



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice May/June 2014

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

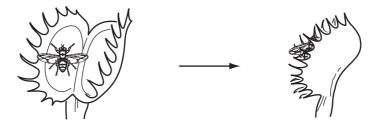
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.

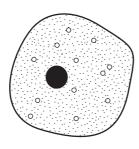


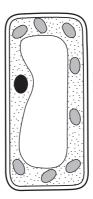
1 The Venus fly trap is a plant that catches insects.



Which characteristic is shown in the diagram?

- A excretion
- **B** growth
- **C** reproduction
- **D** sensitivity
- 2 The diagram shows two different cells.

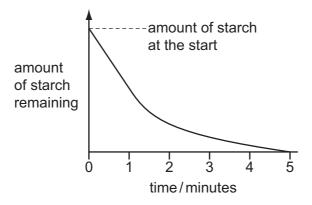




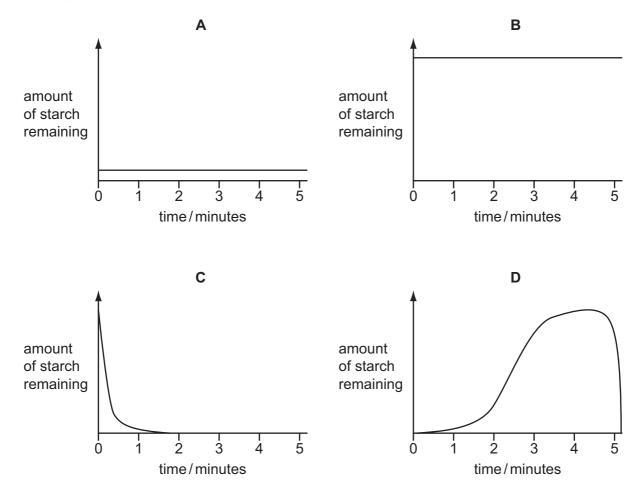
Which feature do they both have?

- A cell membrane
- B cell wall
- C central vacuole
- **D** chloroplasts
- 3 How does oxygen pass from the alveoli to the blood capillaries in the lungs?
 - **A** diffusion
 - **B** evaporation
 - C secretion
 - **D** transpiration

4 A test-tube containing a starch-amylase mixture is incubated at 35 °C. The graph shows how the amount of starch in the test-tube changes over the next five minutes.



Which graph shows what happens if a similar starch-amylase mixture is incubated at 100 °C?



5 Which row states the basic units from which the large molecules are made?

	large molecules	basic units
Α	oil	amino acids
В	oil	simple sugars
С	protein	amino acids
D	protein	simple sugars

6 During photosynthesis, where does most of the carbon dioxide and water enter a leaf?

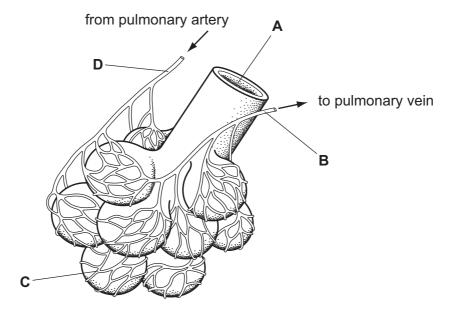
	carbon dioxide	water
Α	through cuticle	in phloem
В	through cuticle	in xylem
С	through stomata	in phloem
D	through stomata	in xylem

7 Which processes require energy released from respiration?

	cell division	diffusion into a cell	protein synthesis
Α	✓	✓	✓
В	✓	✓	X
С	✓	X	✓
D	X	✓	✓

8 The diagram shows some of the structures in a human lung.

Where is the oxygen concentration lowest?

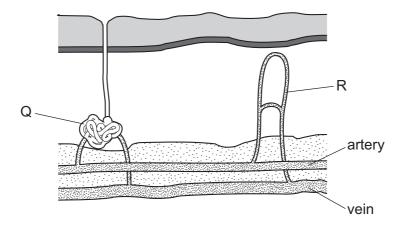


9 You suddenly pull your finger away if you accidentally touch something hot.

Which process controls this sudden response?

- A a muscular movement by the spinal cord
- **B** a nervous reflex, not directed by the brain
- **C** reflex muscle action independent of any nervous or brain control
- **D** your brain, without you thinking about it

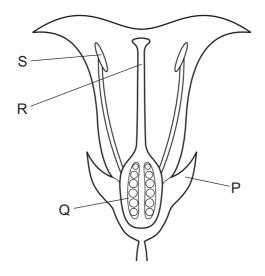
10 The diagram shows a section through human skin.



What happens at Q and R if a person becomes hot?

	Q	R					
Α	evaporation takes place	increased blood flow					
В	sweat collects	reduced blood flow					
С	sweat is released	reduced blood flow					
D	sweat is secreted	increased blood flow					

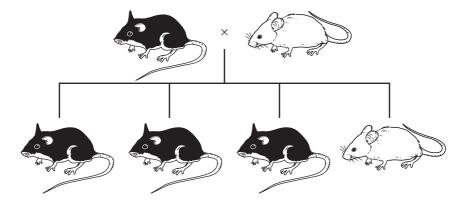
11 The diagram shows a section through a flower.



Which labelled structures are the anther and the ovary?

	anther	ovary
Α	R	Р
В	R	Q
С	S	Р
D	S	Q

- 12 What does a human male inherit from his father?
 - A an X allele
 - B an X sperm
 - C a Y chromosome
 - D a Y gene
- 13 The diagram shows the results of mating a male mouse that has black fur with a female mouse that has white fur.

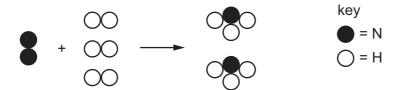


If the allele for black fur is dominant, what do the results show?

- **A** The female parent is heterozygous.
- **B** The male parent is heterozygous.
- **C** The offspring with black fur are homozygous.
- **D** The offspring with white fur is heterozygous.
- 14 Which process is used to separate the coloured compounds in chlorophyll?
 - A chromatography
 - **B** distillation
 - **C** evaporation
 - **D** filtration
- 15 Which row identifies the types of elements that form covalent compounds and the physical properties of covalent compounds?

	types of elements	physical property
Α	metals and non-metals	high volatility
В	metals and non-metals	low volatility
С	non-metals only	high volatility
D	non-metals only	low volatility

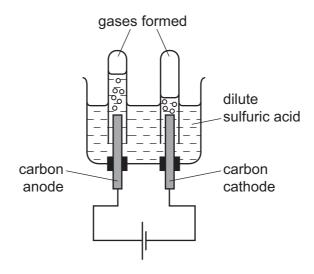
16 Nitrogen and hydrogen react to form ammonia.



How many molecules of ammonia are formed from 3 molecules of nitrogen, N₂?

- **A** 2
- **B** 3
- **C** 6
- **D** 12

17 Dilute sulfuric acid is electrolysed using the apparatus shown.



Which product forms at the cathode?

- A hydrogen
- **B** oxygen
- C sulfur dioxide
- **D** water
- 18 The table shows the initial and final temperatures of four different experiments.

reaction	initial temperature /°C	final temperature /°C
1	20	20
2	20	30
3	25	20
4	25	30

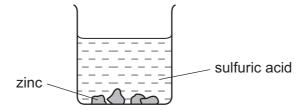
Which reactions are exothermic?

- **A** 1 and 3
- **B** 2 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4

19 Some white anhydrous copper(II) sulfate powder is put into a beaker of water and stirred.

Which observation shows that the process is exothermic?

- A A blue solution forms.
- **B** A colourless solution forms.
- C The beaker feels cooler.
- D The beaker feels warmer.
- 20 Small lumps of zinc are added to sulfuric acid.



Which change increases the speed of the reaction?

- A Add the same mass of large lumps of zinc.
- **B** Decrease the concentration of sulfuric acid.
- **C** Decrease the surface area of zinc.
- **D** Increase the temperature of sulfuric acid.
- **21** Iron is produced in the blast furnace.

One of the reactions involved is shown below:

$$Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$$

Which statement is correct?

- **A** Iron(III) oxide and carbon monoxide are both oxidised.
- **B** Iron(III) oxide and carbon monoxide are both reduced.
- **C** Iron(III) oxide is oxidised and carbon monoxide is reduced.
- **D** Iron(III) oxide is reduced and carbon monoxide is oxidised.

22 A student tests an aqueous solution for the presence of sulfate ions.

What is the correct test and observation for sulfate ions?

- **A** Acidify the solution and add silver ions to produce a cream precipitate.
- **B** Acidify the solution and add aqueous barium ions to produce a white precipitate.
- **C** Add aqueous iron(III) ions to produce a brown precipitate.
- **D** Add copper(II) ions to produce a pale blue precipitate.
- 23 Which row correctly identifies the types of oxides?

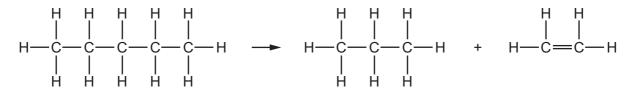
	acidic oxides	basic oxides
Α	CaO, Na₂O	CO ₂ , SO ₂
В	CaO, SO ₂	CO ₂ , Na ₂ O
С	CO ₂ , Na ₂ O	CaO, SO ₂
D	CO ₂ , SO ₂	CaO, Na₂O

24 Which Group I metal and which Group VII non-metal react together most vigorously?

	Group I	Group VII
Α	potassium	bromine
В	potassium	chlorine
С	sodium	bromine
D	sodium	chlorine

- 25 Which equation describes the manufacture of lime from limestone?
 - A calcium carbonate → calcium hydroxide + carbon dioxide
 - **B** calcium carbonate → calcium oxide + carbon dioxide
 - \mathbf{C} calcium hydroxide \rightarrow calcium oxide + water
 - ${f D}$ calcium oxide + carbon dioxide ightarrow calcium carbonate

26 An alkane molecule undergoes the chemical change shown:



What is the name of the chemical change?

- A cracking
- **B** fractional distillation
- **C** polymerisation
- **D** reduction
- 27 The main element present in coal is1.....

When coal is2....., an3..... gas that is harmful to trees is produced.

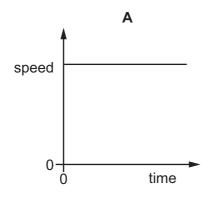
Which words correctly complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

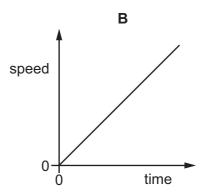
	1	2	3				
Α	carbon	burned	acidic				
В	carbon	distilled	alkaline				
С	nitrogen	reduced	acidic				
D	sulfur	burned	alkaline				

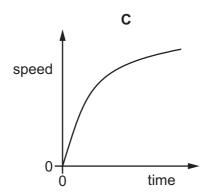
28 The diagram shows forces of equal size acting on a moving car.

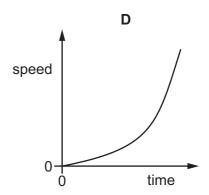


Which speed/time graph represents the motion of the car?









29 A rectangular block of metal has dimensions of $5\,\text{cm}\times4\,\text{cm}\times3\,\text{cm}$. The mass of the block is 162 g.

What is the density of the metal?

- **A** $0.37 \,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$
- **B** $2.7 \,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$
- **C** 2700 g/cm³
- **D** $9720 \,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$

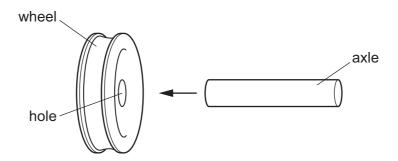
30 Which statement about reserves of fossil fuels is correct?

- A They are limited but can be renewed.
- **B** They are limited and cannot be renewed.
- **C** They are unlimited and can be renewed.
- **D** They are unlimited but cannot be renewed.

31 A motorist inflates a tyre with an air pump. The temperature of the air in the tyre remains constant.

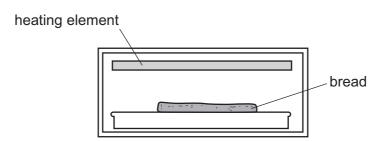
What has changed?

- A The air molecules hitting the inside of the tyre are moving more quickly.
- **B** The air molecules hitting the inside of the tyre are moving more slowly.
- **C** There are fewer molecules hitting the inside of the tyre.
- **D** There are more molecules hitting the inside of the tyre.
- **32** A metal wheel has to be fitted to an axle made from the same metal. The axle is larger than the hole in the wheel.



Which action could make it possible to fit the axle in the hole?

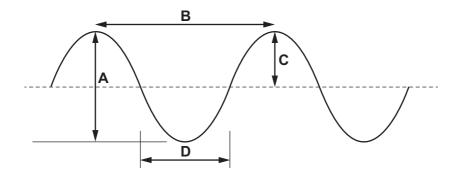
- A cooling the axle only
- **B** cooling the axle and cooling the wheel by the same temperature change
- **C** heating the axle only
- **D** heating the axle and heating the wheel by the same temperature change
- **33** Bread can be cooked by placing it below a heating element.



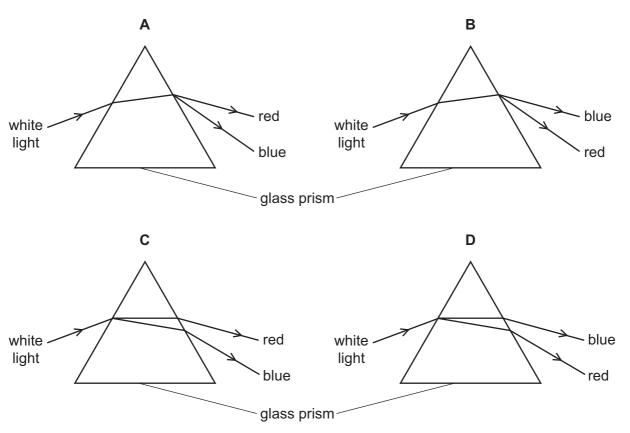
Which process transfers thermal energy from the heating element to the bread?

- A conduction
- **B** convection
- **C** evaporation
- **D** radiation

34 Which distance on the diagram represents the amplitude of the wave?



35 Which diagram shows the paths taken by the red light and by the blue light when a beam of white light enters a glass prism?

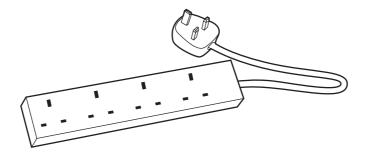


36 A sound wave has a certain amplitude and a certain frequency. The amplitude of the wave increases, and the frequency of the wave decreases.

What is the effect on the loudness of the sound and on the pitch of the sound?

	loudness	pitch
Α	greater	higher
В	greater	lower
С	less	higher
D	less	lower

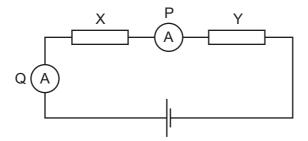
37 An electrical extension block has four sockets, a cable which can safely take a current of 6A and a plug. It is protected by a fuse rated at 5A.



The extension block is used with four appliances and the 5A fuse blows. The owner replaces the 5A fuse with a 13A fuse.

Why is the extension block now dangerous?

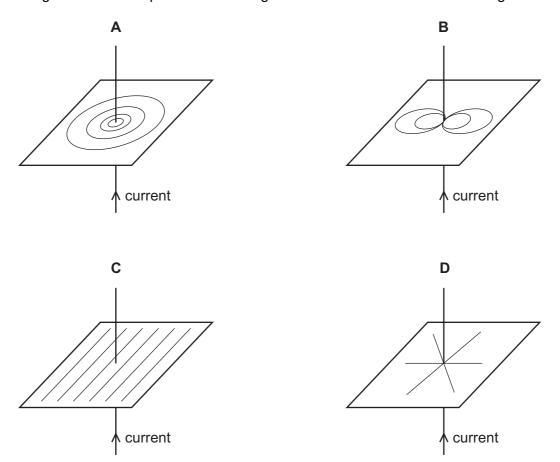
- A The appliances may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **B** The cable may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **C** The sockets may burn out before the fuse blows.
- **D** The 13 A fuse may blow too soon.
- 38 A series circuit contains two resistors, X and Y, and two ammeters, P and Q.



Which ammeter shows the current in resistor Y?

- A ammeter P only
- **B** ammeter Q only
- C both ammeter P and ammeter Q
- D neither ammeter P nor ammeter Q

39 Which diagram shows the pattern of the magnetic field due to a current in a straight wire?



40 Radioactive sources that emit γ -rays are stored in special boxes.

The boxes have a lining to absorb the γ -rays.

Which is the best material for the lining?

- **A** aluminium
- **B** lead
- **C** paper
- **D** plastic

17

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18

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19

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The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

	0	4 Heium	20 Ne Neon 10	40 Ar Argon	8 Ž gada	36	131	×e	Xenon 54		R	Radon 86			175	Lu Lutetium 71		ב	Lawrencium 103
	IIA		19 F Fluorine	35.5 C1 Chlorine	80 Dr	35	127	н	lodine 53		Αŧ	Astatine 85			173	Yb Ytterbium		8	Nobelium 102
			16 O Oxygen	32 S Sulfur 16	79 Se	34	128	<u>е</u>	Tellurium 52		Ро	Polonium 84			169	Tm Thulium		Md	Mendelevium 101
	>		14 N itrogen 7	31 P Phosphorus 15	75 AS	33	122	Sb	Antimony 51	209	ö	Bismuth 83			167	Erbium 68		Fm	Fermium 100
	IV		12 C Carbon 6	28 Si Silicon	73 Ge	32	119	Sn	Tin 50	207	Pb	Lead 82			165	Holmium 67		Es	Einsteinium 99
	≡		11 Boron 5	27 A1 Aluminium 13	Gallium	31	115	п	Indium 49	204	11	Thallium 81			162	Dy Dysprosium 66		ర	Californium 98
					65 Z nc	30	112	ဦ	Cadmium 48	201	Нg	Mercury 80			159	Tb Terbium 65		B	Berkelium 97
					Cu Conner	29	108	Ag	Silver 47	197	Αn	Gold 79			157	Gd Gadolinium 64			Curium 96
Group					59 Z	28	106	Pd	Palladium 46	195	Ŧ	Platinum 78			152	Eu Europium 63		Am	Americium 95
Gre					Coba	27	103	몺	Rhodium 45	192	ä	Iridium 77			150	Samarium 62		Pu	Plutonium 94
		1 H Hydrogen			56 T	26	101	Ru	Ruthenium 44	190	Os	Osmium 76				Pm Promethium 61		Np	Neptunium 93
					Mandanese	25		ပ	Technetium 43	186	Re	Rhenium 75			144	Neodymium 60	238		Uranium 92
					52 Chromium	- 1	96	ω	Molybdenum 42	184	≥	Tungsten 74			141	Pr Praseodymium 59		Ра	Protactinium 91
					51 Vanadium	23	93	Q N	Niobium 41	181	Та	Tantalum 73			140	Cerium	232	ᄕ	Thorium 90
					48 Titanium	22	91	ZĽ	Zirconium 40	178	Έ	Hafnium 72					nic mass	lod	iic) number
					Scandium	21	68	>	Yttrium 39	139	La	Lanthanum 57 *	227 A.C.	Actinium 89 †	Sprips	eries	a = relative atomic mass	X = atomic symbol	b = proton (atomic) number
	=		9 Be Beryllium 4	24 Mg Magnesium	Calcium	20	88	လွ	Strontium 38	137	Ва	Barium 56	226 R	Radium 88	*58-71 Lanthanoid series	190-103 Actinoid series	a	×	٠. ۵
	-		7 Li Lithium	23 Na Sodium	39 X	19	85	Sp.	Rubidium 37	133	Cs	Caesium 55	ū	Francium 87	*58-711	190-1037		Key	Ω

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