

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

PHYSICS 0625/62

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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MARK SCHEME ABBREVIATIONS

Brackets () The word, phrase or unit in brackets is not required but is in the mark scheme

for clarification.

accept Accept the response.

AND Both responses are necessary for the mark to be allowed.

NOT This indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels

another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate, i.e. right plus

wrong penalty applies.

OR / or This indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring

the marks.

Ignore This indicates that something which is not correct or irrelevant is to be

disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

<u>Underlining</u> Mark is not allowed unless the underlined word or idea is used by the

candidate.

c.a.o. Correct answer only.

e.e.o.o. This means "each error or omission".o.w.t.t.e. This means "or words to that effect".

ecf meaning "error carried forward" is mainly applicable to numerical questions,

but may in particular circumstances be applied in non-numerical questions. This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried an incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, marks indicated by ecf may be awarded, provided the subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind the earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate from being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated

ecf.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be

understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant figs. Significant figures or decimal places will be penalised only where indicated.

Arithmetic errors Deduct one mark if the only error in arriving at a final answer is clearly an

arithmetic one. Regard a power-of-ten error as an arithmetic error.

Transcription errors Deduct one mark if the only error in arriving at a final answer is because

previously calculated data has clearly been misread but used correctly.

Any [number] from: accept the [number] of valid responses from list

Max Indicates the maximum number of marks

Fractions Allow these **only** where specified in the mark scheme.

Crossed out work Work which has been crossed out and not replaced but can easily be read,

should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

Use of NR (# key on the keyboard). Use this if the answer space for a question is

completely blank or contains no readable words, figures or symbols.

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	l_0 = 55 (mm) c.a.o.	1
1(b)(i)	4, 9, 14, 19, 23 ecf (a)	1
1(b)(ii)	Viewing scale at right angles or use of straight edge/set square/pointer between bottom of spring and scale/ruler	1
1(c)	Graph: Axes correctly labelled with quantity and unit Suitable scales All plots correct to ½ small square Good line judgement, thin, continuous line, neat plots	1 1 1 1
1(d)(i)	e = 17 (mm) ecf (a)	1
1(d)(ii)	method clearly shown on graph W value 3.5–3.75 Unit N needed No ecf from (i)	1
		Total: 10

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	x shown clearly from centre of P to pivot	1
2(b)	Make Q into a cube/regular shape/small contact area with rule	1
2(c)	Move Q or P slowly one way until it just tips, then back other way until it tips back and take middle reading OR repeat procedure/experiment AND take average	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(d)	Measure width w of cube Place w/2 either side of desired position OR draw centre line on cube/find centre of mass of cube	1 1
	and mark side of rule in desired position	
	OR take readings on both sides of the cube and find the mean	
2(e)	Place rule on pivot (without P and Q) and record/find balance point	
		Total: 6

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	$m_1 = 2.94$	1
3(b)	$(m_2 = 0.329 \text{ OR } 0.33) m_1$ and m_2 to 2 or 3 significant figures only AND both m with no unit (accept \times)	1
3(c)	Statement, expect YES. Must match results. e.c.f .allowed	1
	Justification to include idea of within (or beyond) limits of (experimental) accuracy	1
3(d)	Any two from: Use of darkened room/brighter lamp/no other lights Mark position of centre of lens on holder Place metre rule on bench (or clamp in position) Ensure object and centre of lens are same height from the bench Move lens slowly/to and fro (when focussing) Lens, object, screen vertical/perpendicular to bench	
	 Repeat with different D Use of graph paper/cm scale on screen to measure image 	max 2

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(e)	image appears well focused over a (small) range of lens positions/not all of image focussed at same time/relevant reference to chromatic aberration	1
		Total: 7

Question		Answer	Marks
4	Circuit MP1	diagram: Sample of wire must be clearly identifiable by a label on the diagram or by letters on the diagram with an explanation in the text	1
	MP2	All circuit symbols correct (even if circuit is incorrect)	1
	MP3 MP4 MP5	Method: Take readings of V and I For 5 or more lengths Range of lengths must be between 5 cm and 2 m with the largest length at least twice the smallest	1 1 1
	MP6	Table drawn with headings: l/m , V/V , I/A , R/Ω	1
	MP7	Key variables to control: Any one from Material/resistivity/conductivity/type of wire Diameter/radius/thickness/cross sectional area Temperature of wire	1
			Total: 7

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	s, °C, °C, °C	1
5(a)(ii)	83(°C)	1
5(b)(i)	First box/sentence indicated	1
5(b)(ii)	Clear reference to readings with examples of temperature differences	1
5(c)	Any two from: Room temperature (or suitable reference to draughts or similar) Starting temperature (of water) Density of packing/amount/type of insulation Thickness of lids/identical lids	max 2
5(d)	Card or any suitable insulating material Should be a good insulator/poor conductor	1 1
5(e)	Perpendicular viewing/view at right angles/eye level Reading to bottom of meniscus	1
		Total: 10