



**Cambridge International Examinations**  
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

**CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES**

**0654/13**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

**October/November 2014**

**45 minutes**

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet  
Soft clean eraser  
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)



**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

**Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.**

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

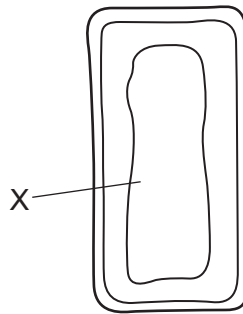
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **17** printed pages and **3** blank pages.

2

- 1 The diagram shows parts of a mesophyll cell.



What will be found in the part labelled X?

- A chloroplasts and nucleus
  - B chloroplasts only
  - C nucleus only
  - D watery solution
- 2 A carbon dioxide molecule diffuses into a plant cell.

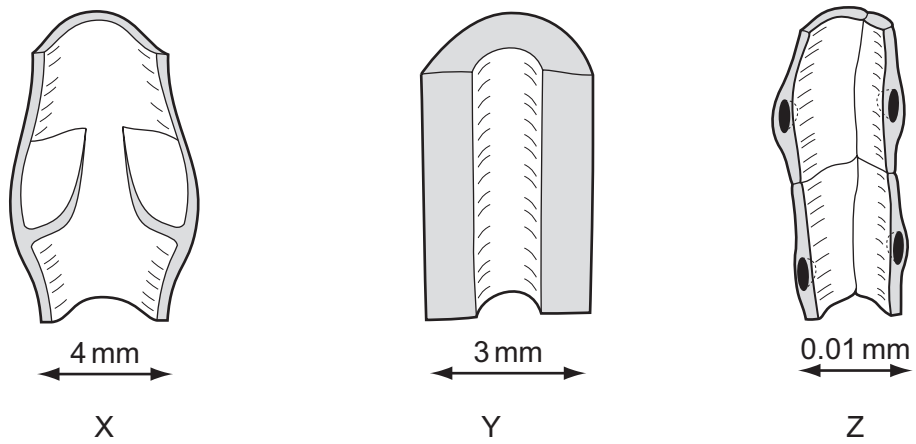
In which order does it pass through these structures?

- A cell membrane → cell wall → cytoplasm
  - B cell wall → cell membrane → cytoplasm
  - C cytoplasm → cell membrane → cell wall
  - D cytoplasm → cell wall → cell membrane
- 3 Four statements about enzymes in the human body are listed.
- 1 They are all proteins.
  - 2 They catalyse reactions in the body.
  - 3 They stop working at temperatures over 75°C.
  - 4 They work faster at 30°C than at 10°C.

Which statements are correct?

- A 1, 2, 3 and 4
- B 1 and 3 only
- C 2 and 3 only
- D 2 and 4 only

4 The diagram shows three blood vessels in longitudinal section.

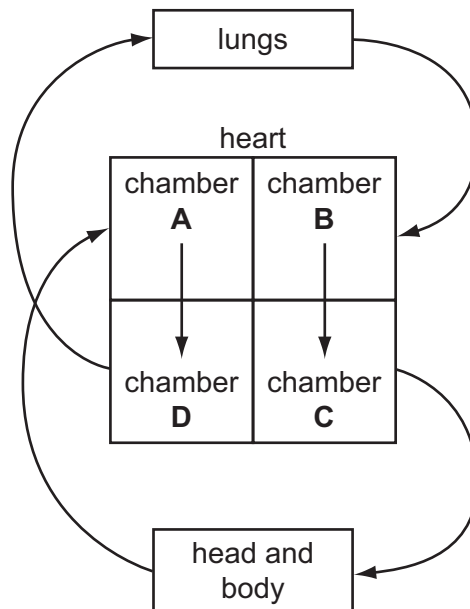


What are X, Y and Z?

|          | X      | Y         | Z         |
|----------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>A</b> | artery | capillary | vein      |
| <b>B</b> | artery | vein      | capillary |
| <b>C</b> | vein   | artery    | capillary |
| <b>D</b> | vein   | capillary | artery    |

5 The diagram represents the human blood system.

Which chamber of the heart is the left ventricle?



- 6 During expiration, in which order does air pass through these structures?
- A alveoli → bronchi → bronchiole → larynx  
 B alveoli → bronchiole → bronchi → larynx  
 C larynx → bronchi → bronchiole → alveoli  
 D larynx → bronchiole → bronchi → alveoli
- 7 Which structure carries nerve impulses away from the central nervous system?
- A motor neurone  
 B relay neurone  
 C sensory neurone  
 D spinal cord
- 8 A student observes some grass seedlings which have light coming from one side only. He believes that the tips of the seedlings have a receptor for light. He removes the tips of the seedlings and waits for a day.

Which change in the seedlings would show that he is right?

- A They grow away from the light.  
 B They grow towards the light.  
 C They stop growing.  
 D They grow straight up.
- 9 When a woman ovulates, into which structure is the egg first released?
- A ovary  
 B oviduct  
 C uterus  
 D vagina
- 10 In human reproduction, which cells are haploid?

|   | gametes | zygotes |
|---|---------|---------|
| A | ✓       | ✓       |
| B | ✓       | x       |
| C | x       | ✓       |
| D | x       | x       |

11 Which statement about human gametes is correct?

- A 50% of egg cells contain a Y chromosome.
- B 50% of sperm cells contain a Y chromosome.
- C 100% of egg cells contain a Y chromosome.
- D 100% of sperm cells contain a Y chromosome.

12 Cystic fibrosis is an inherited disease.

Only people who are homozygous recessive, ff, have this disease.

Which cross could **not** give rise to a child suffering from cystic fibrosis?

- A ff × ff
- B Ff × ff
- C Ff × Ff
- D FF × ff

13 The diagram shows a food chain.

grass → gnu → lion → flea

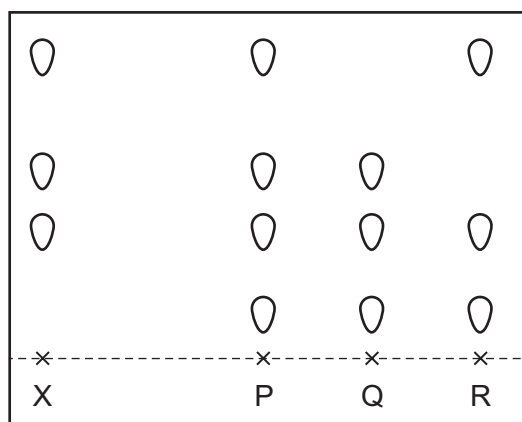
Which statement describes a member of this food chain?

- A The flea is a consumer.
- B The gnu is a producer.
- C The grass is a consumer.
- D The lion is a producer.

14 Dye X is a mixture of different coloured substances.

Chromatography is used to compare X with three other mixtures, P, Q and R.

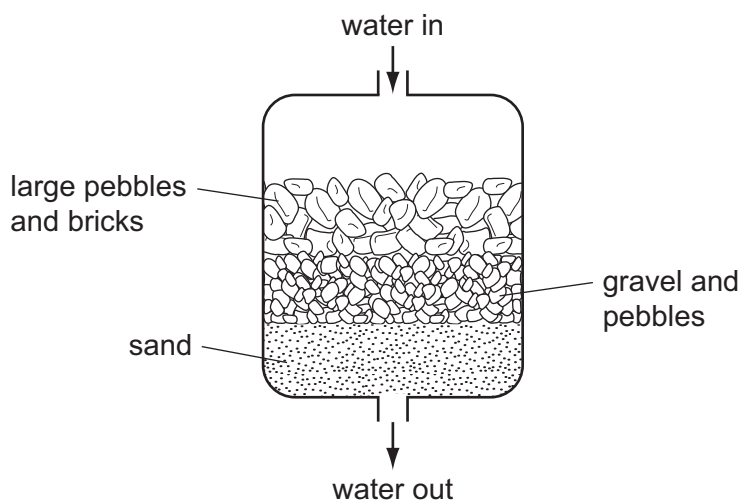
The results are shown in the diagram.



Which other mixtures contain the dye X?

- A P only
- B R only
- C P and Q only
- D P, Q and R

- 15 Which process can be used to produce sodium and chlorine from the compound sodium chloride?
- A cracking  
B distillation  
C electrolysis  
D filtration
- 16 The diagram shows one of the steps needed to make drinking water.



Which method of separation is being used?

- A chromatography  
B crystallisation  
C distillation  
D filtration
- 17 Diagrams 1, 2, 3 and 4 represent atoms and molecules.

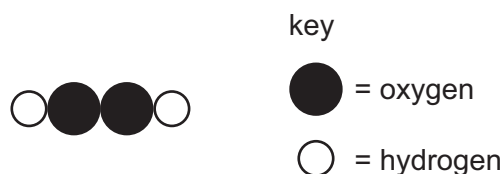


Which statement is correct?

- A 1, 2 and 3 are molecules and 4 is an atom.  
B 1, 2 and 4 are molecules and 3 is an atom.  
C 1, 3 and 4 are molecules and 2 is an atom.  
D 2, 3 and 4 are molecules and 1 is an atom.

18 Hydrogen peroxide is a compound.

A molecule of hydrogen peroxide can be represented as shown.



What is the correct formula of hydrogen peroxide?

- A** HO                      **B** H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>                      **C** (OH)<sub>2</sub>                      **D** 2OH

19 Some properties of three substances are shown.

| substance | melting point /°C | boiling point /°C | electrical conductivity when solid |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| W         | 801               | 1413              | poor                               |
| X         | -111              | -78               | poor                               |
| Y         | 1610              | 2230              | good                               |

What are W, X and Y?

|          | metallic | ionic | covalent |
|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| <b>A</b> | W        | Y     | X        |
| <b>B</b> | X        | W     | Y        |
| <b>C</b> | Y        | W     | X        |
| <b>D</b> | Y        | X     | W        |

20 When sodium is added to water it reacts violently and melts.

Which row describes the type of reaction and how the temperature of the water changes during the reaction?

|          | type of reaction | temperature of the water |
|----------|------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>A</b> | endothermic      | decreases                |
| <b>B</b> | endothermic      | increases                |
| <b>C</b> | exothermic       | decreases                |
| <b>D</b> | exothermic       | increases                |

21 Solid copper(II) carbonate reacts with dilute nitric acid producing carbon dioxide.

Which change causes the carbon dioxide to be given off more slowly?

- A Increase the concentration of nitric acid.
- B Increase the size of the particles of copper(II) carbonate.
- C Increase the temperature of the nitric acid.
- D Use a catalyst.

22 Which element can be used as a catalyst?

- A palladium (proton number 46)
- B phosphorus (proton number 15)
- C polonium (proton number 84)
- D potassium (proton number 19)

23 Why is aluminium used to make food containers?

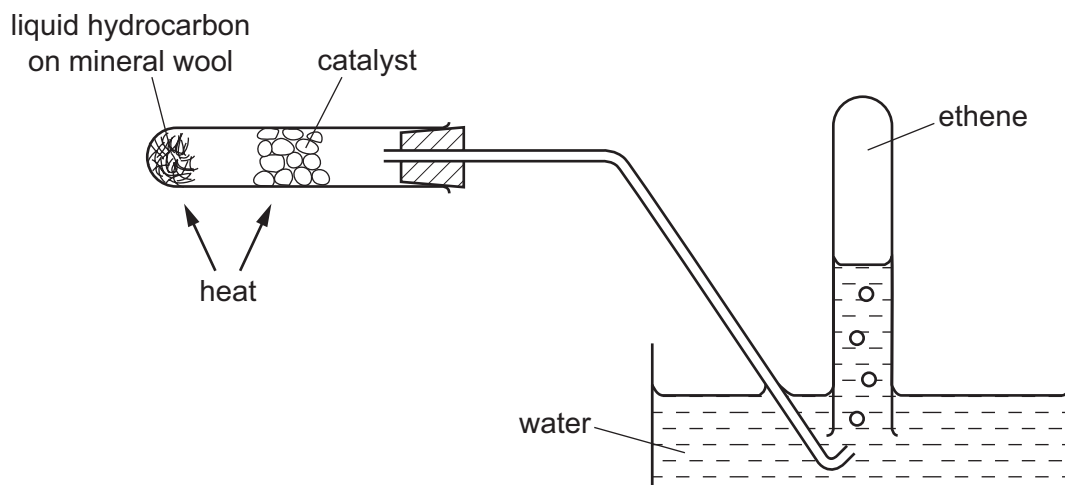
- A It has a low melting point.
- B It has a high density.
- C It is strong.
- D It resists corrosion.

24 Why is argon used to fill electric lamps?

- A Argon has a low boiling point.
- B Argon is more dense than air.
- C Argon is only found in a small amount in the atmosphere.
- D Argon is unreactive.



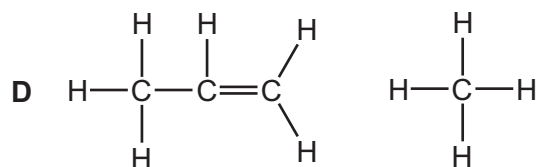
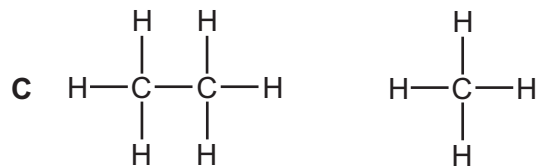
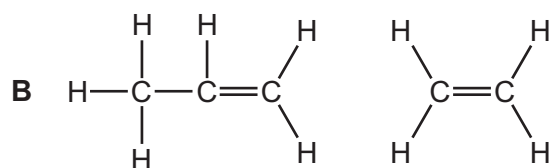
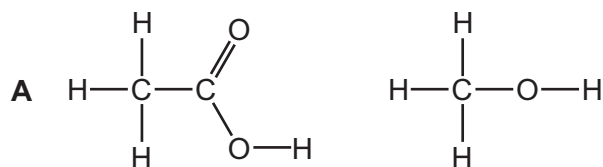
25 The diagram shows an experiment on a liquid hydrocarbon.



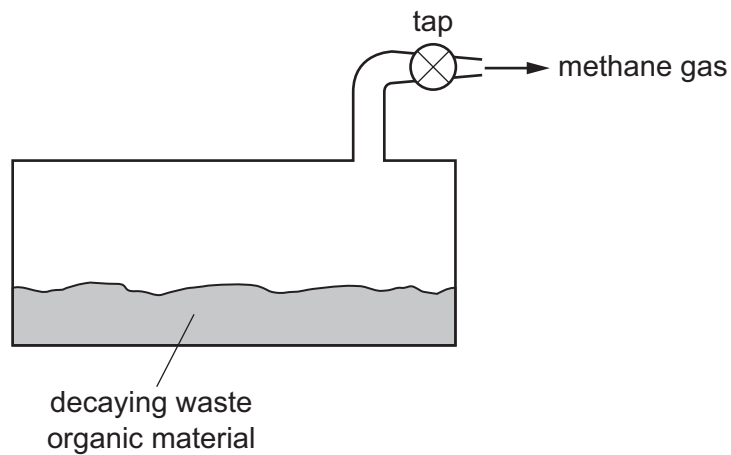
Which change takes place?

- A combustion
- B cracking
- C fractional distillation
- D polymerisation

26 In which pair are **both** molecules unsaturated?



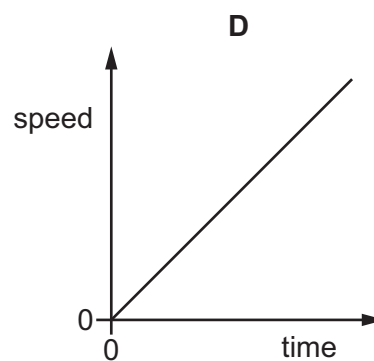
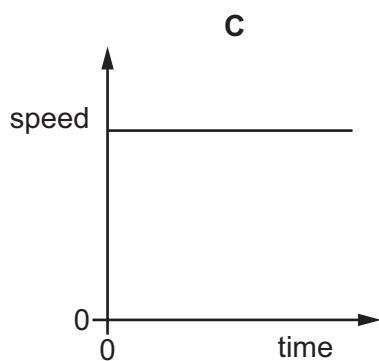
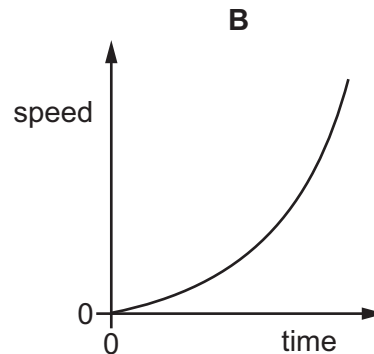
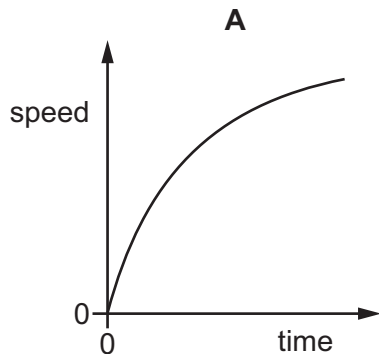
27 The diagram shows waste organic material decaying.



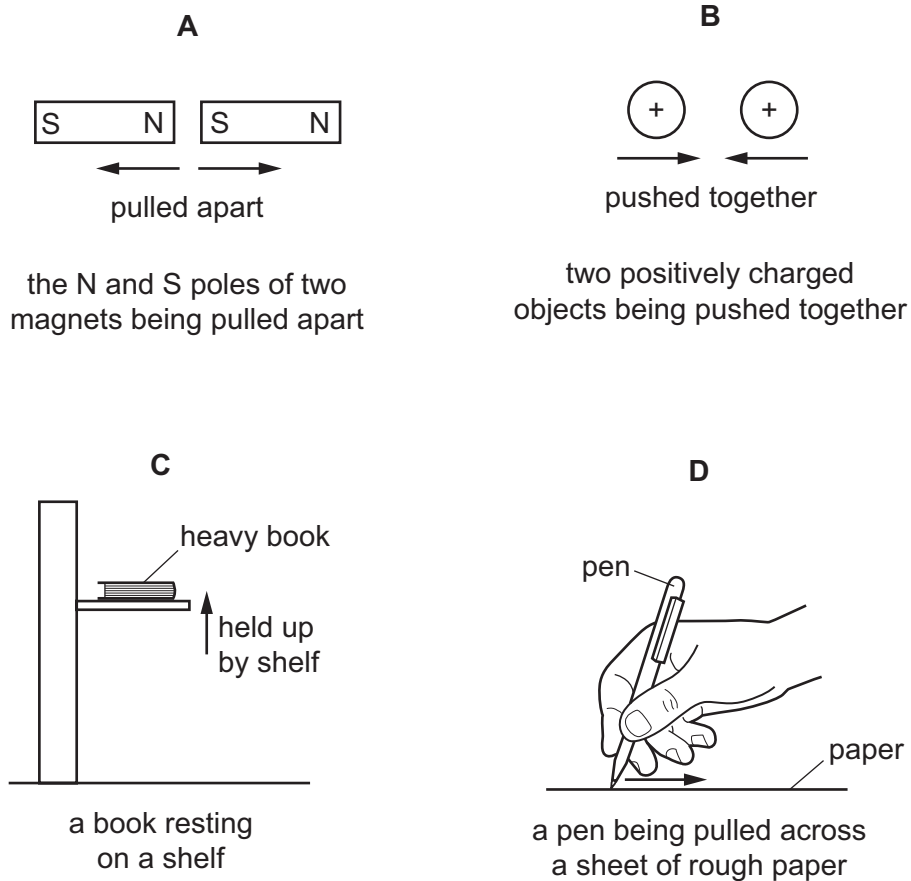
What is formed when the gas, methane, is burned?

- A carbon dioxide and water
- B carbon dioxide only
- C carbon monoxide
- D water only

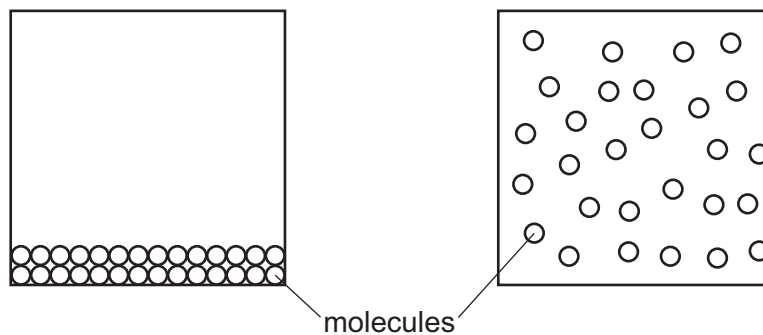
28 Which speed/time graph represents an object moving with constant positive acceleration?



29 Which situation does **not** involve any work being done?



30 The diagram represents two states of a substance.



Which states are represented?

- A** liquid and gas
- B** liquid and solid
- C** solid and gas
- D** solid and liquid

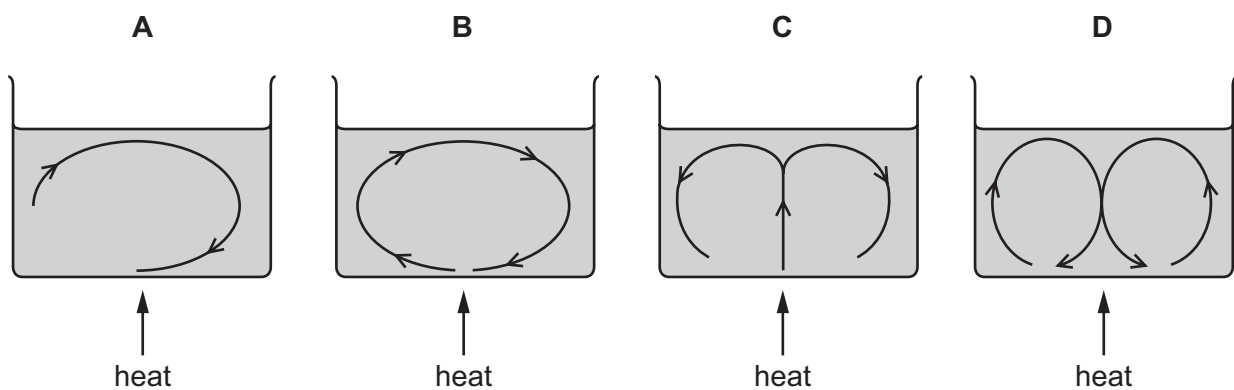
31 Four students write statements about melting and boiling.

Which statement is **not** correct?

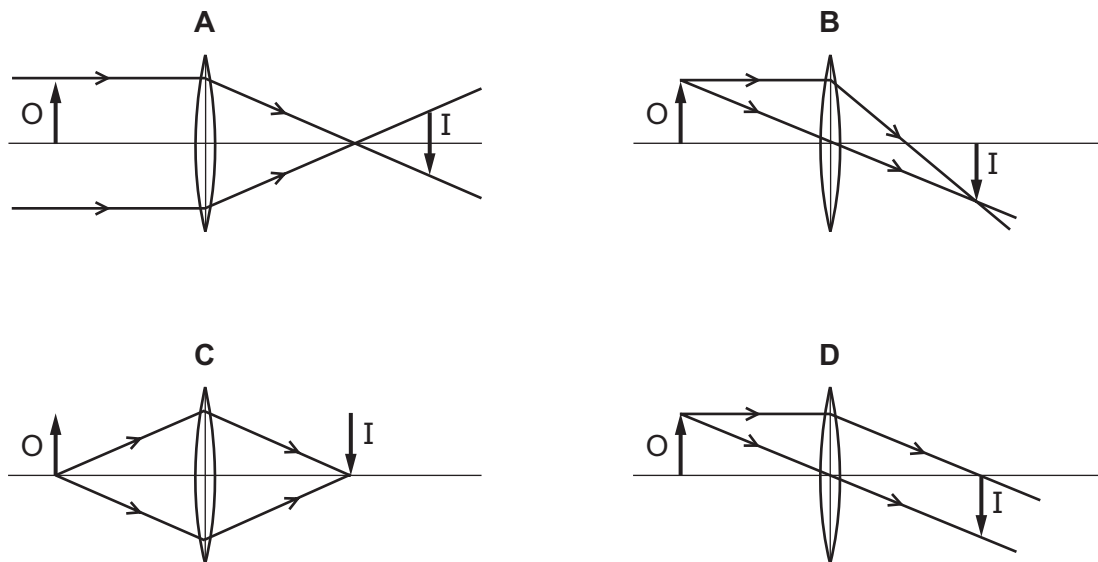
- A A liquid only evaporates when it has reached its boiling point.
- B Heat energy is needed to melt a solid.
- C When a solid is melting, its temperature does not change.
- D When a substance is a liquid, its temperature will not rise above its boiling point.

32 A wide container of water is heated from below.

Which diagram shows the convection current(s) in the water?



33 Which diagram shows how a converging lens forms a real image I of an object O?



34 Which row shows electromagnetic waves in order of increasing wavelength?

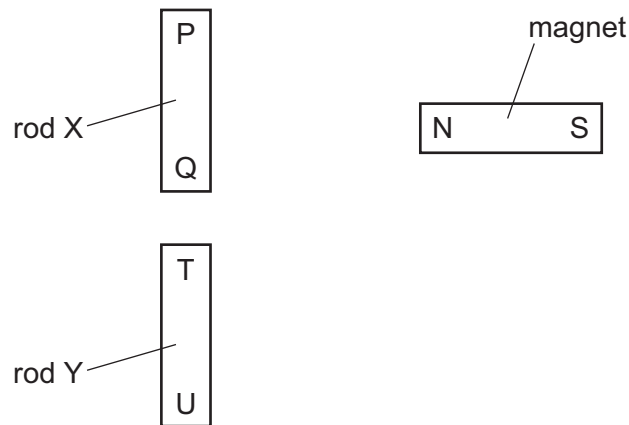
|          | shortest wavelength | —————▶         | longest wavelength |
|----------|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| <b>A</b> | $\gamma$ -rays      | radio waves    | visible light      |
| <b>B</b> | $\gamma$ -rays      | visible light  | radio waves        |
| <b>C</b> | visible light       | $\gamma$ -rays | radio waves        |
| <b>D</b> | visible light       | radio waves    | $\gamma$ -rays     |

35 Music is produced by the loudspeaker of a radio.

Which property of the sound waves from the loudspeaker increases when the music is made louder?

- A** amplitude
- B** frequency
- C** speed
- D** wavelength

36 Two rods, X and Y, look the same.



The N pole of a magnet is brought close, in turn, to P, Q, T and U. The results of these four actions are shown in the table.

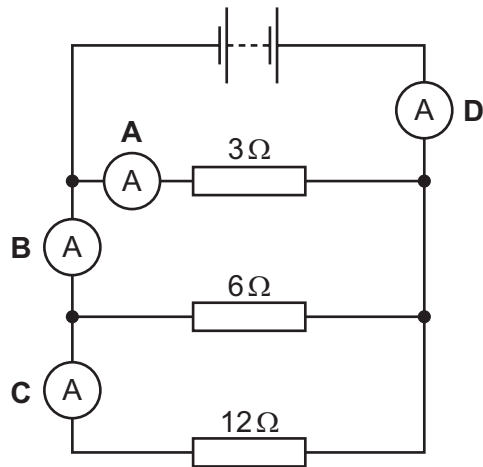
| end tested | result     |
|------------|------------|
| P          | attraction |
| Q          | attraction |
| T          | attraction |
| U          | repulsion  |

Which of the rods is a permanent magnet, with a pole at each end?

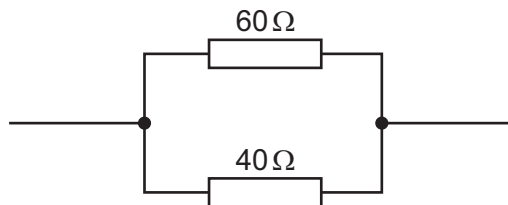
- A both of the rods
- B neither of the rods
- C rod X only
- D rod Y only

37 The diagram shows three resistors, a battery and four ammeters connected in a circuit.

Which ammeter shows the highest reading?



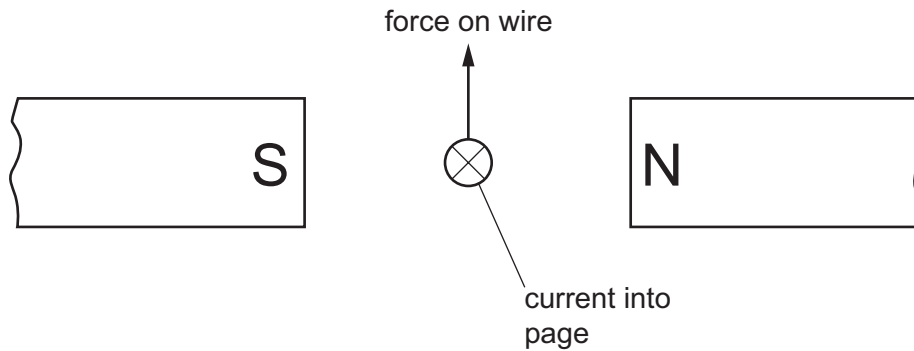
38 A  $60\Omega$  resistor and a  $40\Omega$  resistor are connected in parallel.



What is their combined resistance?

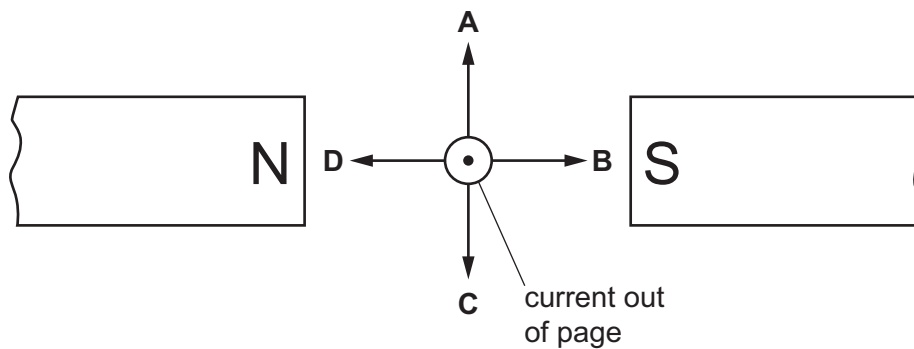
- A less than  $40\Omega$
- B  $50\Omega$
- C between  $60\Omega$  and  $100\Omega$
- D  $100\Omega$

- 39 A wire carries an electric current. The wire is placed between the poles of a magnet. This causes a force that pushes the wire upwards.

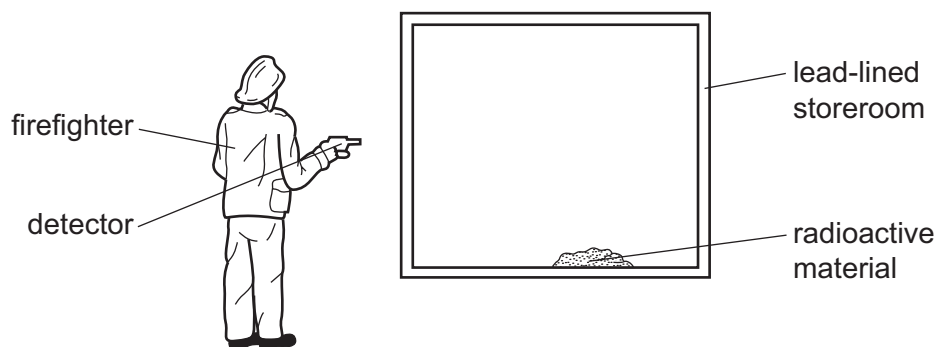


The poles of the magnet and the direction of the current are both reversed.

Which arrow now shows the direction of the force on the wire?



- 40 During a fire in a laboratory storeroom, some radioactive material is spilt. A firefighter detects radiation through the lead-lined walls of the storeroom. The radiation is emitted by the radioactive material.



Which type of radiation from the radioactive material is detected?

- A  $\alpha$ -particles
- B  $\beta$ -particles
- C  $\gamma$ -rays
- D X-rays





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