	OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL E	
O-ORDINATED	SCIENCES	0654/01
aper 1 Multiple		per/November 2005
dditional Materials:	Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)	45 minutes

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READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

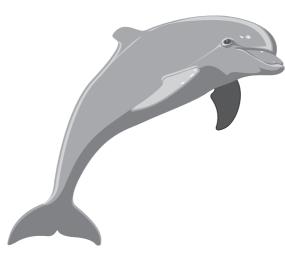
There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate answer sheet.

Read the instructions on the answer sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

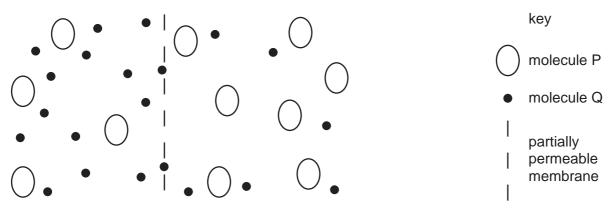
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1 The diagram shows a dolphin, a mammal that lives in the sea.



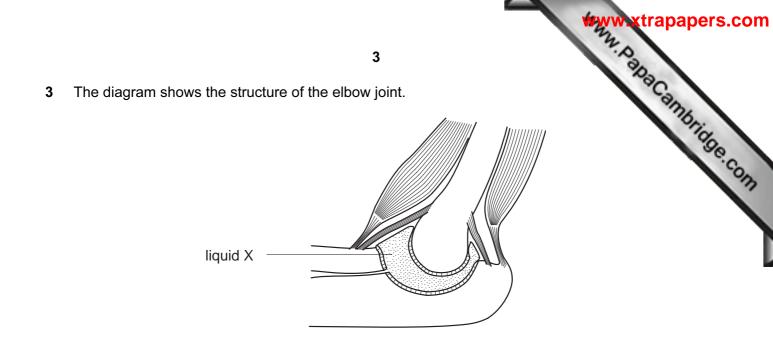
Which feature identifies a dolphin as a mammal?

- A constant body temperature
- B lays eggs
- **C** scaly skin
- **D** swims with fins
- 2 The diagram shows a partially permeable membrane through which molecules pass only by osmosis.



What is molecule Q?

- A amino acid
- B starch
- C sugar
- D water

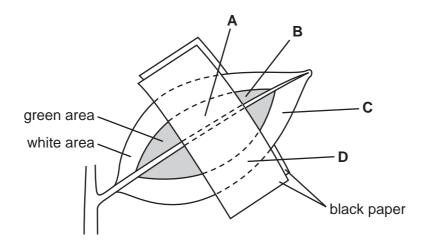


What is the function of liquid X?

- A attaching the bones to one another
- **B** reducing friction during movement
- C supplying oxygen to the tissues
- D supporting the joint
- 4 The diagram shows a leaf, still attached to a plant, with both green and white regions that have been partly covered with black paper.

The leaf is left in bright light for six hours and then tested for starch.

Which area of the leaf turns blue-black after the starch test?



- 5 What occurs in aerobic respiration?
 - A production of lactic acid
 - B release of energy
 - C release of oxygen
 - D storage of glucose



- 4
- 6 Some liquid is collected from the xylem of a plant.

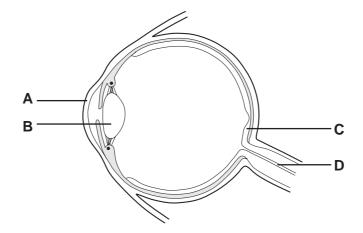
What is present in the liquid?

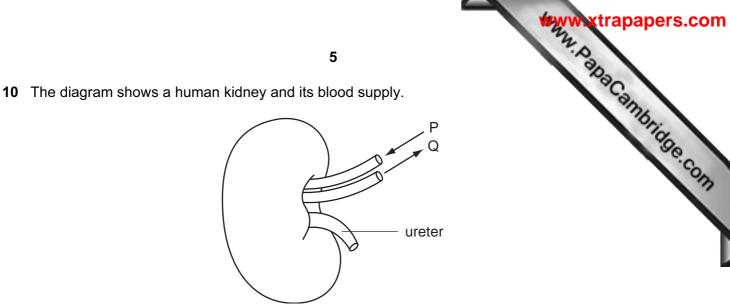
- A amino acids
- **B** inorganic ions
- C starch
- D sugar
- 7 Which name is given to the removal, through the anus, of substances that have not been digested?
 - A absorption
 - **B** digestion
 - **C** egestion
 - D excretion
- 8 Kwashiorkor is a disease that affects young children who do not have enough protein to eat.

Which is the best food to add to a diet largely of carbohydrate to prevent Kwashiorkor?

- A bread
- B fish
- C fruit
- D rice
- **9** The diagram shows a section through the eye.

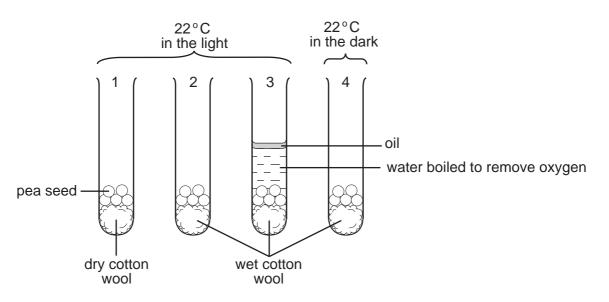
In which structure are stimuli converted to nerve impulses?





Compared with the blood in vessel P, the blood in Q has

- A less urea and less oxygen.
- **B** less urea and more oxygen.
- **C** more urea and less oxygen.
- **D** more urea and more oxygen.
- **11** The diagram shows an experiment to demonstrate that in order to germinate, pea seeds need oxygen, a suitable temperature and water.



In which tubes would the seeds germinate?

- A tube 2 only
- B tubes 1 + 2 only
- C tubes 2 + 3 only
- D tubes 2 + 4 only



- 6
- **12** The table gives information about a human sperm and a human egg.

Which information is correct?

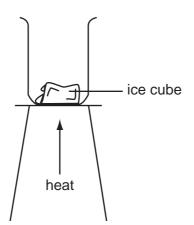
	spe	erm	egg				
	where formed	chromosome number	where formed	chromosome number			
Α	ovary	23	testis	23			
в	testis	46	ovary	46			
С	ovary	46	testis	46			
D	testis	23	ovary	23			

13 An example of a food chain is shown.

large water plants \rightarrow small fish \rightarrow large fish \rightarrow decomposers

What is the source of energy for the large water plants in this food chain?

- A decomposers
- B sunlight
- C wastes from the small fish
- D water
- 14 An ice cube is gently warmed as shown.



Which process is taking place?

- A decomposition
- B dissolving
- C distillation
- D melting

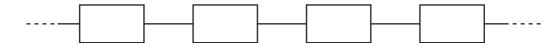
Manuel Cambridge Com Molecules of1..... join together to form2..... that is thermoplastic and3..... on The second sec

	gap 1	gap 2	gap 3
Α	a monomer	a polymer	hardens
в	a monomer	a polymer	softens
С	a polymer	a monomer	hardens
D	a polymer	a monomer	softens

16 The structure of sugar obtained from plants may be simplified as shown.



Compound X, also obtained from plants, has the following structure.



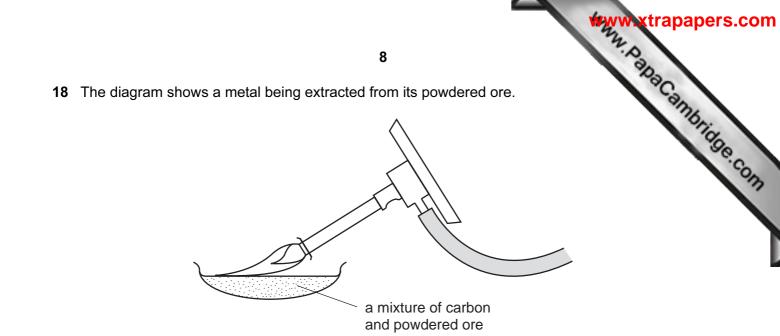
What could X be?

	protein	starch
Α	\checkmark	✓
В	\checkmark	x
С	x	\checkmark
D	x	x

17 A solid has a giant structure. It does not conduct electricity but does so when it is dissolved in water.

What could the solid be?

	copper(II) chloride	graphite
Α	\checkmark	1
в	\checkmark	X
С	×	\checkmark
D	×	X



What happens to the ore in this reaction?

- A it burns
- B it decomposes
- **C** it is oxidised
- D it is reduced
- **19** Limestone and common salt are important minerals.

For which process are **both** minerals suitable starting materials?

- A manufacture of alkalis
- B manufacture of chlorine
- C manufacture of fertilisers
- D manufacture of hydrogen
- 20 A man spills ink on his polyester shirt.

The table shows the solubility of ink and of polyester in four solvents.

Which solvent should be used to remove the ink?

solvent	ink	polyester
Α	insoluble	insoluble
В	insoluble	soluble
С	soluble	insoluble
D	soluble	soluble

21 The table shows the pH values of four solutions.

d? Which solution produces an exothermic reaction when mixed with a dilute acid?

solution	pН
Α	10
В	7
С	4
D	1
	4 1

22 Which types of change take place during the weathering of rock?

	chemical change	physical change
Α	\checkmark	1
в	\checkmark	X
С	×	1
D	×	X

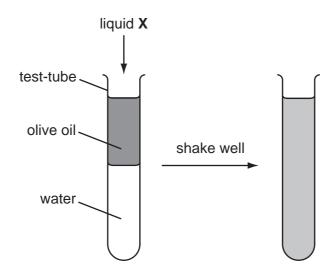
23 Nitrogen from the air is used to manufacture the fertiliser ammonium sulphate.

Why is a catalyst needed during this process?

- Nitrogen from the air is not pure. Α
- В Nitrogen is a gas at room temperature.
- С Nitrogen is a non-metallic element.
- D Nitrogen reacts slowly.
- 24 Why is an analgesic used?
 - **A** to decrease acidity in the stomach
 - **B** to extract dye from a plant
 - **C** to make an emulsion
 - **D** to relieve pain

9

content 25 An experiment using olive oil and water is shown. Liquid X is added and the content tube are shaken.

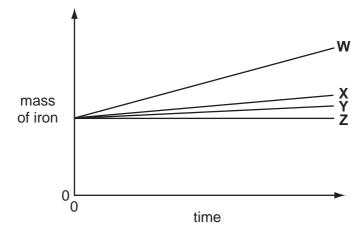


How is liquid **X** described?

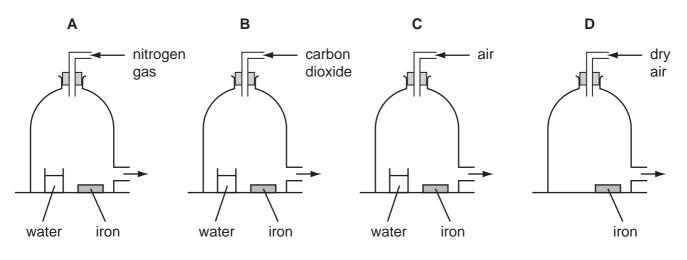
- A a colloid
- an emulsifier В
- С a gel
- D a sol

MAN. Papacambridge.com 26 In an experiment on rusting, pieces of iron were kept under four different conditions weighed at regular intervals.

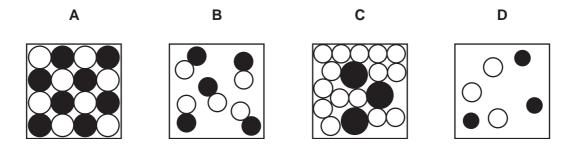
The graph shows the four results.

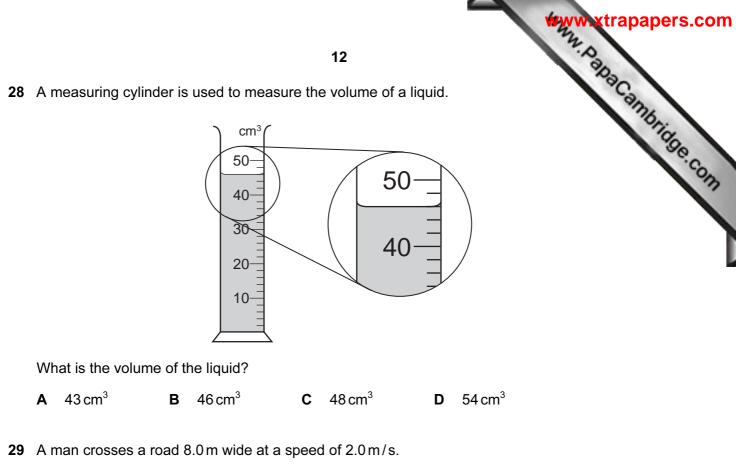


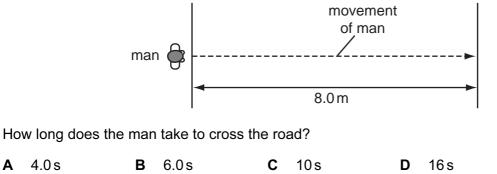
Which experiment would give graph W?



27 Which diagram represents an alloy?



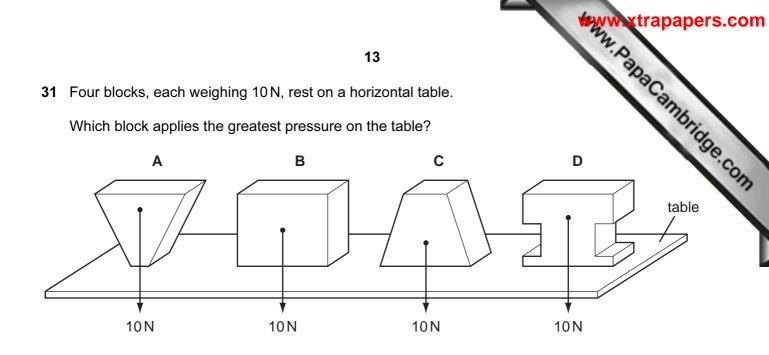




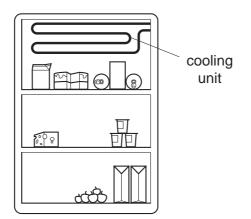
30 A sports car has a mass of 750 kg and a saloon car has a mass of 1500 kg. They are both moving at the same speed.

The sports car has

- A half the momentum of the saloon car.
- **B** the same momentum as the saloon car.
- **C** double the momentum of the saloon car.
- **D** four times the momentum of the saloon car.

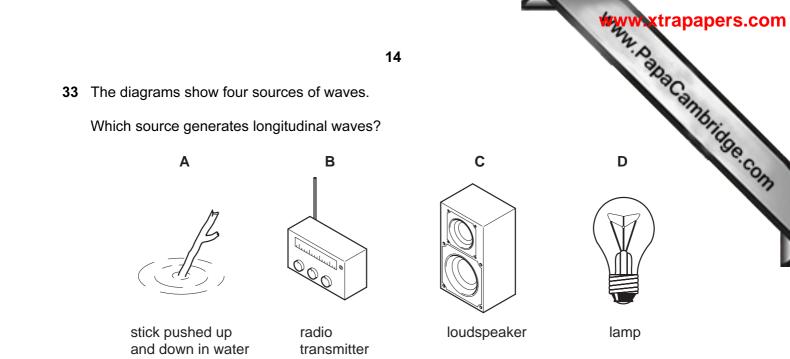


32 The diagram shows a cooling unit in a refrigerator.

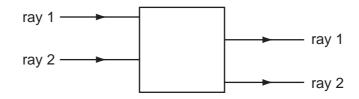


Why is the cooling unit placed at the top?

- A Cold air falls and warm air is displaced upwards.
- **B** Cold air is a bad conductor so heat is not conducted into the refrigerator.
- **C** Cold air is a good conductor so heat is conducted out of the refrigerator.
- **D** Cold air stops at the top and so prevents convection.

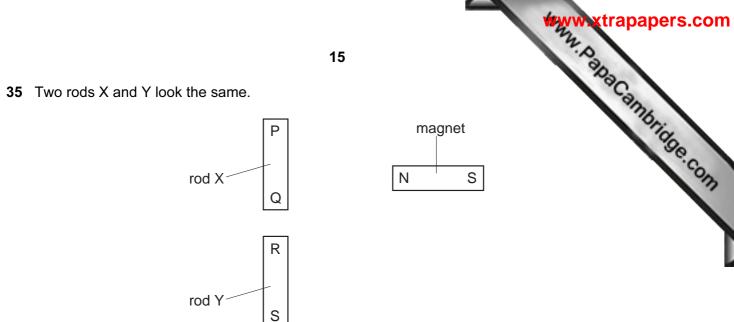


34 Rays of light enter and leave a box.



What could be inside the box to make the rays behave as shown?

- A a converging lens
- B a parallel-sided glass block
- **C** a plane mirror
- D a triangular prism



The N pole of a magnet is brought close, in turn, to each end of both rods. The results of these four actions are shown in the table.

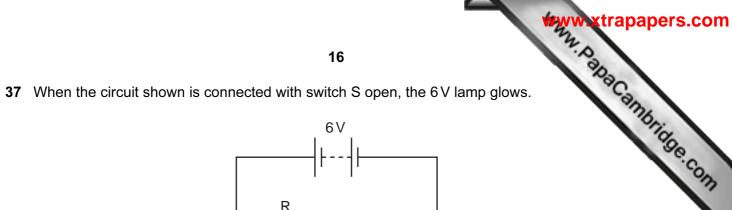
end tested	result
Р	attraction
Q	attraction
R	attraction
S	repulsion

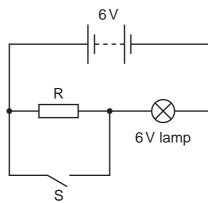
Which of the rods is a magnet?

- A neither of the rods
- B both of the rods
- C rod X only
- D rod Y only
- **36** The table shows the voltage and current ratings for four electric heaters.

Which heater has the least resistance?

	voltage/V	current/A
Α	110	5.0
в	110	10
с	230	5.0
D	230	10

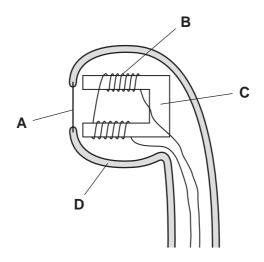




What happens to the brightness of the lamp when switch S is closed?

- Α It becomes brighter.
- В It remains the same.
- С It becomes dimmer.
- D It goes off.
- **38** The diagram shows the earpiece of a telephone.

Which part of the earpiece moves in order to produce sound?

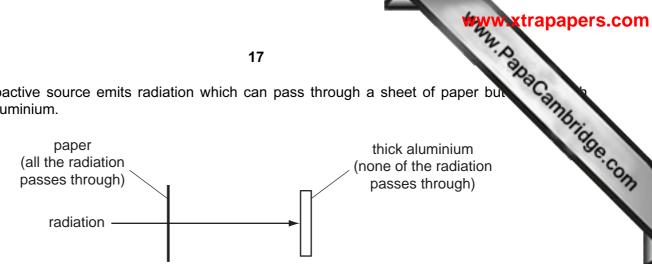


39 When light was first used to pass messages between places many kilometres apart, the problem of coding the message had to be solved.

Which of the following was a possible solution?

- Flash white light on and off. Α
- Pass white light through a prism to give a spectrum. В
- С Use continuous blue light.
- D Use continuous red light.

40 A radioactive source emits radiation which can pass through a sheet of paper but thick aluminium.



What does this show about the radiation?

- It is alpha-particles. Α
- В It is beta-particles.
- С It is gamma-rays.
- **D** It is a mixture of alpha-particles and gamma-rays.



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