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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/23

Paper 23 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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	Daga 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus			
	Page 2			IGCSE – May/June 2010	0653	8	
1	(a)		retior	ı;	0033	DaCambridge.	
	(b)		tissu			[1]	
	(2)	• •				1.1	
		(ii)		ume answer refers to onion cells have cell walls;			
			-	have, vacuoles / cell sap ;		[2]	
	(c) (i) nutrients must get through wall of alimentary canal; ref. to absorption;						
			mus	t be broken into small molecules to allow this to hap	ppen;	[max 2]	
		(ii)	•	th) break down large pieces of food to small ones / icymes) break down large molecules of food to small		[2]	
						[Total: 9]	
2	(a)	(i)	perio	od ;		[1]	
		(ii)	Ge;			[1]	
	(b) aluminium;						
	chlorine ; helium ;			[3]			
	nonam ,						
	(c)	(i)		es / energy / heat / light given off;			
				e product / new substance formed ; rine colour disappears ;		[max 2]	
		(ii)		assium + chlorine → potassium chloride ;		[1]	
		` ,	•	·	aimplified:		
		(111)	sulfu prop	ur and iron cannot be simplified / iron sulfide can be ur and iron properties retained in mixture / iron perties (from iron and sulfur);	sulfide has different		
				oortions of iron and sulfur are fixed in iron sulfide / c ixture ;	an be any proportions		
			sulfu colo	ur not joined to iron / only atoms of same type are bour ;	onded with each other	; [max 2]	
						[Total: 10]	

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.0
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- 3 (a) (i) IR / UV / X-rays / gamma / radio / microwave ;; (one mark for any correct from list)
 - (ii) damages eyes / cataracts / sunburn / cancer / brain damage;
 - (b) (i) no difference; [1]
 - (ii) weight is 6 times greater on Earth (accept answers showing numbers); [1]
 - (c) particle; vibration; [2]
 - (d) work = force × distance ; = 6 × 2 = 12 J ; [2]

[Total: 9]

- **4** (a) (i) age of seeds ; [1]
 - (ii) water;
 air / oxygen;
 warm temperature;
 any additional factors negate correct ones
 [3]
 - (b) (i) (young plants / seedlings) will be able to photosynthesis / allows them to grow in a space / less competition with other trees; [1]
 - (ii) D;
 - (c) (i) (different species of trees provide) many different habitats;
 many different food sources;
 [2]
 - (ii) increased soil erosion;

because roots no longer hold soil in place;

because no leaf cover to stop rain hitting soil directly;

increased carbon dioxide in atmosphere;

because less photosynthesis;

if trees are burnt carbon dioxide released into the air;

decreased rainfall:

because less transpiration;

so less water vapour returned to the atmosphere;

(these are the answers I would expect them to be able to give, but accept others such as loss of soil fertility, silting of rivers and flooding) (candidate could get all 3 marks from one idea, or from 2 or 3 ideas)

[max 3]

[Total: 11]

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[Total: 9]

	Page 4			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllab		7.0 T
	9			IGCSE – May/June 2010	0653	as a
5	(a)	•	then very has form C ₂ H ₂ hydr	/ methane; n one from: n long time period to form; required action of pressure / heat / bacterial action; ned underground / under rocks / within the Earth; 2; rocarbons contain hydrogen and carbon only / are recarbon;		[max 2]
	(b)	hea	ited;	al distillation ; oints ;		[3]
	(c)	(i)		water ; s cloudy / milky ;		[2]
		(ii)	etha	anol reacts with / joins with oxygen ;		[1]
						[Total: 10]
6	(a)	(i)	ruler	r / metre rule ;		[1]
		(ii)	8 cm	n ³ ;		[1]
		(iii)		sity = mass / volume ; 3 / 8 = 2.7 g / cm ³ ;		[2]
	(b)			ost particles touching and irregular arrangement; aces between particles and irregular arrangement;		[2]
	(c)	(i)	parti	icles slightly further apart – definitely not bigger! ;		[1]
		(ii)		olem; e.g. bridges expand in hot weather ; olification; e.g. causes damage – leave gaps ;		[2]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· 6	ľ
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- 7 (a) \rightarrow magnesium chloride; + hydrogen;
 - (b) (i) (in experiment 2) it took a shorter time to collect the same volume / amount of gas / OWTTE;

(ii) increase the temperature (of the acid);increase the concentration of the acid;increase the surface area of the magnesium;

[max 2]

(iii) reaction too fast / sodium too reactive; reference to hazard / explosion / health and safety;

[2]

[Total: 7]

8 (a) (i) resistance = PD/current; = 3/0.3 = 10;

 Ω /ohms;

[3]

(ii) ammeter and voltmeter correctly positioned;

[1]

(b) chemical;

electrical;

light;

heat;

[4]

[Total: 8]

9 (a) (i) contracts;

ref to pumping;

squeezes blood out of heart;

[max 2]

(ii) coronary arteries;

[1]

(iii) C and D;

[1]

(b) (i) loss of water from leaves;

as water vapour;

[2]

(ii) xylem;

[1]

[Total: 7]