

## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### **COMBINED SCIENCE**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

0653/11 October/November 2018 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

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Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

#### Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20. Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of 18 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



- 1 Which two structures are found in plant cells but **not** in animal cells?
  - A cell membrane and cell wall
  - B cell wall and chloroplasts
  - **C** chloroplasts and nucleus
  - D nucleus and cell membrane
- 2 Which process depends on diffusion?
  - A circulation
  - **B** digestion
  - C gaseous exchange
  - D phagocytosis
- **3** Biological catalysts speed up reactions in the body.

What is another name for biological catalysts?

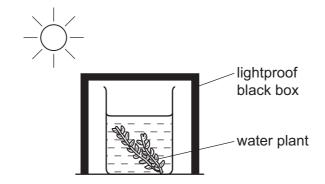
- A antibodies
- **B** enzymes
- **C** fatty acids
- D hormones
- **4** A food substance was tested with various reagents. The results of the tests are shown.

reagent	Benedict's solution	biuret	ethanol	iodine solution
result	turned	stayed	went	went
	orange	pale blue	milky	blue/black

Which element did the food substance not contain?

- A carbon
- B hydrogen
- **C** nitrogen
- D oxygen

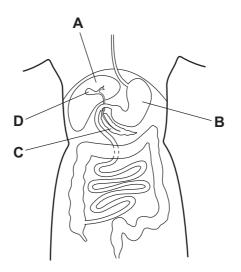
**5** The diagram shows a water plant surrounded by a black box.



Which change takes place if the black box is removed?

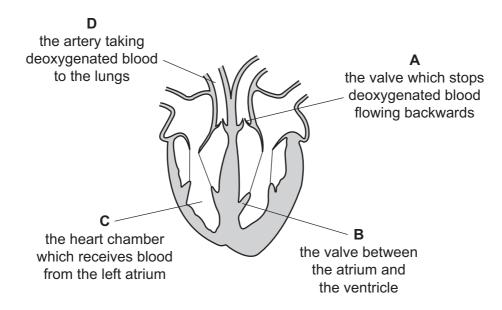
- A Oxygen production increases.
- **B** Respiration stops.
- C Stomata close.
- **D** Water uptake decreases.
- 6 The diagram shows part of the human alimentary canal.

Where is bile made?



7 The diagram shows a section through the heart.

Which labelled part has the correct function stated?



- 8 Which word equation represents aerobic respiration?
  - A carbon dioxide + water  $\rightarrow$  glucose
  - **B** carbon dioxide + water  $\rightarrow$  glucose + oxygen
  - **C** glucose + oxygen  $\rightarrow$  carbon dioxide
  - **D** glucose + oxygen  $\rightarrow$  carbon dioxide + water
- **9** Which row states how the composition of expired air is different to the composition of inspired air?

		concentration of g	ases in expired air				
	carbon dioxide	oxygen	nitrogen	water vapour			
Α	less	less	unchanged	unchanged			
в	less	more	less	more			
С	more	less	unchanged	more			
D	more more		less	unchanged			

- 10 Which statement about adrenaline is not correct?
  - **A** Adrenaline is transported in the blood plasma.
  - **B** Adrenaline lowers the blood glucose concentration.
  - **C** The heart is one of the target organs for adrenaline.
  - **D** The liver destroys adrenaline.

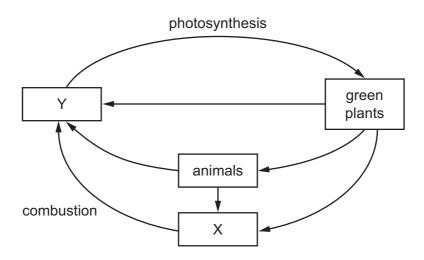
**11** The diagram shows a calendar for February and March.

_		Fe	brua	ary					
		7 14 21		28	7	14	21	28	
	1	8	8 15		1	8	15	22	29
	2	9	9 16		2	9	16	23	30
	3	10	10 17 24 11 18 25		3	10	17	24	31
	4	11			4	11	18	25	
	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	
	6	13	20	27	6	13	20	27	

Ovulation occurs on 8 February.

When is menstruation most likely to begin?

- **A** 9 February 11 February
- B 14 February 16 February
- C 21 February 23 February
- D 7 March-9 March
- **12** The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



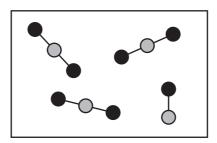
What are X and Y?

	Х	Y
Α	carbon dioxide	oxygen
в	fossil fuel	carbon dioxide
С	fossil fuel	oxygen
D	oxygen	carbon dioxide

13 Which are possible harmful effects of deforestation?

	global warming	species extinction
Α	$\checkmark$	1
в	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	1
D	x	X

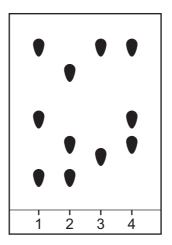
**14** The diagram represents a mixture of carbon dioxide, CO<sub>2</sub>, and carbon monoxide, CO.



Which statement is correct?

- **A** The mixture contains 4 elements.
- **B** The mixture contains 4 molecules.
- **C** The mixture contains 11 elements.
- **D** The mixture contains 11 molecules.
- **15** Four dyes are separated using chromatography.

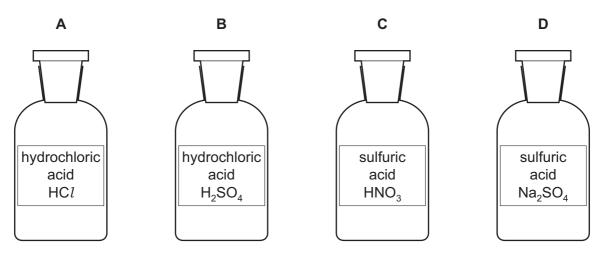
The results are shown.



Which dyes contain two colours that are present in both dyes?

**A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4

**16** On which label does the formula match the name of the acid?



**17** The breakdown of molten lead bromide by .....1..... forms the elements lead and bromine.

Lead is formed at the .....2.....

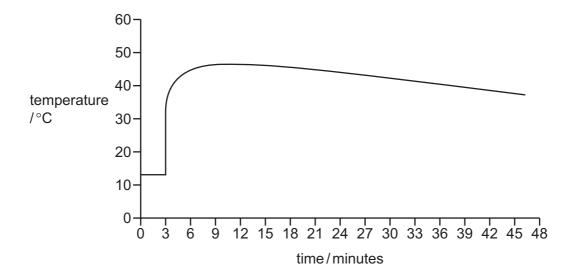
Which words complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	electrolysis	anode
в	electrolysis	cathode
С	reduction	anode
D	reduction	cathode

**18** The temperature of aqueous copper sulfate is measured.

After three minutes, magnesium is stirred into the solution. The temperature of the mixture is recorded every minute.

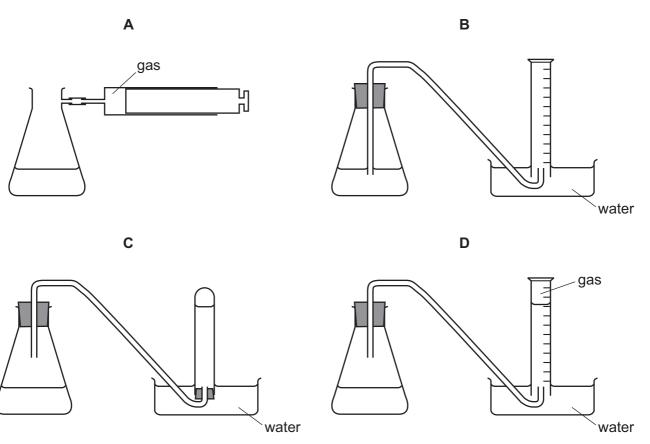
The results are shown.



Which description of the chemical reaction is correct?

- A endothermic then exothermic
- B endothermic only
- **C** exothermic then endothermic
- D exothermic only

**19** Which diagram shows apparatus used to investigate the rate of a reaction in which a gas is given off?



20 Iron oxide reacts with carbon monoxide.

The word equation for the reaction is:

iron oxide + carbon monoxide  $\rightarrow$  iron + carbon dioxide

Which statement is not correct?

- A Carbon is neither oxidised nor reduced.
- B Carbon is oxidised.
- **C** Iron is reduced.
- **D** This is a redox reaction.

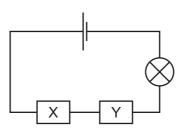
**21** The results of two tests on solid P are shown.

	test	result
1	add aqueous sodium hydroxide to solid	gas given off that turns moist red litmus paper blue
2	dissolve solid in water add dilute aqueous silver nitrate	white precipitate formed

What is P?

- A aluminium carbonate
- B aluminium sulfate
- **C** ammonium chloride
- **D** ammonium nitrate
- **22** Two substances, X and Y, are connected in a circuit as shown.

The lamp lights.

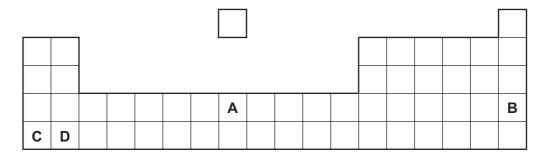


What are X and Y?

	Х	Y
Α	carbon	sulfur
В	copper	lead
С	copper	sulfur
D	sulfur	lead

**23** The positions of four elements are shown in the outline of the Periodic Table.

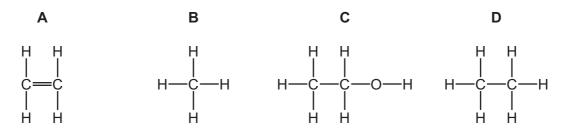
Which element has a high melting point and forms coloured compounds?



- 24 Which process is used to extract copper from copper oxide?
  - A Heat the copper oxide on its own.
  - **B** Heat the copper oxide with carbon.
  - **C** Heat the copper oxide with carbon dioxide.
  - **D** Heat the copper oxide with water and then filter.
- **25** What is a chemical test for water?
  - **A** It has a boiling point of 100 °C.
  - **B** It has a density of  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3$ .
  - **C** It turns anhydrous copper sulfate from white to blue.
  - **D** It turns pink cobalt chloride paper to blue.
- 26 Gasoline is a hydrocarbon fuel obtained from petroleum.

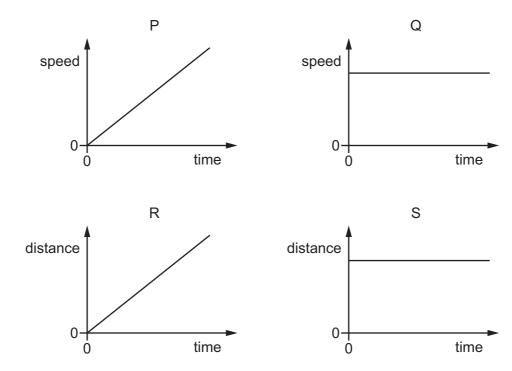
Which statement is correct?

- **A** Gasoline burns to form carbon dioxide and water.
- **B** Gasoline contains the elements carbon, hydrogen and oxygen.
- **C** Gasoline is used as a fuel in diesel engines.
- **D** The combustion of gasoline is an endothermic reaction.
- 27 What is the structure of ethane?



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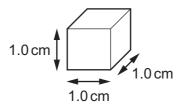
28 Graphs P and Q are speed-time graphs. Graphs R and S are distance-time graphs.



Which of the graphs represent the motion of an object moving with constant speed?

A P and S B S only C Q and R D Q only

**29** A cube of aluminium has sides of length 1.0 cm.

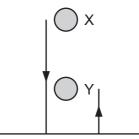


Compared with this cube, which statement about a cube of aluminium with sides of 2.0 cm is correct?

- A It has the same density.
- **B** It has the same mass.
- **C** It has twice the density.
- **D** It has twice the mass.

**30** A ball is released from rest at position X and falls to the ground.

It rebounds to a maximum height at position Y, as shown.



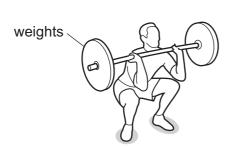
Which statement about the ball at Y is correct?

- **A** It has less gravitational energy than at X.
- **B** It has less kinetic energy than at X.
- **C** It has less sound energy than at X.
- **D** It has less thermal energy than at X.

**31** Weightlifting involves a number of different stages.

In which stage is no work being done on the weights?





The weights are lifted up off the floor.

В



The weights are lifted as the man stands up.

С



The weights are lifted above the head.



The weights are held stationary above the head.

**32** A scientist investigates two different substances, P and Q.

Substance P completely fills its container but can be compressed.

Substance Q is not in a container but has a definite shape.

In which state is each substance?

	substance P	substance Q
Α	gas	liquid
в	gas	solid
С	liquid	gas
D	liquid	solid

**33** A liquid evaporates when molecules leave its surface.

Which molecules leave the surface, and what happens to the temperature of the remaining liquid?

- **A** The more energetic molecules leave and the temperature falls.
- **B** The more energetic molecules leave and the temperature rises.
- **C** The less energetic molecules leave and the temperature falls.
- **D** The less energetic molecules leave and the temperature rises.
- **34** A student investigates a wave.

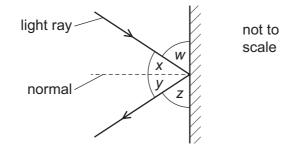
First he measures the distance between one wave crest and the next wave crest.

Next, he counts the number of wave crests passing a fixed point in one second.

Which properties of the wave has the student determined?

- **A** the amplitude and the frequency
- **B** the amplitude and the speed
- **C** the wavelength and the frequency
- **D** the wavelength and the speed

**35** Light from a ray-box strikes a plane mirror and reflects off it.



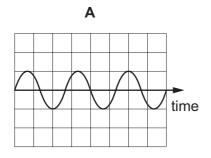
On the diagram, four angles w, x, y and z are indicated.

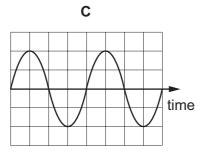
Which equation must be correct?

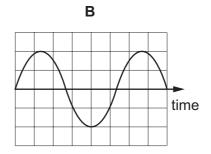
**A** w = x **B** w = z **C** x = z **D** y = z

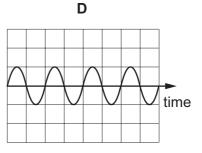
36 Which list shows electromagnetic waves in order of decreasing wavelength (largest to smallest)?

- **A** gamma rays  $\rightarrow$  radio waves  $\rightarrow$  infra-red  $\rightarrow$  microwaves
- $\textbf{B} \quad \text{microwaves} \rightarrow \text{visible light} \rightarrow \text{X-rays} \rightarrow \text{infra-red}$
- $\textbf{C} \quad \text{radio waves} \rightarrow \text{visible light} \rightarrow \text{ultraviolet} \rightarrow \text{X-rays}$
- $\textbf{D} \quad \text{X-rays} \rightarrow \text{infra-red} \rightarrow \text{microwaves} \rightarrow \text{visible light}$
- 37 The diagrams represent four different sound waves. The scales are the same in all the diagrams. Which sound has the lowest pitch?



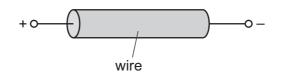






**38** There is a current in a metal wire when a potential difference is applied across its ends.

The diagram shows which ends are connected to the positive and negative terminals.



How does the charge flow in the wire?

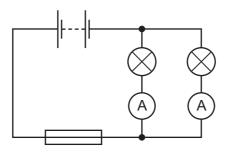
- **A** electrons flow from left to right
- B electrons flow from right to left
- **C** protons flow from left to right
- D protons flow from right to left
- **39** A circuit contains a battery connected to a resistor.



Which values of electromotive force (e.m.f.) and resistance produce the smallest current?

	e.m.f./V	resistance/ $\Omega$
Α	6.0	10
в	6.0	20
С	24	80
D	24	160

40 Two lamps and two ammeters are connected in the circuit shown. Each ammeter reads 1.0 A.



Which is the most suitable rating for the fuse in this circuit?

**A** 0.5A **B** 1A **C** 3A **D** 13A

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	T	2	e	lium 4	10	e	neon 20	18	٦r	01	36	۲	pton	14	e	non 31	36	sn Sn	don											
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⋝					6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Ъ	bromine 80	53	Ι	iodine 127	85	At	astatine	1										
>					8	0	oxygen 16	16	ა	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Te	tellurium 128	84	Ро	polonium	116	Ľ	livermorium –								
>					7	z	nitrogen 14	15	٩	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	Bi	bismuth	202										
≥					9	ပ	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead	114	FΙ	flerovium 								
≡					5	ш	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium	204										
											30	Zn	zinc 65	48	Cd	cadmium 112	80	Hg	mercury	112	Cu	copernicium -								
										29	Cu	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold	111	Rg	roentgenium -									
dno											28	ïZ	nickel 59	46	Ъd	palladium 106	78	Ę	platinum	110	Ds	darmstadtium -								
Group											27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	Rh	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium	109	Mt	meitnerium -								
		<del></del>	т	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	SO	osmium	108	Hs	hassium 								
				_						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	Ч	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium	107	Bh	bohrium –									
						bol	SSE				24	ن ک	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten	106	Sg	seaborgium -								
			Key	Key	tomic number	atomic number	atomic numbe	atomic numbe	atomic numbe	atomic numbe	atomic number	atomic number	atomic symbo	mic sym	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	qN	niobium 93	73	Та	tantalum	105	Db	dubnium –
						(0	ato	rela				22	i	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ŧ	hafnium 470	104	Rf	rutherfordium —							
											21	လိ	scandium 45	39	≻	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids									
=	:				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	Ŋ	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium	88	Ra	radium –								
_					ю	:	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium	87	L L	francium -								

The volume of one mole of any gas is  $24\,dm^3$  at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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71 Lu Iutetium 175 103 Lr Iawrencium

70 Yby Ytterbium 173 102 102 NO

69 thulium 101 Md

68 Er 167 100 Fm femium

67 holmium 165 99 99

66 Dy dysprosium 163 98 Cf

65 Tb 159 97 97 berkelium

 $\begin{array}{c|c} & 64 \\ & & \\ &$ 

63 Eu <sup>europium</sup> 152 95 95 americium

62 Sm 150 94 94 Du Putonium

> 93 Np neptunium

144 144 92 U uranium 238

59 Praseodymium 141 91 Pa protactinium 231

58 Cerium 140 90 90 90 232 232

57 La lanthanum 139 89 89 actinium

actinoids

lanthanoids

61 Pm promethium

<sup>09</sup> Nd

mendelevium

20