UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

Wany, Papa Cambridge, com MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/33

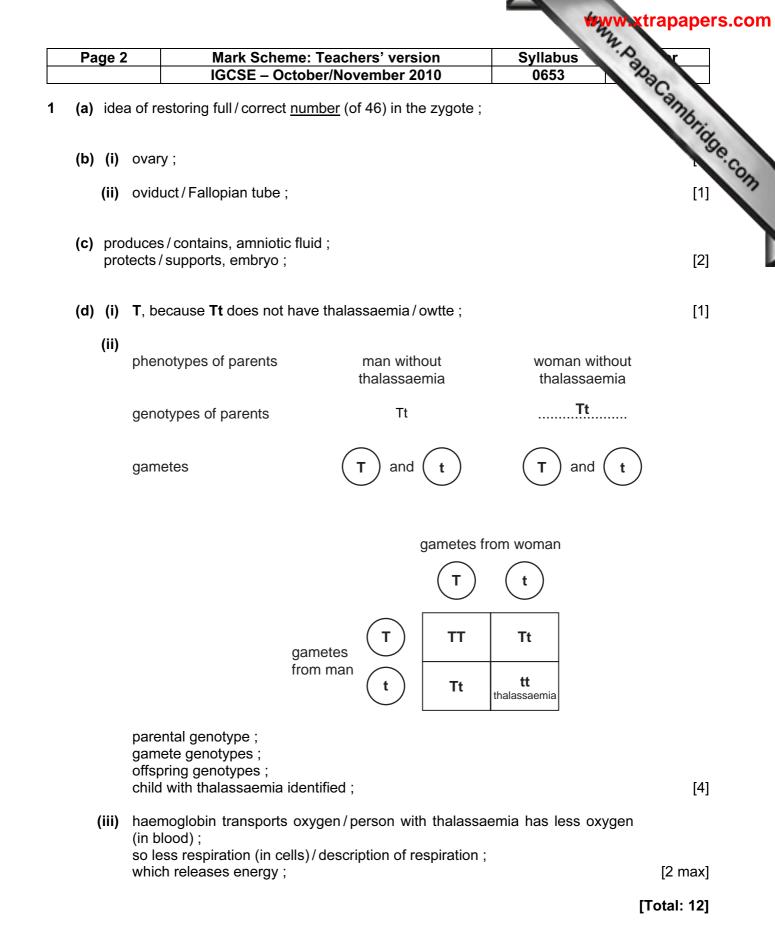
Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page	3	Mark Scheme	: Teachers'	version	Syllabus	
		IGCSE – Octo	ber/Novemb	er 2010	0653	10g
(a) (i) pink	/orange/brown/copp	er (layer) ;			anny
(ii)		negative charges from owtte ;	ı chloride mu	st balance the cha	arge on the coppe	saba Cambra
(iii)	refe	a negative ion / has a n rence to attraction betw nts separately marked)	veen opposite			
(iv))	** *	×			
		Cl (x) C x Cl (x) C x x x x shared pair ; ther electrons correctly	*			[2
			Shown,			[4
(b) (i) carb	on dioxide ;				[1
(ii)		$O + C \rightarrow 2Pb + CO_2$; rect formulae and balan				[2
	,		,			- [Total: 10
						-
(a) (i))	description	charge	range in air	ionising ability]
	- 1 - 1			_		
	alph	a helium nucleus	positive	5 cm	very strong	
	beta	electron	negative	50 cm	medium	
	gam	ma electromagnetic	none	many kilometres	weak	

	description	charge	range in air	ionising ability
alpha	helium nucleus	positive	5 cm	very strong
beta	electron	negative	50 cm	medium
gamma	electromagnetic wave	none	many kilometres	weak

(the wording for ionising ability **must** show beta lies between alpha and gamma);;;;

- (ii) alpha particles have low penetration in air/absorbed by casing/will not reach people living in house/smoke detectors are a long way from people ;
- (b) working (on graph or numerically); 5 hours ;

[2]

[4]

[1]

[Total: 7]

	ige 4	4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabu	
		IGCSE – October/November 2010 0653	1030
(a)	bur plo kee	racing / building of walls (qualified) ; nds / embankments / ditches ; bugh along slope (not up and down) ; ep crop cover ; int trees ;	us (max 2)
(b)	(i)	<i>advantage</i> kills more pests / can completely destroy pest population / faster act does not introduce a (potentially) damaging new organisn ecosystem) ;	ing ;
		disadvantage may kill other beneficial/all insects/toxic to humans/have to app times/development of resistance ; bioaccumulation/persistence provided related directly to DDT ;	bly several
		(ignore refs to costs unless related to reason) (1 max for advantage, 1 max for disadvantage)	[2]
	(ii)	<i>meaning</i> absorbed (by plant) and transported (in phloem) ; reaches all parts of plant ;	
		<i>advantage</i> can kill pests even if it does not directly hit them ; only affects insects feeding on the plant ;	[2]
		(1 max for advantage, 1 max for disadvantage)	
			[Total: 6]
(a)	(i)	K and L ;	[1]
	(ii)	J lights up / on ; K and L go off ;	[2]
(b)		<pre>4 12 Ω resistors ; parallel ;</pre>	
		culation to show this ;	[3]
(c)	(i)	coil cuts magnetic field / coil experiences changing magnetic field ;	[1]
	(ii)	direction of magnetic field relative to coil changes (every half turn	•
		of motion of coil through magnetic field changes / reverses ;	[1]

Pa	ige 5	,		Scheme: To				Syllab	ous	8. V	
			IGCS	E – October	/Novemb	er 2010		065	3	Da	
6 (a)	(H⁺	+) Oł	$H^- \rightarrow H_2O$;;							an	Brin
(b)	``		dded) until in ange correct				-	e interme	diate ;	PapaCan.	[2]
(c)	ref. ref.	to sa to sa	tor added / us me amount / me amount /	volume of so volume of ac	dium hydr id (as in (k	oxide sol ((ution / a	lkali (as iı	n (b));		
	eva	porat	e/heat/boil	off the water	(from the	solution)	;			[ma	ax 3]
										[Tota	l: 7]
' (a)	(i)		a layer of air ; as insulator /		vection ar	nd conduc	ction ;				[2]
	(ii)		e surfaces <u>ra</u> heat is lost ;	<u>diate</u> less he	at than bla	ack surfac	ces ;				[2]
(b)	(i)		w 20 Hz ; st frequency	of human he	aring is 20) Hz / belo	ow rang	e of huma	an hearin	g ;	[1]
	(ii)		nber of) wave int per unit tir		s produce	d per uni	it time/	waveleng	ths passi	ng	[1]
	(iii)		es have same waves showi								[2]
(c)	(i)	1.6 c	m ;								[1]
	(ii)		rays drawn b e labelled / c			sly visible	e on dia	gram ;			[2]
	(iii)		e which can ugh it ;	not be projec	cted (onto	a screen)/light	(rays) doo	es not pa	ISS	[1]
										[Total:	• 12 [.]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus P
	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653 730
(a)		Syllabus 0653 Syllabus 0653 Syllabus Sy
(2C and -	4H bonded and double bond shown)	[2]
fractions passed of	/thermal) cracking ; are boiled/vaporised/heated ; over (hot) catalyst/subjected to very high temp. ar atalyst e.g. alumina, silica, pumice, porcelain)	nd pressure ; (allow [3]
single bo	onds become single ; nds form between molecules to form a long chain ; an be obtained by clear diagrams)	[2]
(d) A _r C = 12 (12 × 2)	2 and H = 1; + (1 × 4) = 28 ;	[2]
		[Total: 9]
correct re condensa water va gas char	<u>bour</u> lost from plant('s leaves) ; ef. to transpiration ; ation ; bour cooled ; ged to liquid ; rticles and (kinetic) energy ;	[max 4]
(b) (i)		
cell	wall ;	
	iole ;	
chlorop	last ;	

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2010	0653
· · ·	er moved out of the cell ;	- an
	n a water potential gradient/from where then are there was less/from dilute solution to concer	re was a lot of water to
wh thr	vn a water potential gradient / from where then ere there was less / from dilute solution to concer bugh partially permeable cell membrane ; volume of cell / vacuole shrank ;	
wh thr so stre	ere there was less / from dilute solution to concer ough partially permeable cell membrane ;	