



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

45 minutes

May/June 2015

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

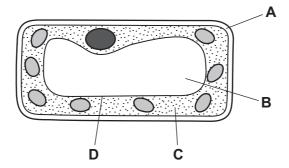
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.

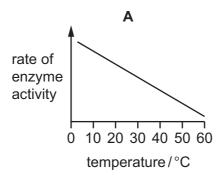


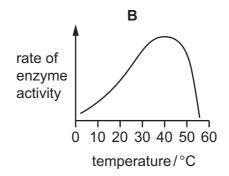
1 The diagram shows a palisade cell from a leaf.

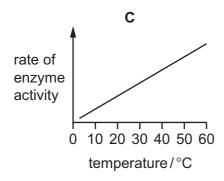
Which labelled structure is a membrane?

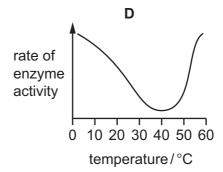


- 2 Which of these types of substances contains molecules that do **not** diffuse?
 - A gases
 - **B** solids
 - C solutes
 - **D** solvents
- 3 Which graph shows the effect of temperature on the rate of enzyme activity for a human enzyme?

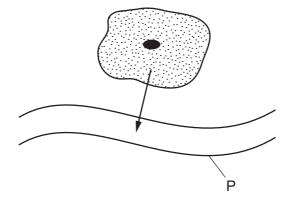








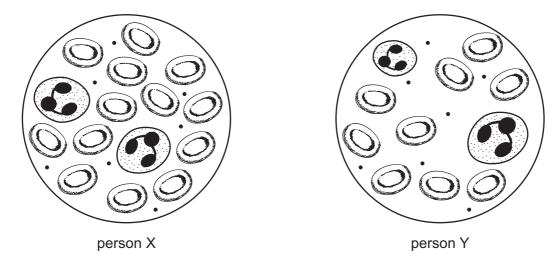
- 4 In a balanced diet, which constituents provide most energy?
 - A carbohydrate and protein
 - B fat and carbohydrate
 - **C** fat and fibre
 - **D** vitamins and protein
- 5 The arrow shows urea leaving a cell and passing into structure P.



What is P?

- A a capillary
- B an artery
- C a vein
- **D** the small intestine

6 The diagram shows samples of blood from two different people as seen under a microscope.



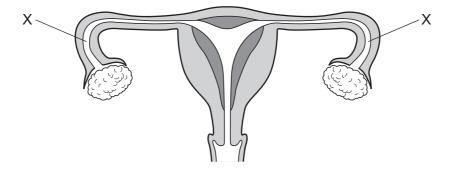
Compared with the blood of person Y, the blood of person X can

- **A** carry out more phagocytosis.
- B clot more easily.
- **C** produce more antibodies.
- D transport more oxygen.
- 7 Which process in living organisms does **not** use energy from respiration?
 - **A** growth
 - **B** movement
 - **C** photosynthesis
 - **D** temperature maintenance
- **8** A person touches a hot object which triggers a reflex action.

In which order does the signal travel in the reflex arc?

- **A** relay neurone \rightarrow spinal cord \rightarrow sensory neurone
- **B** sensory neurone \rightarrow spinal cord \rightarrow motor neurone
- **C** spinal cord \rightarrow sensory neurone \rightarrow stimulus
- **D** stimulus \rightarrow motor neurone \rightarrow spinal cord

- 9 Which statement about reproduction is correct?
 - A Asexual reproduction involves the formation of haploid zygotes.
 - **B** Asexual reproduction produces offspring from two parents.
 - **C** Sexual reproduction involves the formation of diploid gametes.
 - **D** Sexual reproduction produces offspring that are genetically dissimilar.
- 10 The diagram shows the female reproductive system.



Sometimes the tubes at X can become blocked.

What is the result of this?

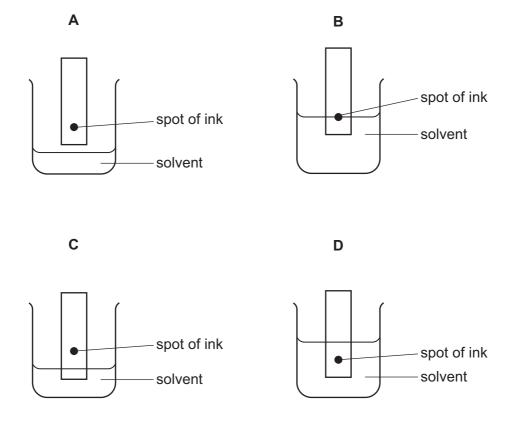
- A Eggs cannot reach the uterus.
- **B** Menstruation is prevented.
- **C** Ovulation is prevented.
- **D** Sperms cannot reach the uterus.
- 11 Which process is responsible for the flow of energy along a food chain?
 - A excretion
 - **B** feeding
 - **C** respiration
 - **D** seed dispersal

12 What can directly result from deforestation?

	build-up of atmospheric methane	flooding	loss of species
Α	✓	✓	X
В	✓	X	X
С	x	✓	✓
D	x	X	✓

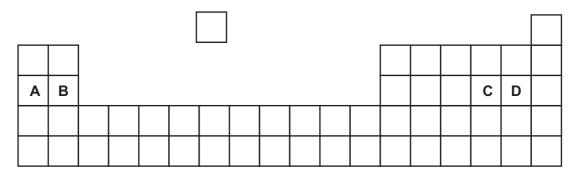
- 13 In the carbon cycle, which process removes carbon dioxide from the atmosphere?
 - A combustion
 - **B** decomposition
 - C photosynthesis
 - **D** respiration
- **14** The colours in an ink can be separated by chromatography.

Which diagram shows the correct way to set up the apparatus?



15 The positions of four elements are shown on the outline of part of the Periodic Table.

Which element forms an ion with a charge of 2+?

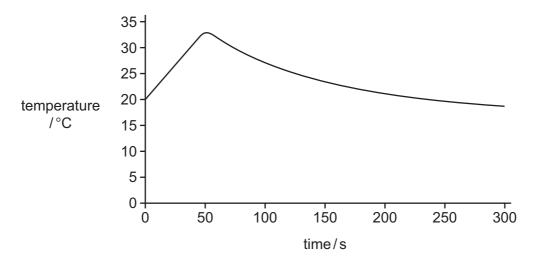


16 When dilute sulfuric acid is electrolysed using inert electrodes two gases are produced.

Which two gases are formed?

- A hydrogen and hydrogen sulfide
- B hydrogen and oxygen
- C hydrogen and sulfur dioxide
- D oxygen and sulfur dioxide
- 17 When sodium hydroxide and hydrochloric acid are mixed they react immediately.

The graph shows how the temperature of the mixture changes over time.



Which type of chemical reaction takes place?

- A both endothermic and exothermic
- **B** endothermic
- C exothermic
- **D** neither endothermic nor exothermic

18 Pure iron can be extracted from iron oxide using carbon monoxide.

The equation for the reaction is

iron oxide + carbon monoxide → iron + carbon dioxide

Which row shows what happens to the iron oxide and carbon monoxide?

	iron oxide	carbon monoxide
Α	oxidised	oxidised
В	oxidised	reduced
С	reduced	oxidised
D	reduced	reduced

19 Hydrogen and oxygen react explosively to form water.

Which words describe this reaction?

	combustion	oxidation	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	✓	x	✓= yes
С	x	✓	x = no
D	x	x	

20 Which processes are used to obtain crystals of sodium chloride from a mixture of sodium chloride and sand in water?

	first stage	second stage
Α	crystallise	neutralise
В	evaporate	filter
С	filter	dissolve
D	filter	evaporate

- 21 What is observed when aqueous barium ions are added to sulfuric acid?
 - A blue precipitate
 - **B** brown gas
 - C colourless gas
 - **D** white precipitate

22 Elements X, Y and Z are the first three members of a group in the Periodic Table.

The elements are soft.

The elements react vigorously with water to produce hydrogen.

In which group of the Periodic Table are X, Y and Z found?

- A Group 0
- **B** Group I
- C Group II
- **D** Group VII
- 23 The table shows information about some minerals.

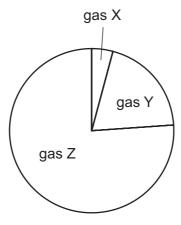
mineral	chemical formula
bauxite	Al_2O_3
galena	PbS
hematite	Fe ₂ O ₃
rutile	TiO ₂

Which minerals contain a transition element?

- A bauxite and galena
- **B** bauxite and hematite
- C galena and rutile
- **D** hematite and rutile

24 Air is a mixture of gases.

The diagram shows the composition of air.



What are gases X, Y and Z?

	gas X	gas Y	gas Z
Α	N_2	O_2	noble gases, CO _{2,} H ₂ O
В	noble gases, CO _{2,} H ₂ O	N_2	O_2
С	noble gases, CO _{2,} H ₂ O	O_2	N_2
D	O_2	noble gases, CO _{2,} H ₂ O	N_2

25 When limestone is heated, the following reaction takes place.

limestone → lime + carbon dioxide

What are the chemical names of limestone and lime and which type of reaction does the limestone undergo?

	limestone	lime	type of reaction
Α	calcium carbonate	calcium oxide	reduction
В	calcium carbonate	calcium oxide	thermal decomposition
С	calcium oxide	calcium carbonate	reduction
D	calcium oxide	calcium carbonate	thermal decomposition

26 The hydrocarbon dodecane has the formula $C_{12}H_{26}$.

Dodecane forms ethene and some ethane when it is heated.

What is the name of the process?

- A cracking
- **B** distillation
- **C** evaporation
- **D** fractional distillation
- **27** A fuel used for cooking food is the hydrocarbon ...1... that burns in an ...2... reaction.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	coke	endothermic
В	coke	exothermic
С	methane	endothermic
D	methane	exothermic

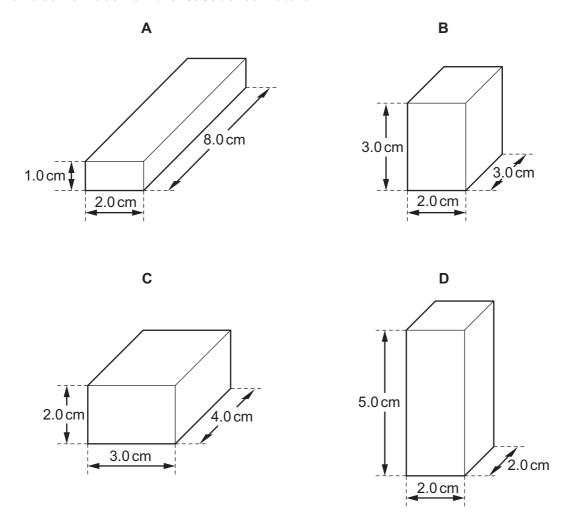
28 The circuit of a motor racing track is 3.0 km in length. In a race, a car goes 25 times round the circuit in 30 minutes.

What is the average speed of the car?

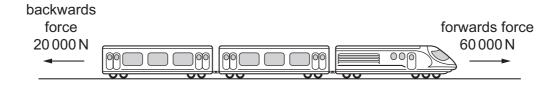
- A 75 km/hour
- **B** 90 km/hour
- C 150 km/hour
- **D** 750 km/hour

29 The diagrams show four solid blocks with the same mass.

Which block is made from the least dense material?



30 A train travels along a horizontal track at constant speed. Two of the forces acting on the train are shown in the diagram.



A force of air resistance is also acting on the train to give it a resultant force of zero.

What is this air resistance force?

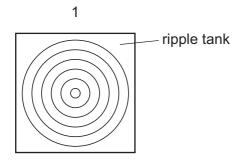
- A 40 000 N backwards
- B 80000 N backwards
- C 40000 N forwards
- **D** 80 000 N forwards

- 31 What is the source of the energy converted by a hydro-electric power station?
 - A chemical energy of oil
 - **B** gravitational energy of falling water
 - **C** kinetic energy of waves
 - D thermal energy of hot rocks
- 32 Which is the best description of the molecules in a solid at 0 °C?
 - A close together and moving from one position to another and changing places with other molecules
 - B close together and vibrating about a fixed position
 - **C** far apart and moving from one position to another and changing places with other molecules
 - **D** far apart and not moving at all
- 33 There is a vacuum between the double walls of a vacuum flask.

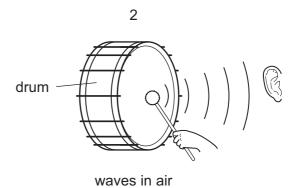
Which types of heat transfer are reduced by the vacuum?

- A conduction, convection and radiation
- **B** conduction and convection only
- C conduction and radiation only
- **D** convection and radiation only

34 The diagrams show examples of wave motion.



waves on water





waves in a spring (as shown)

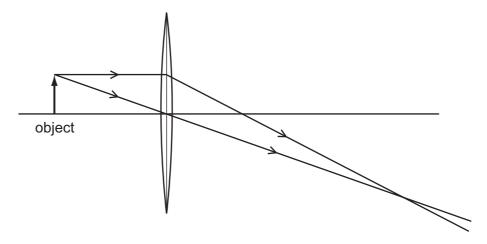
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Which waves are longitudinal?

- 1 only
- 2 and 3 only В
- 2, 3 and 4 only
- 2 and 4 only

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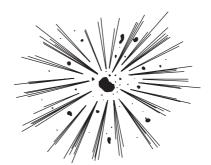
35 The diagram shows two rays of light passing through a converging lens.



Which type of image is formed?

- **A** inverted and larger than the object
- **B** inverted and smaller than the object
- **C** upright (erect) and larger than the object
- **D** upright (erect) and smaller than the object
- **36** An explosion experiment is carried out on Earth. The experiment is repeated by an astronaut in space where there is no gas or air.





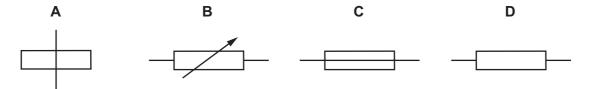
How does the explosion sound to the astronaut in space?

- A slightly louder than on Earth
- **B** the same loudness as on Earth
- C slightly quieter than on Earth
- **D** completely silent

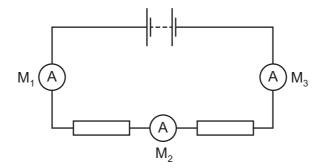
37 A student makes a permanent magnet using a piece of metal and a magnetising coil.

Which metal should she use?

- A aluminium
- **B** copper
- C iron
- **D** steel
- 38 What is the symbol for a fuse?



39 The diagram shows a battery connected to two resistors. Three ammeters M_1 , M_2 and M_3 are connected in the circuit.



Meter M₁ reads 1.0 A.

What are the readings on M₂ and on M₃?

	reading on M ₂ /A	reading on M ₃ /A
Α	0.5	0.0
В	0.5	0.5
С	0.5	1.0
D	1.0	1.0

40	Which	type	of radiation	has	the	greatest	ionising	effect?
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- A infra-red rays
- $\textbf{B} \quad \alpha\text{-particles}$
- **C** β -particles
- **D** γ–rays

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19

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DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

								Gre	Group								
_	=											≡	ΛΙ	>	IA	IIA	0
							T Hydrogen										4 He lium
7 Li Lithium	9 Be Beryllium	-										11 Boron 5	12 C Carbon	14 N Nitrogen 7	16 Oxygen	19 Fluorine	20 Neon 10
23 Na Sodium	24 Mg Magnesium	ε										27 A1 Auminium 13	28 Si Silicon	31 Phosphorus	32 S Sulfur	35.5 C1 Chlorine	40 Ar Argon
39 K Potassium	40 Ca Calcium	Scandium 21	48 T ttanium 22	51 V Vanadium 23	52 Cr Chromium 24	55 Mn Manganese 25	56 Fe Iron 26	59 Co Cobalt	59 X Nickel	64 Cu Copper 29	65 Zn Zinc 30	70 Ga Gallium 31	73 Ge Germanium 32	AS Arsenic	79 Se Selenium 34	80 Br Bromine 35	84 Kry Krypton
Rubidium	Strontium 38	89 Y Yttrium 39	2r Zirconium 40	93 Nb Niobium 41		Tc Technetium 43	Ru Ruthenium 44	103 Rh Rhodium 45	106 Pd Palladium 46	108 Ag Silver 47	112 Cd Cadmium 48	115 In Indium 49	119 Sn Tin	Sb Antimony	128 Te Tellurium 52		131 Xe Xenon Xenon
Caesium 55	137 Ba Barium 56	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	178 Hf Hafnium 72	181 Ta Tantalum 73	184 W Tungsten 74	186 Re Rhenium 75	190 Os Osmium 76		Pt Platinum 78	197 Au Gold		204 T 1 Thallium	207 Pb Lead 82	209 Bi Bismuth	OO lonium	At Astatine 85	Rn Radon 86
Francium 87	226 Ra Radium 88	227 Ac Actinium †															
*58-71 L	*58-71 Lanthanoid serie 190-103 Actinoid series	*58-71 Lanthanoid series 190-103 Actinoid series	1	140 Ce Cerium	Pr Praseodymium 59	Nd Neodymiun 60	Pm Promethium 61	Sm Samarium 62	152 Eu Europium 63	Gd Gadolinium 64	159 Tb Terbium 65	Dysprosium	165 Ho Holmium 67	167 Er Erbium 68	169 Tm Thulium	173 Yb Ytterbium 700 70	Lutetium
Key	æ ×	 a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol b = proton (atomic) number 		232 Th Thorium	Pa Protactinium 91	238 U Uranium 92	Neptunium	Pu Plutonium 94	Am Americium 95	Carrium 96	BK Berkelium 97	Californium	ES Einsteinium 99	Fm Fermium		Nobelium	Lr Lawrencium 103

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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