of spring and scale/ruler | 1 |
| 1(c) | Graph: <br> Axes correctly labelled with quantity and unit Suitable scales <br> All plots correct to $1 / 2$ small square <br> Good line judgement, thin, continuous line, neat plots | 1 1 1 1 |
| 1(d)(i) | $e=17$ (mm) ecf (a) | 1 |
| 1(d)(ii) | method clearly shown on graph $W$ value $3.5-3.75$ Unit N needed No ecf from (i) | 1 |
|  |  | Total: 10 |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 2(a) | $x$ shown clearly from centre of $\mathbf{P}$ to pivot | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| 2(b) | Make $\mathbf{Q}$ into a cube/regular shape/small contact area with rule | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| 2(c) | Move Q or P slowly one way until it just tips, then back other way until it tips back and take middle reading <br> OR repeat procedure/experiment AND take average | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 2(d) | Measure width w of cube <br> Place w/2 either side of desired position <br> OR draw centre line on cube/find centre of mass of cube <br> and mark side of rule in desired position <br> OR take readings on both sides of the cube and <br> find the mean | 1 |
| $2(e)$ | Place rule on pivot (without P and Q) and record/find balance point |  |
|  |  | Total: $\mathbf{6}$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) | $m_{1}=2.94$ | 1 |
| 3(b) | ( $m_{2}=0.329$ OR 0.33) $m_{1}$ and $m_{2}$ to 2 or 3 significant figures only AND both $m$ with no unit (accept $\times$ ) | 1 |
| 3(c) | Statement, expect YES. Must match results. e.c.f .allowed Justification to include idea of within (or beyond) limits of (experimental) accuracy | 1 1 |
| 3(d) | Any two from: <br> - Use of darkened room/brighter lamp/no other lights <br> - Mark position of centre of lens on holder <br> - Place metre rule on bench (or clamp in position) <br> - Ensure object and centre of lens are same height from the bench <br> - Move lens slowly/ to and fro (when focussing) <br> - Lens, object, screen vertical/perpendicular to bench <br> - Repeat with different D <br> - Use of graph paper/cm scale on screen to measure image | max 2 |


| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
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| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $3(e)$ | image appears well focused over a (small) range of lens positions/not all of image focussed at same time/relevant reference <br> to chromatic aberration | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  |  | Total: $\mathbf{7}$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Circuit diagram: <br> MP1 Sample of wire must be clearly identifiable by a label on the diagram or by letters on the diagram with an explanation in the text <br> MP2 All circuit symbols correct (even if circuit is incorrect) <br> Method: <br> MP3 Take readings of $V$ and $I$ <br> MP4 For 5 or more lengths <br> MP5 Range of lengths must be between 5 cm and 2 m with the largest length at least twice the smallest <br> Table drawn with headings: <br> MP6 $\quad l / \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}, I / \mathrm{A}, R / \Omega$ <br> Key variables to control: <br> MP7 Any one from <br> - Material/resistivity / conductivity/type of wire <br> - Diameter/radius/thickness/cross sectional area <br> - Temperature of wire | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
|  |  | Total: 7 |


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| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(a)(i) | s, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C},{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C},{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 |
| 5(a)(ii) | $83\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 1 |
| 5(b)(i) | First box/sentence indicated | 1 |
| 5(b)(ii) | Clear reference to readings with examples of temperature differences | 1 |
| 5(c) | Any two from: <br> - Room temperature (or suitable reference to draughts or similar) <br> - Starting temperature (of water) <br> - Density of packing/amount/type of insulation <br> - Thickness of lids/identical lids | max 2 |
| 5(d) | Card or any suitable insulating material Should be a good insulator/poor conductor | 1 |
| 5(e) | Perpendicular viewing/view at right angles/eye level Reading to bottom of meniscus | 1 1 |
|  |  | Total: 10 |

