



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice May/June 2016

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

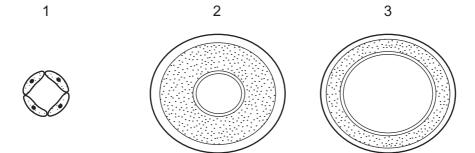
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.



1	An	organism has the ability to break down nutrient molecules to release energy.
	Wh	at is this process?
	Α	excretion
	В	growth
	С	nutrition
	D	respiration
2	Wh	ich is an enzyme involved in the digestion of proteins in the stomach?
	Α	amylase
	В	bile
	С	lipase
	D	protease
3	Wh	ich statement about the alimentary canal is correct?
	Α	The large intestine includes the colon and rectum.
	В	The large intestine includes the duodenum and rectum.
	С	The small intestine includes the colon and ileum.
	D	The small intestine includes the ileum and rectum.
4	Wh	ich chemical element is found in proteins, but not in carbohydrates or fats?
	Α	carbon
	В	hydrogen
	С	oxygen
	D	nitrogen

5 The diagrams show the cross-section of three blood vessels, not drawn to the same scale.



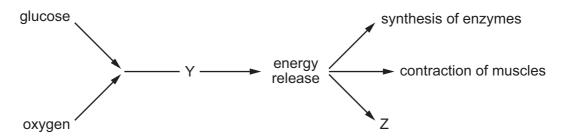
What are these vessels?

	1	2	3
Α	artery	capillary	vein
В	artery	vein	capillary
С	capillary	artery	vein
D	capillary	vein	artery

6 Under which conditions will transpiration from a plant be fastest?

	temperature	humidity
Α	high	high
В	high	low
С	low	high
D	low	low

7 The diagram shows what happens to glucose in the body.



What are processes Y and Z?

	Υ	Z
Α	photosynthesis	growth
В	photosynthesis	respiration
С	respiration	growth
D	respiration	photosynthesis

8 When a person was walking or running, the following measurements were taken.

speed /km perhour	number of breaths per minute	volume of each breath/dm ³
4	16	1
6	18	2
8	20	3

How many dm³ of air did the person breathe per minute when running at 6 km per hour?

- **A** 18
- **B** 36
- **C** 60
- **D** 108

- **9** What is an example of homeostasis?
 - A adding acid to food in the stomach
 - **B** breathing out water vapour from the lungs
 - **C** keeping the body temperature constant
 - **D** producing adrenaline in the adrenal glands
- **10** What is a characteristic of human hormones?
 - A destroyed by endocrine glands
 - B made by target organs
 - C produced in the liver
 - D transported in blood plasma

11 A student placed four sets of seeds in different conditions.

Which set of conditions must be kept constant to show the effect of temperature on germination?

- **A** temperature and water only
- **B** temperature only
- **C** temperature, water and oxygen
- **D** water and oxygen only
- **12** Which statement about asexual reproduction is correct?
 - **A** It involves the formation of diploid zygotes.
 - **B** It involves the formation of haploid zygotes.
 - **C** It produces offspring which are genetically dissimilar.
 - **D** It produces offspring which are genetically identical.
- 13 In some countries, deforestation has taken place in large areas.

What effect would this be likely to have on the environment?

- A decreased carbon dioxide in the atmosphere
- B decreased risk of flooding
- **C** extinction of local species
- **D** increased use of fossil fuels

14 The diagram shows the readings on a thermometer before and after a reaction.



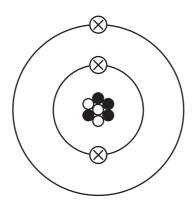
before the reaction

after the reaction

Which row shows the readings on the thermometer?

	before the reaction	after the reaction
Α	13.5	34.1
В	13.5	35.9
С	14.5	34.1
D	14.5	35.9

15 The diagram represents the structure of a lithium atom.



Which particle is represented by \otimes ?

- A electron
- **B** neutron
- C nucleus
- **D** proton

16 Three minerals containing iron are listed.

mineral	chemical formula
goethite	FeO(OH)
magnetite	Fe ₃ O ₄
siderite	FeCO₃

What is the total number of different elements contained in all three minerals?

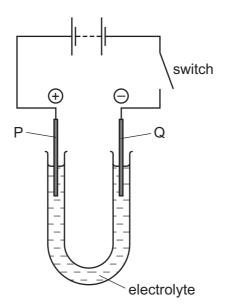
A 3

B 4

C 5

D 16

17 The diagram shows the electrolysis of a compound.



When the switch is closed, the solution around electrode P turns orange because a halogen is formed.

The positive electrode P is called the1....., and the halogen is2.....

Which words complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	anode	bromine
В	anode	chlorine
С	cathode	bromine
D	cathode	chlorine

- 18 Which statement about chemical reactions is correct?
 - A Endothermic reactions result in a temperature decrease.
 - **B** Endothermic reactions result in a temperature increase.
 - **C** Exothermic reactions always produce a large temperature rise.
 - **D** Exothermic reactions always produce a small temperature rise.
- **19** In a manned spacecraft, carbon dioxide is removed from the air by reacting with potassium hydroxide.

Which type of reaction occurs?

- A decomposition
- **B** neutralisation
- **C** precipitation
- **D** redox
- 20 Which test and result show that a fertiliser contains nitrate ions?

	test	result
Α	warm with aqueous sodium hydroxide	gas turns litmus blue
В	warm with aqueous sodium hydroxide	gas turns litmus red
С	warm with aqueous sodium hydroxide, then add aluminium metal	gas turns litmus blue
D	warm with aqueous sodium hydroxide, then add aluminium metal	gas turns litmus red

21 The diagram shows part of the Periodic Table.

Which letter shows the position of a metal with a low melting point?



22 A green halogen gas is bubbled through a potassium halide solution.

The potassium halide solution turns brown-black.

What is the halogen and what is the potassium halide solution?

	halogen	potassium halide solution
Α	bromine	potassium chloride
В	bromine	potassium iodide
С	chlorine	potassium bromide
D	chlorine	potassium iodide

23 Which row describes the general properties of non-metals?

	melting point	density	electrical conductivity
Α	high	low	no
В	low	high	no
С	low	low	no
D	low	low	yes

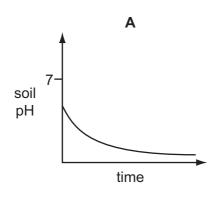
24 Copper is extracted in process X by heating copper oxide with substance Y.

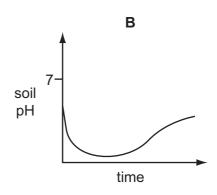
What is process X and what is substance Y?

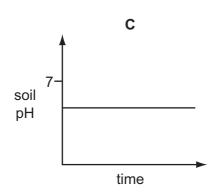
	process X	substance Y
Α	oxidation	carbon
В	oxidation	limestone
С	reduction	carbon
D	reduction	limestone

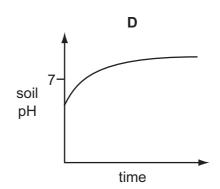
- 25 Which gas emitted from a car exhaust contributes to acid rain?
 - A carbon monoxide, CO
 - B nitrogen, N₂
 - C nitrogen monoxide, NO
 - **D** water vapour, H₂O

26 Which graph shows how the pH of soil changes when lime is added?









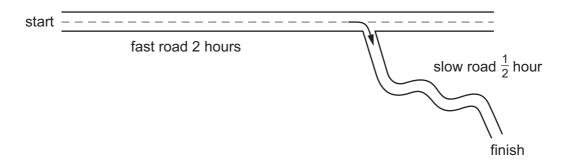
- **27** Organic molecule X has the following properties.
 - Complete combustion produces carbon dioxide and water.
 - It decolourises aqueous bromine water.
 - It is produced by cracking.

What is X?

- A ethane
- **B** ethene
- **C** ethanol
- **D** poly(ethene)

28 A motorist travels 200 km.

After travelling along a fast road for 2 hours, the motorist uses a slow road for the remaining $\frac{1}{2}$ hour of the journey.

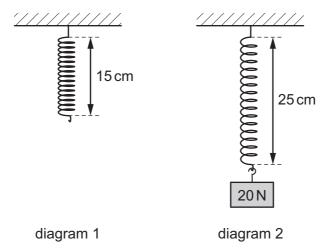


What is the average speed of the car for the whole journey?

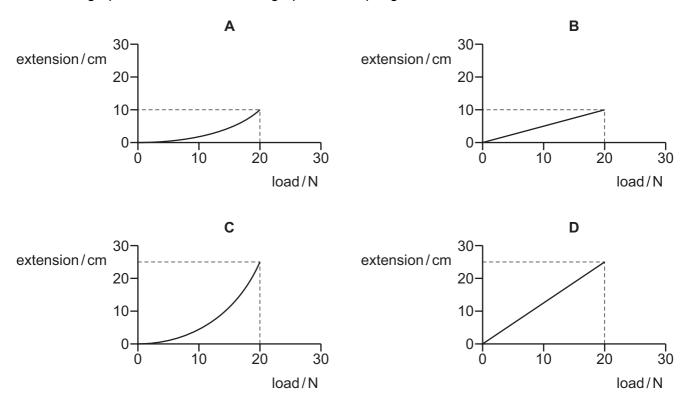
- **A** 80 km/h
- **B** 100 km/h
- C 400 km/h
- **D** 500 km/h

29 Diagram 1 shows a spring with its length indicated. Diagram 2 shows the same spring with a 20 N load hung from it, and the new length of the spring.

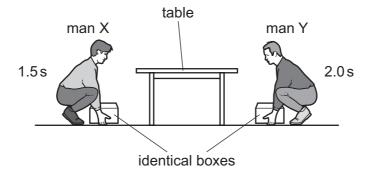
The extension of the spring is directly proportional to the load hung on it.



Which graph is the extension/load graph for the spring?



30 Two men each lift identical boxes vertically upwards onto the same table. Man X takes 1.5s to lift his box, and man Y takes 2.0s to lift his box.



Which man produces the greatest power in lifting the box and what is the unit of power?

	man producing greatest power	unit of power
Α	man X	joule
В	man X	watt
С	man Y	joule
D	man Y	watt

- 31 Which statement describes the properties of a liquid?
 - **A** It has a definite shape and has a definite volume.
 - **B** It has a definite shape but no definite volume.
 - **C** It has no definite shape and no definite volume.
 - **D** It has no definite shape but has a definite volume.
- **32** A substance is a gas when its temperature is 65 °C.

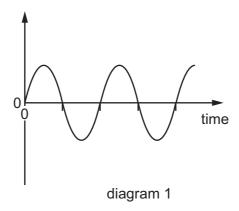
How do the boiling point and the melting point of this substance compare with 65°C?

	boiling point	melting point
Α	above 65°C	above 65°C
В	above 65°C	below 65°C
С	below 65°C	above 65°C
D	below 65°C	below 65°C

33 Which method of thermal energy transfer can occur in a vacuum and which region of the electromagnetic spectrum is often involved in this type of thermal energy transfer?

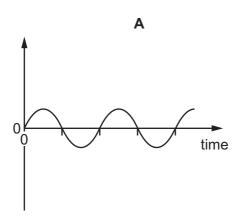
	method of thermal energy transfer	region of the electromagnetic spectrum
Α	convection	infra-red
В	convection	radio waves
С	radiation	infra-red
D	radiation	radio waves

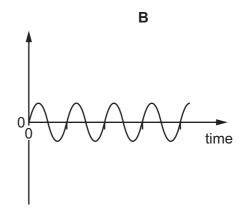
34 Diagram 1 represents a wave.

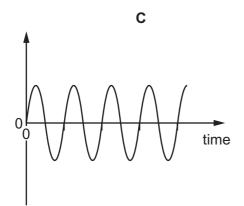


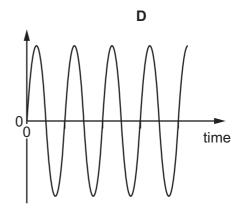
Which diagram below represents a wave with double the frequency and half the amplitude of the wave in diagram 1?

The scales are the same in all the diagrams.

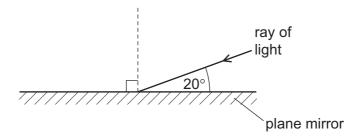








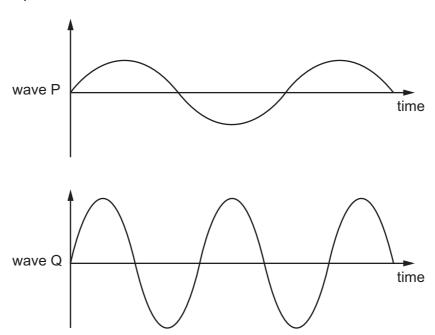
35 The diagram shows a ray of light striking a plane mirror.



What is the angle of reflection?

- **A** 20°
- **B** 40°
- **C** 70°
- **D** 140°

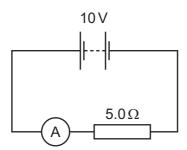
36 The diagrams represent two different sound waves, P and Q, drawn to the same scale.



How do the loudness and the pitch of the sounds compare with each other?

	louder sound	higher pitched sound
Α	Р	Р
В	Р	Q
С	Q	Р
D	Q	Q

37 A 10 V battery is connected in series with an ammeter and a 5.0Ω resistor.



What is the reading on the ammeter?

- **A** 0.20 A
- **B** 0.50 A
- **C** 2.0 A
- **D** 5.0 A

38 A fuse is a safety device for use in an electrical appliance.

How does a fuse affect a circuit when the current in it becomes higher than the rated value for the fuse?

- A It completely stops the current.
- **B** It reduces the current to the rated value for the fuse.
- **C** It reduces the thermal insulation around the wires.
- **D** It sends the current to the outer case of the appliance.

39 Which row shows how lamps are connected in a lighting circuit and gives an advantage of connecting them in this way?

	how lamps are connected	advantage of connecting them in this way
Α	in parallel	they can be switched separately
В	in parallel	they share the voltage
С	in series	they can be switched separately
D	in series	they share the voltage

40 Which row describes the properties of β -particles (beta-particles)?

	they are electromagnetic waves	they are ionising	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	✓	X	√= yes
С	x	✓	x = no
D	X	X	

18

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19

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	 	² He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
	=			6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	В	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	At	astatine -			
	5								sulfur 32										116		ermorium
	>								shosphorus 31												live
																					F
	≥			9	O	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanit 73	20	S	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Fl	fleroviur
	=			2	В	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	lΤ	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	В	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Αn	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium
Group										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	Ŧ	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium
Gro										27	ဝိ	cobalt 59	45	몬	rhodium 103	77	'n	iridium 192	109	₩	meitnerium
		- I	hydrogen 1							26	Ьe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium
										25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ပ	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	В	pohrium
					pol	1SS				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium
			Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	Д	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium
				10	ato	rela				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ξ	hafnium 178	104	¥	rutherfordium
							-			21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	Š	strontium 88	56	Ва	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_			3	:=	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	В	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	ᇁ	francium

71	Γn	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	-
		ytterbium 173			_	
69	H	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium	1
89	ш	erbium 167	100	Fm	fermium	_
29	운	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium	_
99	ò	dysprosium 163	86	ರ	californium	-
65	Д	terbium 159	26	BK	berkelium	_
64	gg	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	_
63	En	europium 152	92	Am	americium	_
62	Sm	samarium 150	94	Pn	plutonium	-
61	Pm	promethium -	93	ď	neptunium	_
09	PN	neodymium 144	92	\supset	uranium	238
69	Ā	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Ce	cerium 140	06	┖	thorium	232
22	Гa	lanthanum 139	89	Ac	actinium	-

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,dm^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.)