UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the November 2005 question paper

0653/0654 COMBINED SCIENCE/CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0653/06, 0654/06 Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Page 1		Mark	Scheme		Syllabus	2.0	1
ı ağı ı			ovember 2005		0653/0654	1 8	3
Questi	on 1						7aCambi
(a)(i)		lict's solution / Fe il the mixture (1)	ehlings test (1)				[2]
(ii)		ch present (1) e (NOT blue-black	<) (1)				[2]
(b)(i)	green/yello	w/red					[1]
(ii)	by enzyme during gerr	s/amylases (1) mination (1)	rn/hydrolysed to su		TE (1)	[Total 8 m	[3]
Questi	on 2					[TOTAL O II	iai kej
(a)(i)	1.8, (must	be in column 1)	0.6 (in any box)	1.2 (in a	ny box) (no	tolerance)	[3]
(ii)	•	·	rith the reading 1.2 I with the reading (` ,			[2]
(iii)	OR find the		of) of 2 or 3 lamps us a. 2.3 and divide by			3	[1]
(b)	max 1 mar		with d.c. supply and sections are shown in sections!		nmeter (1)		[2]
(c)(i)	•	istance (of whole voltage drop acro	e series circuit) OV oss each lamp	VTTE			[1]
(ii)	parallel circ	cuit lamp(s) brigh	iter than series lan	np(s) OW	TTE		[1]
						[Total 10 m	narks]
Questi	on 3						
(a)(i)	102.7	(no tolerance)					
(ii)	98.4	(no tolerance)					
(iii)	4.3 (ecf)	(no tolerance)					[3]
(b)(i)	bubbling/h	ydrogen given of	f (1)				
(ii)	bubbling st	cops/no more hyd	drogen given off (1)			
(iii)	pink-brown	n-red (solid) (1)					[3]
(c)(i)	101.5 (1) n	o tolerance					
(ii)	101.5 – 98	.4 = 3.1 (ecf) (1)					[2]
(d)	3.1 x 100/4	1.3 (ecf) (1) = 72°	% (1)				[2]
						[Total 10 m	narks]

[3]

[Total 10 marks]

		,	2.	\
Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	.0	
	IGCSE – November 2005	0653/0654	12	20
Questi	on 4		A.Pat	an
(a)(i)	pulse beats in 15s:22 beats per min: 132, 80 (no tolerance)			[3]
(ii)	points plotted correctly (2) suitable curve drawn (1) (–1 if unsuitable scale used)			[3]
(iii)	pulse rate decreases as time after exercise decreases C	OWTTE		[1]
(b)(i)	(heart rate increases) to get more blood to muscles/lung to increase supply of oxygen/glucose (1) to increase respiration rate /energy available to muscles (any 2)	. ,		[2]
(ii)	because of anaerobic respiration during exercise/get rid lactic acid/repay oxygen debt	of		[1]
(c)	drink (measured amount of) coffee and repeat experime necessary for 1 mark) compare results (using table or gr	`		[2]
			[Total 12 ma	arks]
Questi	on 5			
(a)(ii)	acid (gas) (1) OR gas cannot be ammonia			
(iii)	turned cloudy/milky or white precipitate (1)			[2]
(b)(i)	water (of crystallisation) given off (1) reject iron salt pres	ent		
(ii)	no oxygen (1)			
(iv)	turned red (1)			[3]
(c)	(heated) test-tube with solid; moist red litmus paper labelled.	r shown in	mouth of	tube, [1]
(d)	light splint and blow out to leave glowing, hold (in mouth tube) in gas, splint rekindles (all points essential)	of the		[1]
(e)	dissolve in water (essential) and add (aqueous) sodium (or aqueous ammonia) (1) green ppt (turning brown) = iron(II) (1)	hydroxide		[2]

brown ppt = iron(III) (1)

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Question 6

		Syllabus 0653/0654
Page 3		Syllabus
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Questic	on 6	
(a)	76 g, 44 g: 38 s, 36 s (no tolerance)	
(b)	1.90, 1.80 s (ecf) (both correct with second d.p.given)	
(c)	axes correctly labelled and suitable scale chosen (1) points plotted accurately (1)	
	best fit straight line drawn, (1)	
(d)	no effect OWTTE	
(e)	length of pendulum (string) increased, gravitational forcehanged, material of string changed (any one)	e
	OR (if the answer refers to variation in data given)	
	inaccurate timing	
		[7