



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES (DOUBLE) (US)

0442/13

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2015

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Center number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

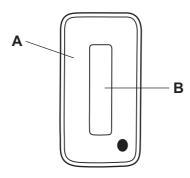
Electronic calculators may be used.

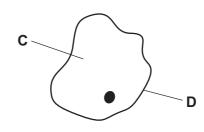
This document consists of 16 printed pages.



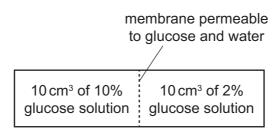
- A excretion
- **B** digestion
- C photosynthesis
- D sexual reproduction
- 2 The diagram shows two cells.

Which labeled part might contain chloroplasts?





3 Diffusion occurs between the two solutions shown.

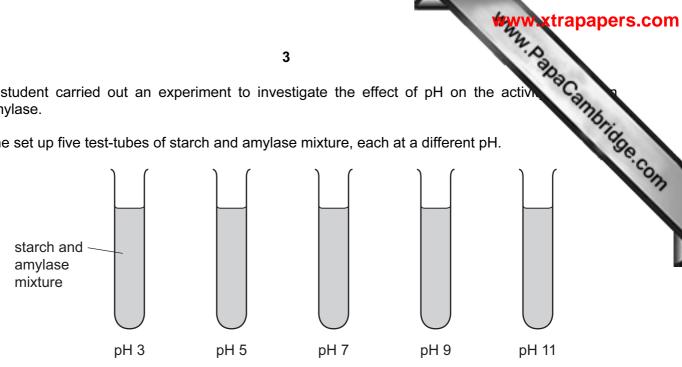


What is the final concentration of glucose solution in each region?

- **A** 2%
- **B** 6%
- **C** 8%
- **D** 12%

A student carried out an experiment to investigate the effect of pH on the activity 4 amylase.

She set up five test-tubes of starch and amylase mixture, each at a different pH.

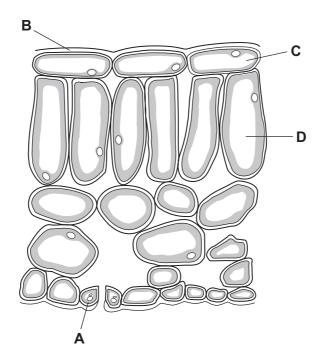


At which temperature(s) should the test-tubes be kept during this experiment?

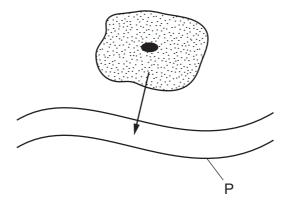
- all at 37 °C
- all at 100 °C В
- C at a range of temperatures between 0°C and 50°C
- at a range of temperatures between 20 °C and 70 °C D
- 5 In a balanced diet, which constituents provide most energy?
 - carbohydrate and protein
 - В fat and carbohydrate
 - C fat and fiber
 - D vitamins and protein

6 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.

Which is a cell with **no** chloroplasts?



7 The arrow shows urea leaving a cell and passing into structure P.



What is P?

- A a capillary
- B an artery
- C a vein
- D the small intestine

- 8 What describes respiration?
 - A absorption of oxygen in the alveoli
 - B carbohydrate production in plant cells
 - C the break down of nutrient molecules to release energy
 - **D** the inspiration of gases in an animal
- **9** A person touches a hot object which triggers a reflex action.

In which order does the signal travel in the reflex arc?

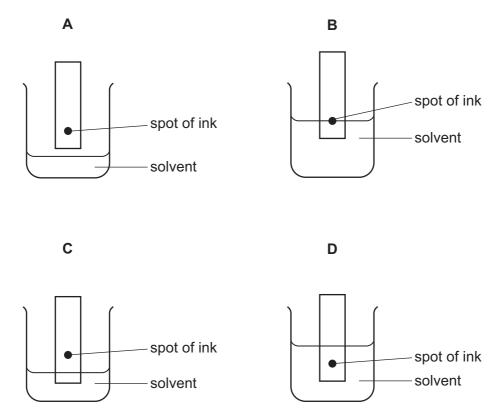
- **A** relay neurone \rightarrow spinal cord \rightarrow sensory neurone
- **B** sensory neurone \rightarrow spinal cord \rightarrow motor neurone
- **C** spinal cord \rightarrow sensory neurone \rightarrow stimulus
- **D** stimulus \rightarrow motor neurone \rightarrow spinal cord
- 10 Which are target organs for adrenaline?

| | heart | liver |
|---|-------|-------|
| Α | X | X |
| В | X | ✓ |
| С | ✓ | X |
| D | ✓ | ✓ |

- 11 What is fertilization?
 - A a pollen tube nucleus reaching an ovule
 - B a sperm reaching an ovum
 - C a zygote being formed
 - **D** pollen grains reaching a stigma
- **12** Which process is responsible for the flow of energy along a food chain?
 - A excretion
 - **B** feeding
 - **C** respiration
 - **D** seed dispersal

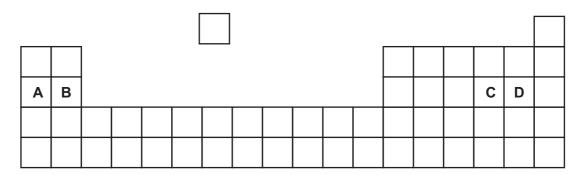
- 13 Which two gases are considered to be air-polluting gases and contribute to global wa
 - A carbon dioxide and methane
 - B carbon dioxide and nitrogen
 - **C** oxygen and methane
 - D oxygen and nitrogen
- **14** The colors in an ink can be separated by chromatography.

Which diagram shows the correct way to set up the apparatus?

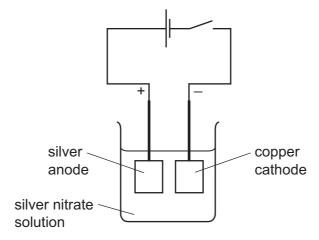


15 The positions of four elements are shown on the outline of part of the Periodic Table.

Which element forms an ion with a charge of 2+?



16 The diagram shows an electroplating experiment.



Which row shows the change in mass of each electrode?

| | anode | cathode | | |
|---|-------------------|----------|--|--|
| Α | decrease | decrease | | |
| В | decrease | increase | | |
| С | increase | decrease | | |
| D | increase increase | | | |

- 17 Which statement about the energetics of a reaction is correct?
 - A In an endothermic reaction heat is given out and the temperature decreases.
 - **B** In an endothermic reaction heat is taken in and the temperature increases.
 - **C** In an exothermic reaction heat is given out and the temperature increases.
 - **D** In an exothermic reaction heat is taken in and the temperature decreases.
- 18 Dilute sulfuric acid reacts with a piece of zinc.

Which change does **not** speed up the reaction?

- A Use a catalyst.
- **B** Use a larger volume of dilute sulfuric acid.
- **C** Use an equal volume of more concentrated sulfuric acid.
- **D** Use the same mass of powdered zinc.

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19 Hydrogen and oxygen react explosively to form water.

Which words describe this reaction?

| | combustion | oxidation | |
|---|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Α | ✓ | ✓ | key |
| В | ✓ | x | ✓= yes |
| С | x | ✓ | x = no |
| D | x | x | |

20 The equation shown is incomplete.

acid + alkali
$$\rightarrow$$
 X + water

What is X?

- A base
- B carbon dioxide
- C hydrogen
- **D** salt

21 Sodium hydroxide solution and aluminum powder are added to a salt solution and warmed.

A gas is produced that turns moist red litmus paper blue.

Which anion is present in the salt?

- A carbonate
- **B** chloride
- **C** nitrate
- **D** sulfate

22 A gas is used in welding metals together at high temperatures.

The gas is used to provide an inert atmosphere.

What is the gas?

- **A** argon
- B carbon dioxide
- **C** fluorine
- **D** oxygen

mical formula

Al₂O₃
PbS

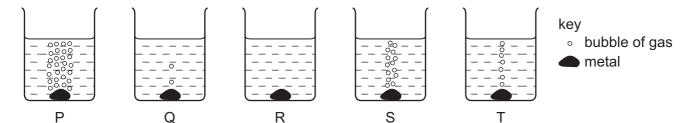
23 The table shows information about some minerals.

| mineral | chemical formula |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| bauxite | Al_2O_3 |
| galena | PbS |
| hematite | Fe ₂ O ₃ |
| rutile | TiO ₂ |

Which minerals contain a transition element?

- A bauxite and galena
- **B** bauxite and hematite
- C galena and rutile
- **D** hematite and rutile
- 24 Similar sized pieces of five different metals P, Q, R, S and T are reacted with equal volumes of dilute hydrochloric acid of the same concentration.

The results are shown below.



What is the order of reactivity?

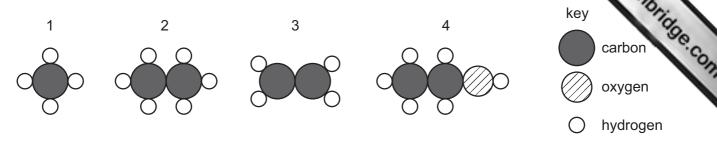
| | least reactive | | most reactive | | |
|---|----------------|---|---------------|---|---|
| Α | Р | S | Т | Q | R |
| В | R | Q | Т | S | Р |
| С | R | Т | Q | Р | S |
| D | Q | R | S | Т | Р |

- 25 Which gas forms 78% of the air?
 - A argon
 - B carbon dioxide
 - C nitrogen

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D water vapor

26 The structures of four organic molecules are shown.



Which row correctly identifies these compounds?

| | 1 2 3 | | 3 | 4 | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Α | ethane | ethanol | methane | ethene | |
| В | ethanol | ethene | ethane | methane | |
| С | ethene | methane | ethanol | ethane | |
| D | methane | ethane | ethene | ethanol | |

27 A fuel used for cooking food is the hydrocarbon ...1... that burns in an ...2... reaction.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

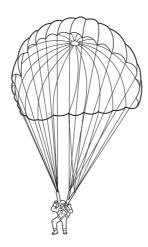
| | 1 | 2 |
|---|---------|-------------|
| Α | coke | endothermic |
| В | coke | exothermic |
| С | methane | endothermic |
| D | methane | exothermic |

28 The circuit of a motor racing track is 3.0 km in length. In a race, a car goes 25 times round the circuit in 30 minutes.

What is the average speed of the car?

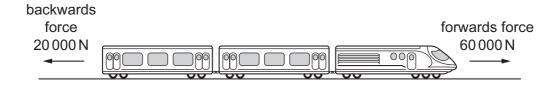
- A 75 km/hour
- B 90 km/hour
- C 150 km/hour
- **D** 750 km/hour

29 Inside an airplane, a parachutist has a mass of 70 kg.



What is his mass after he has jumped from the airplane?

- **A** 0 kg
- B between 0 kg and 70 kg
- **C** 70 kg
- **D** greater than 70 kg
- **30** A train travels along a horizontal track at constant speed. Two of the forces acting on the train are shown in the diagram.



A force of air resistance is also acting on the train to give it a resultant force of zero.

What is this air resistance force?

- A 40 000 N backwards
- **B** 80 000 N backwards
- C 40000 N forwards
- **D** 80 000 N forwards
- 31 Which energy sources are both renewable?
 - A oil and coal
 - B oil and tidal
 - C tidal and geothermal
 - D tidal and nuclear fission

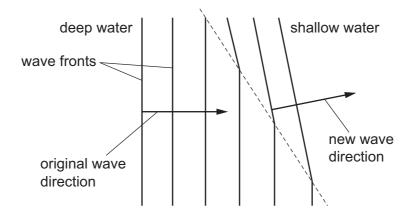
32 Which row describes the molecules of a solid at 0 °C, a liquid at 0 °C and a gas at 0 °C

| | solid | liquid | gas | |
|---|------------|------------------------|--------|--|
| Α | stationary | nary stationary statio | | |
| В | stationary | stationary | moving | |
| С | stationary | moving | moving | |
| D | moving | moving | moving | |

33 There is a vacuum between the double walls of a vacuum flask.

Which types of heat transfer are reduced by the vacuum?

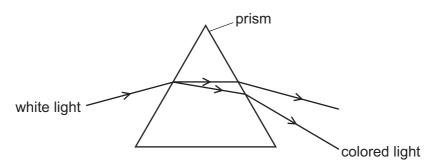
- A conduction, convection and radiation
- **B** conduction and convection only
- C conduction and radiation only
- **D** convection and radiation only
- 34 The diagram represents a water wave changing direction as it moves into a shallower region.



What happens to the speed and what happens to the wavelength of the wave as it changes direction?

| | speed | wavelength | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Α | changes | changes | |
| В | changes stays the sam | | |
| С | stays the same | changes | |
| D | stays the same | ame stays the same | |

35 One of the effects of passing a ray of white light through a prism is to split the light in



What is the name given to this splitting effect?

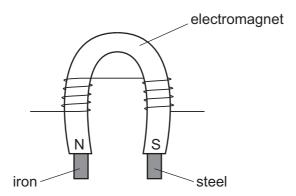
- A dispersion
- **B** radiation
- **C** reflection
- **D** refraction
- 36 Sound waves may cause an echo.

What happens to sound waves to cause an echo and what is the nature of sound waves?

| | what an echo is caused by | nature of sound waves |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Α | reflection longitudinal | |
| В | reflection | transverse |
| С | refraction | longitudinal |
| D | refraction | transverse |

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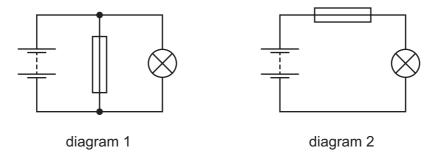
37 A piece of iron and a piece of steel are attracted to an electromagnet as shown.



The electromagnet is now switched off.

What happens?

- A Both the iron and the steel remain magnetized.
- **B** Neither the iron nor the steel remains magnetized.
- **C** Only the iron remains magnetized.
- **D** Only the steel remains magnetized.
- 38 The diagrams show two possible ways in which a fuse and a lamp can be connected in a circuit. The current in the lamp is 2.0 A.

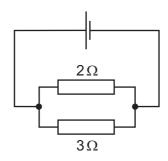


A fault develops. The current in the lamp increases, and the fuse blows.

Which row gives the correct position of the fuse, and the effect of the fuse when it blows?

| | correct position | effect | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Α | as in diagram 1 | reduces current to 0 | | |
| В | as in diagram 1 | reduces current to 2.0 A | | |
| С | as in diagram 2 | reduces current to 0 | | |
| D | as in diagram 2 | reduces current to 2.0 A | | |

39 A 2Ω and a 3Ω resistor are connected as shown.



What is the total resistance of the two resistors?

- **A** less than 2Ω
- **B** between 2Ω and 3Ω
- **C** between 3Ω and 5Ω
- **D** exactly 5Ω

40 Which type of radiation has the greatest ionizing effect?

- A infra-red rays
- **B** α -particles
- **C** β-particles
- **D** γ -rays

Trulium Viterbium Viterbiu

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

| | 0 | Helium | Neon 10 Neon 40 Argon | 84 Kr ypton 36 | 131 Xenon 54 | Ra Radon | | 175 Lu Lutetium 71 | Lawrenciun |
|-------|---|---------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| | = | | 19 Fluorine 9 35.5 C1 | 80 Br Bromine | 127 T lodine | At Astatine 85 | | 173 Yb Ytterbium 70 | Nobelium |
| | > | | 16 Oxygen 8 32 Suffur | 79 Selenium 34 | 128 Te Tellurium 52 | Po Polonium 84 | | 169 Tm Thulium | //d elevium |
| | > | | Nitrogen Nitrogen 7 S1 Phosphorus | | Sb Antimony 51 | | | 167 Er Erbium 68 | E minim |
| | ≥ | | Carbon 6 Carbon 8 Silicon | 73 Ge manium | Sn Tin | 207 Pb Lead | | 165 Ho Holmium 67 | Einsteinium |
| | ≡ | | 11 BB Boron 5 A1 A1 | 70 Ga Gallium | 115 In Indium | 204 T t Thallium 81 | | 162 Dy Dysprosium 66 | Cf |
| | | | | | Cd Cadmium 48 | 201 Hg Mercury 80 | | 159 Tb Terbium | |
| | | | | | 108 Ag Silver 47 | 197 Au Gold | | 157 Gd Gadolinium G4 | Cm |
| Group | | | | | 106 Pd Palladium 46 | 195 Pt Platinum 78 | | 152 Eu Europium 63 | |
| Gre | | | | 59 Co Cobalt | Rhodium 45 | 192 Ir Iridium | | Sm Samarium 62 | Pu |
| | | T Hydrogen | | 56 Fe Iron | Ru Ruthenium 44 | 190 Os Osmium 76 | | Pm Promethium 61 | Neptunium |
| | | | | Mn Manganese 25 | Tc Technetium 43 | 186 Re Rhenium 75 | | Neodymium 60 | 238 C Uranium |
| | | | | Chromium 24 | Mo Molybdenum | 184 W Tungsten 74 | | Pr Praseodymium 59 | Pa Protactinium |
| | | | | Ε | Niobium A1 | 181 Ta Tantalum | | 140 Ce Cerium | 232 Th |
| | | | | 48 Titanium 22 | 91 Zr Zirconium 40 | 178 Hf Hafnium 72 | | | ic mass |
| | | | | Scandium 21 | 89 Y ttrium | La Lanthanum 57 * | Actinium † | l series eries | a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol |
| | = | | Berylium 4 24 Mg Magnesium | | Strontium | 137 Ba Barium 56 | 226 Ra Radium | *58-71 Lanthanoid series 190-103 Actinoid series | a × |
| | _ | | Lithium 3 23 23 Na Sodium | 1 5 1 | Rb Rubidium 37 | 133 Cs Caesium 55 | Fr Francium 87 | *58-71 Lé | Key |

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