

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/13

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

May/June 2011

45 minutes

Additional Materials:

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

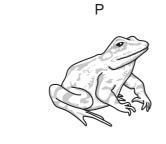
Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

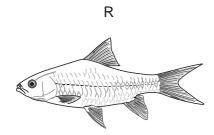


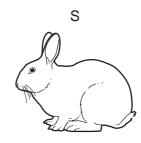
- 1 Which process releases energy in all living things?
 - breathing
 - В digestion
 - C muscle contraction
 - D respiration
- The diagram shows four vertebrate animals. 2





Q



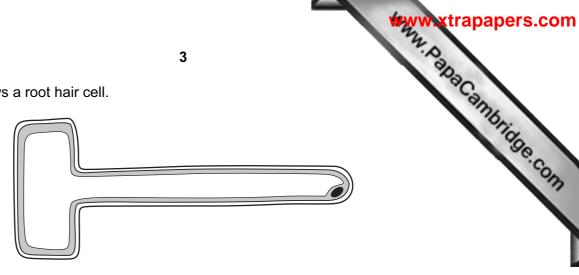


Which animals have lungs?

- P, Q and R
- Q, R and S
- R, S and P
- S, P and Q
- Which molecule carries energy into a cell and which is a process that uses this energy? 3

	molecule process	
Α	glucose	growth
В	iron	movement
С	protein	digestion
D	starch storage	

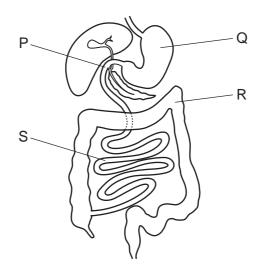
The diagram shows a root hair cell.



What shows that it is a plant cell?

- It has a large surface area.
- В It has a large vacuole.
- C It has no cell membrane.
- **D** It has no cell wall.
- What happens shortly after eating a large amount of sugar? 5
 - Α More insulin is secreted by the pancreas.
 - В More urea is made in the liver.
 - More urine is excreted by the kidneys. C
 - More water is removed from the blood. D

6 The diagram shows part of the alimentary canal.



Where is bile added and where is acid released?

	addition of bile release of acid	
Α	Р	Q
В	Q	R
С	R	S
D	S	Р

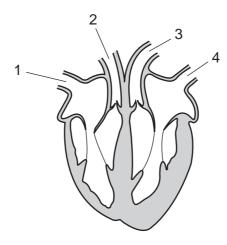
7 Tests were carried out on a clear liquid. The table shows the results.

test	result
biuret	purple colour
ethanol	white colour
iodine	brown colour

What did the clear liquid contain?

	fat	protein	starch	
Α	✓	✓	✓	key
В	✓	✓	x	✓= yes
С	✓	x	✓	x = no
D	X	✓	✓	

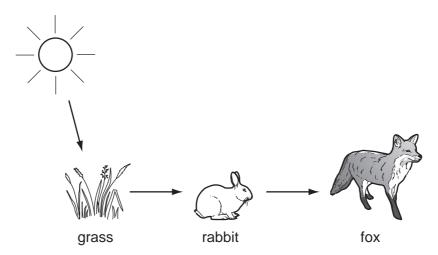
8 The diagram shows a section through the heart.



Which two blood vessels are arteries?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 2 and 3
- **C** 3 and 4
- **D** 4 and 1

- **9** What is an ecosystem?
 - A a community and its habitat
 - **B** a group of organisms and their predators
 - C all the organisms in a food chain
 - **D** where an organism lives
- **10** The diagram shows a short food chain.



In the food chain, what is the importance of the rabbit?

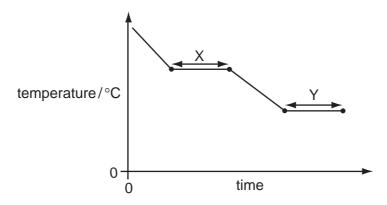
- A It absorbs carbon dioxide.
- **B** It absorbs the Sun's energy.
- **C** It passes on energy from plants.
- **D** It releases oxygen.

- 11 Which is an example of cloning?
 - A pollinating flowers by insects
 - **B** producing offspring by sexual intercourse
 - C producing plants by tissue culture
 - **D** seeds forming in an ovary
- 12 Why is seed dispersal important?
 - A It causes the development of a fruit.
 - **B** It makes seeds more fertile.
 - C It prevents asexual reproduction.
 - **D** It reduces competition between seedlings.
- 13 What passes from a mother to a fetus in her uterus?
 - A blood platelets
 - **B** mineral ions
 - C plasma
 - **D** red blood cells
- 14 Which trends in physical properties are correct for the alkali metals down Group I?

	hardness	melting point	
Α	decreases	decreases	
В	decreases	increases	
С	increases	decreases	
D	increases	increases	

- 15 What is made when amino acids join together in a large chain?
 - A cellulose
 - **B** glucose
 - **C** protein
 - **D** starch

16 The graph shows the changes in temperature when a substance is cooled.



Which describes the processes occurring at X and Y?

	X Y	
Α	boiling	melting
В	condensing	freezing
С	freezing condensin	
D	melting	boiling

17 Some properties of three substances are shown.

substance	melting point /°C	boiling point /°C	electrical conductivity when molten
W	801	1413	good
X	-111	- 78	poor
Υ	1610	2230	poor

What are the structures of W, X and Y?

	giant covalent structure	giant ionic structure	molecular structure
Α	W	Υ	X
В	X	W	Υ
С	Y	W	X
D	Υ	X	W

18 Large hydrocarbons can be1..... to make smaller, more useful molecules.

Small hydrocarbon molecules can be2..... to make long molecules.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	cracked	distilled
В	B cracked polymeris	
С	distilled	polymerised
D	distilled	cracked

19 Electrolysis of sodium chloride is used to obtain chlorine.

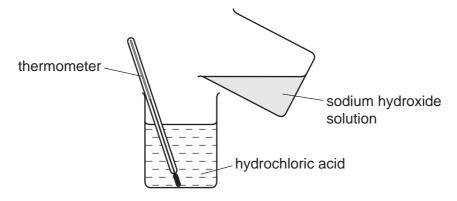
In what form is sodium chloride electrolysed and at which electrode is the chlorine obtained?

	form of sodium chloride	electrode at which chlorine is obtained
Α	in aqueous solution	anode
В	in aqueous solution	cathode
С	solid	anode
D	solid	cathode

20 How is carbon (coke) used in the extraction of iron from iron oxide?

- A as an anode
- B as a cathode
- **C** as an oxidising agent
- **D** as a reducing agent

21 Sodium hydroxide solution is added to hydrochloric acid.



Which shows how the pH and temperature change as the reaction takes place?

	рН	temperature
Α	decrease	decrease
В	decrease	increase
С	increase decrease	
D	increase	increase

- 22 Which statements about a positive test for a nitrate ion are correct?
 - 1 Aluminium is used.
 - 2 The nitrate ion is reduced to ammonia.
 - 3 Ammonia turns damp litmus paper red.
 - **A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only
- 23 A solution is tested by adding acidified silver nitrate solution.

Which ion causes the white precipitate to form?

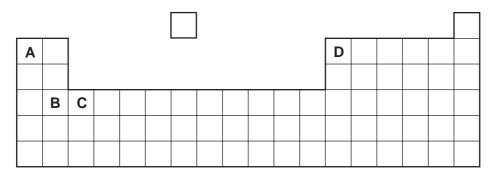
- **A** chloride ions, Cl^-
- **B** copper ions, Cu²⁺
- C hydroxide ions, OH⁻
- **D** sodium ions, Na⁺

24 Which statement about methane is **not** correct?

- A Methane burns in air to form carbon dioxide and water.
- **B** Methane can be obtained from the decay of waste material.
- **C** Methane is a fossil fuel.
- **D** When methane burns, an endothermic reaction takes place.

25 The diagram shows part of the Periodic Table.

Which element has atoms containing three electrons in the outer shell?



26 Aspirin can be used to relieve headaches.

Which terms correctly describe aspirin?

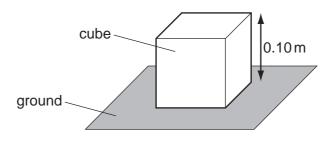
	analgesic	chemotherapy agent	drug	
Α	✓	✓	X	key
В	✓	x	✓	✓= yes
С	X	✓	X	x = no
D	X	X	✓	

27 Which is not a colloid?

- A cellulose
- **B** milk
- **C** paint
- **D** smoke

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28 One side of a cube stands on the ground.



The cube weighs 200 N and its sides are 0.10 m long.

How much pressure does the cube exert on the ground?

- **A** 2.0 Pa
- **B** 20 Pa
- **C** 2000 Pa
- **D** 20 000 Pa
- 29 A student needs to find the density of a large cubic block of wood.

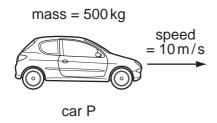
Which two pieces of apparatus should she use?

- A balance and metre rule
- **B** balance and thermometer
- **C** measuring cylinder and metre rule
- D measuring cylinder and thermometer
- **30** In an experiment, a student measures the time taken for an object to fall to the ground. He carries out the experiment ten times. The table shows his results.

time o / o	26.4	26.0	26.4	2//	240	26.0	25.4	22.4	26.4	240
time/s	Z0.4	Z0.0	Z0.4	Z4.4	Z4.U	I 20.0	20.4	Z3.4	Z0.4	24.0
	-		-		_		_	_	-	_

Which value should the student use?

- **A** 24.0 s
- **B** 25.4 s
- **C** 26.4 s
- **D** 26.8s
- 31 Which group contains only secondary colours of light?
 - A cyan, green, magenta
 - B cyan, green, yellow
 - C green, magenta, yellow
 - D yellow, cyan, magenta



How do the momentum and the kinetic energy of the two cars compare?

	momentum	kinetic energy
Α	P greater than Q	P less than Q
В	P equal to Q	P greater than Q
С	P equal to Q	P equal to Q
D	P less than Q	P equal to Q

33 A satellite orbits the Earth.

Is the satellite in a gravitational field and is the satellite in a magnetic field?

	a gravitational field	a magnetic field	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	✓	x	√ = in field
С	×	✓	x = not in field
D	×	X	

- 34 What is meant by the current in a wire?
 - the charge flowing through the wire per second
 - В the energy the wire can transfer elsewhere per second
 - the power the wire can produce per second C
 - the work the wire does per second D

allows it to control a

35 An electronic circuit is used as a temperature detector.



The current in the detector is small. The detector operates a component that allows it to control a larger current in a heater.

Which component is suitable?

- A a diode
- **B** a dynamo
- **C** a reed relay
- **D** a transformer
- **36** Microphones and earphones are both used with audio equipment.

Which energy change takes place in a microphone and which takes place in an earphone?

	microphone	earphone
Α	electrical to sound	electrical to sound
В	electrical to sound	sound to electrical
С	sound to electrical	electrical to sound
D	sound to electrical	sound to electrical

37 Electrical energy from a power station is used a long distance away from it.

Which row shows the type of current needed and the device used for efficient transmission?

	type of current	device
Α	alternating	dynamo
В	alternating	transformer
С	direct	dynamo
D	direct	transformer

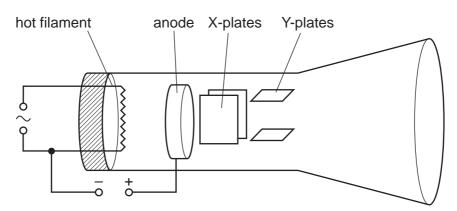
38 Which process is used in a nuclear power station and which nuclear change hap process?

	process used	nuclear change
Α	fission	heavy nuclei split
В	fission	light nuclei join together
С	fusion	heavy nuclei split
D	fusion	light nuclei join together

39 Which row describes the properties of beta radiation?

	electromagnetic	ionising	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	✓	×	√= yes
С	x	✓	x = no
D	X	X	

40 The diagram shows the basic structure of a cathode-ray tube in an oscilloscope.



From which component do the cathode rays start?

- A the anode
- **B** the hot filament
- C the X-plates
- **D** the Y-plates

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The Periodic Table of the Elements DATA SHEET

				1	6				WWW.	oapacambridg
0	4 He Helium	20 Neon 10 40	Ar Argon	84 K rypton 36	131 Xe Xenon 54	Rn Radon 86		175 Lu Lutetium 71	Lr Lawrencium 103	Cambri
=		19 Fluorine 9	Chlorine	80 Br Bromine 35	127 I lodine	At Astatine 85		173 Yb Ytterbium 70	Nobelium 102	13
>		16 Oxygen 8	Sulfur 16	79 Se Selenium 34	128 Te Tellurium 52	Po Polonium 84		169 Tm Thulium 69	Mendelevium 101	
>		14 Nitrogen 7	Phosphorus	AS Arsenic 33	122 Sb Antimony 51	209 Bi Bismuth 83		167 Er Erbium 68	Fm Fermium 100	
≥		12 Carbon 6	Silicon	73 Ge Germanium 32	250 Tin	207 Pb Lead		165 Ho Holmium 67	Einsteinium	(r.t.p.).
≡		11 Boron 5	Aluminium	70 Ga Gallium 31	115 In Indium	204 T t Thallium		162 Dy Dysprosium 66	Celifornium 98	The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).
				65 Zn Zinc 30	112 Cd Cadmium 48	201 Hg Mercury 80		159 Tb Terbium 65	BK Berkelium 97	ature and
				64 Cu Copper	108 Ag Silver 47	197 Au Gold		Gadolinium 64	Curium 96	n temper
dno				59 Nickel	106 Pd Palladium 46	195 Pt Platinum 78		152 Eu Europium 63	Am Americium 95	n³ at roor
5				59 Cobalt	103 Rh Rhodium	192 I r Iridium 77		Sm Samarium 62	Pu Plutonium 94	as is 24 di
	T Hydrogen			56 Fe Iron	101 Rut Ruthenium 44	190 Os Osmium 76		Pm Promethium 61	Neptunium	of any ga
				Manganese	Tc Technetium 43	186 Re Rhenium 75		Neodymium 60	238 U Uranium 92	one mole
				52 Cr Chromium 24	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	184 W Tungsten 74		Pr Praseodymium 59	Pa Protactinium 91	olume of
				51 V Vanadium 23	93 Nb Niobium 41	181 Ta Tantalum 73		140 Ce Cerium	232 Th Thorium 90	The v
				48 T Titanium 22	91 Zr Zirconium 40	178 Hf Hafnium 72			nic mass bol nic) number	
				Scandium 21	89 ×	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	227 Ac Actinium 89	series eries	 a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol b = proton (atomic) number 	
=		Beryllium 4	Mg Magnesium	40 Cal cium	Strontium	137 Ba Barium 56	226 Ra Radium 88	*58-71 Lanthanoid series 190-103 Actinoid series	« × ¤	
-		Lithium 3	Na Sodium	39 K Potassium	85 Rb Rubidium 37	133 CS Caesium 55	Fr Francium 87	58-71 L; 90-103 ,	Key	

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