

Cambridge IGCSE™

SANSKRIT

Paper 1 Language MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 90 0499/01 May/June 2021

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
General Note: In all cases reasonable alternative answers which are not specifically mentioned in the marking scheme will be accepted, and either some of the marks or all of the marks for that question will be awarded. Candidates may use upper or lower case initial letters for transliterating Sanskrit proper nouns. By 'construal' is meant understanding the overall meaning of the words as a sentence and conveying this in the English translation.					
1	Comprehension of a Sanskrit passage not in sandhi.		Answers to be given in English except for 1(g).		
1(a)	on the bank [1] of a river [1]	2			
1(b)	fish [1] will eat [1] him [1]	3			
1(c)	'In the water [1] the fish [1] lived [1] happily [1].' [I mark construal]	5			
1(d)	He quickly [1] grew [1] again and again [1].	3			
1(e)	'Throw [1] me [1] into the river [1].' <i>[I mark construal]</i>	4			
1(f)	The Lord [1] of all [1] creatures [1].	3			
1(g)	पुरो_ भविष्यति । नौका कुरु । नौकायां जन्तवःपुरादृक्षिता_ भविष्यन्ति । अन्ये जन्तवो_ मृता_भविष्यन्तीति ॥[1 mark for each sandhi as shown with underlinings, totalling 9 marks. 1 mark awarded for avoidance of unnecessary application of sandhi and correct application of the conventions of when to break the top line, the mark not being awarded if any errors are made in these respects.]	10			

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Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	Transla	ation of Sanskrit into English.		Answers to be given in English.
2(a)	In a certain (i) <u>country</u> [1], there is a town (ii) <u>called</u> [1] Mahilāropya. (iii) <u>Near</u> [1] that town is a (iv) <u>tree</u> [1]. There, on a certain branch, lives the (v) <u>king</u> [1] of the (vi) <u>crows</u> [1] with his (vii) <u>servants</u> [1]. (viii) <u>Far away</u> [1] in a cave of a (ix) <u>mountain</u> [1] lives the (x) <u>king</u> [1] of the owls.		10	
	Marks f	ng marks for 2(b) and 2(c). for each section should be awarded as with due regard for accuracy and g:		
	5	Accurate translation with one slight error allowed		
	4	Mostly correct		
	3	More than half right		
	2	Less than half right		
	1	Little recognisable relation to the Sanskrit		
	0	No creditworthy material		
2(b)(i)	'Once the king of the owls went to the tree of the king of the crows and killed many crows. Dead birds were seen everywhere.'		5	
2(b)(ii)	'The king of the crows met with his ministers. He said "Our enemy always comes at night. What shall we do?"		5	
2(c)(i)		darkness we do not see anything. We know the home of the enemy.'	5	
2(c)(ii)		ore also by day battle is not possible. has strength and knowledge.'	5	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	Translation of English sentences into Sanskrit. [1 mark for each Sanskrit word. 1 mark will be given for correct word order in each sentence. Total 15 marks.]		Answers in Sanskrit using <i>devanāgarī</i> script.
3(a)	प्राज्ञः राजपुत्रः राज्यम् अख्यत् ।	5	
3(b)	मित्रैः सह नारी गमिष्यति ।	5	
3(c)	सोदराः वीराः सैनिकाः भवत ।	5	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	Comprehension of a Sanskrit passage in sandhi.		Answers to be given in English.
4(a)	On the bank of a lake [1].	1	Accept 'shore' instead of 'bank'.
4(b)	Why [1] do you not [1] search after [1] food [1]?	4	
4(c)	Having seen [1] his son [1] dead [1] he fell [1] to the ground [1] from grief [1]. <i>[1 mark construal]</i>	7	
4(d)(i)	'king of the frogs [1]'	1	
4(d)(ii)	tatpurușa [1]	1	
4(e)	He was eaten [1].	1	