

#### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE 0653/61

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

May/June 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

#### **Published**

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Question			P	Answer
1(a)	Benedict's te	est;		
1(b)	1 mark per co	olumn ;;;		
		Benedict's test	biuret test	iodine test
	banana	yellow/green/orange/red	blue	blue-black
	chickpea	blue	blue	blue-black
	egg white	blue	purple	brown
1(c)	same volume	e of apple juice ;		
	same volume	e / concentration of Benedict's	solution / exces	ss Benedict's ;
	same temper	rature / same time ;		
	yellow/green	= less (concentrated) / orange.	/red = more (c	oncentrated);
1(d)	(dissolve in)			
	(add) water ;			
	cloudy / emu	lsion;		

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	(solution <b>H</b> could be) barium nitrate (or) silver nitrate ; (solution <b>J</b> could be) ammonia (or) sodium hydroxide ;	2
2(b)(i)	add <b>excess</b> copper oxide to sulfuric acid in a beaker (and stir); warm; filter / filtrate is copper sulfate solution;	3
2(b)(ii)	H is barium nitrate (solution); J is ammonia (solution);	2
2(c)	(iron(III) sulfate) gives same result / brown ppt. with both sodium hydroxide and ammonia ; so does not test/distinguish between sodium hydroxide and ammonia ; it would identify barium nitrate/ <b>H</b> / still gives white ppt. with <b>H</b> ;	3

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	0.36 (V);	1
3(b)(i)	2. <u>00</u> ; 6.78 ;	2
3(b)(ii)	choice of scales and linear (≥ ½ the grid used); plots correct to ½ small square; good best-fit straight line judgement;	3
3(c)(i)	candidate's $R$ value at $l$ = 10 cm ;	1
3(c)(ii)	(directly) proportional (if through origin);	1
3(d)	reading meter scale ; observe perpendicularly / repeat / digital meter ;	max 2
	OR	
	measuring the length of wire ; observe perpendicularly / repeat (for decreasing lengths of wire) ;	
	OR	
	wire gets hot / resistance changes ; switch off between readings ;	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	wear gloves / safe disposal of needle / use sterilised/clean needle/equipment;	1
4(b)(i)	line to a red blood cell and labelled ; line to a platelet and labelled ;	2
4(b)(ii)	quality drawing more than half of box with nucleus; irregular cell (freehand) with nucleus – 3 lobes;	4
	two of:	
	nucleus labelled ; cytoplasm labelled ; (cell) membrane ;	
4(c)(i)	measurement 8(.0)/8.5/9(.0)/9.5/10(.0)mm;	1
4(c)(ii)	measurement to the nearest 0.5 mm <b>AND</b> larger than (c)(i);	1
4(c)(iii)	magnification correctly calculated to the nearest whole number ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)	label syringe/measuring cylinder/burette; drawing of gas syringe/burette/up-turned measuring cylinder <b>or</b> graduated test-tube filled with water and in water;	2
5(b)	6, 13.5, 28, 54.5, 65 ;	1
5(c)	2.5 <b>AND</b> largest volume of gas/most gas (collected in 2 minutes/same amount of time);	1
5(d)(i)	stop watch/clock;	1
5(d)(ii)	pipette/burette ;	1
5(e)(i)	temperature ;	1
5(e)(ii)	reliability / to take an average / spot anomalies ;	1
5(f)	CO <sub>2</sub> ; turns limewater milky;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	clamp/retort (stand);	1
6(b)	don't touch the (hot) lamp ;	1
6(c)(i)	two plots ;	1
6(c)(ii)	smooth curve (through most of the points); not through anomalous point / not taking into account anomalous point;	2
6(c)(iii)	value from graph ; line / marking on graph ;	2
6(c)(iv)	as height increases temperature decreases ; non-linear / T becomes constant ;	2
6(c)(v)	no further decrease in temperature / temperature stayed the same / reached room temperature ;	1