



## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### **CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES**

0654/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice October/November 2016

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

### Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.



1 What is respi	ration?
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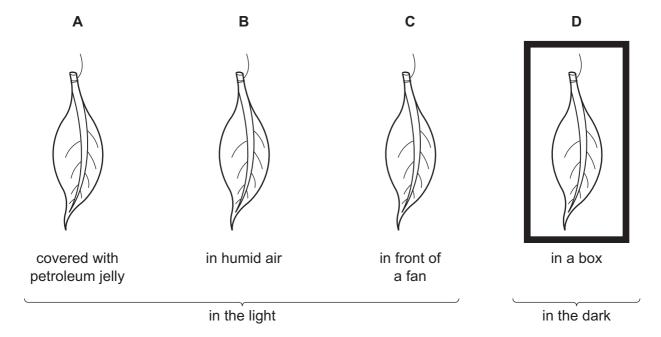
- A breakdown of food by enzymes in the alimentary canal
- **B** breathing to supply oxygen to cells
- C release of carbon dioxide from cells
- D release of energy for body activities
- 2 In some animals, their internal temperature varies with that of their surroundings.

Why does the metabolic activity of these animals slow down when it is cold?

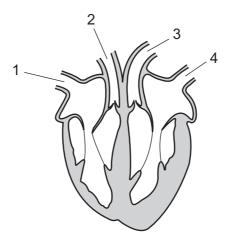
- **A** Enzyme activity is slow.
- B Heart rate drops.
- C The blood freezes.
- **D** The absorption of food is slow.
- 3 What are the products when oil is digested?
  - A amino acids and glycerol
  - B fats and amino acids
  - **C** fatty acids and glycerol
  - D fatty acids and sugars
- 4 Why is calcium needed in the diet?
  - A to make carbohydrates
  - **B** to make teeth
  - **C** to make enzymes
  - **D** to make protein

**5** Four leaves of similar size are taken from the same tree and weighed. Each is then treated as shown.

Which leaf loses mass fastest?



**6** The diagram shows a section through the human heart.



Which two blood vessels are arteries?

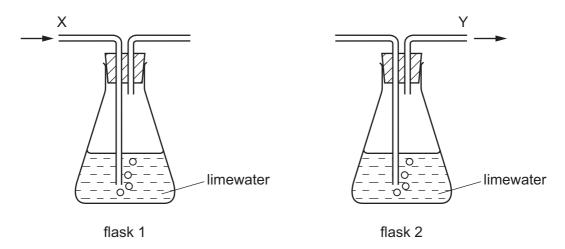
**A** 1 and 2

**B** 2 and 3

**C** 3 and 4

**D** 4 and 1

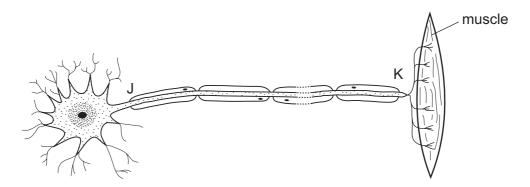
**7** Two flasks are set up as shown. A student breathes out through tube X of flask 1. Another student breathes in through tube Y of flask 2.



The students obtain different results.

Which process in the student's body causes this?

- **A** absorption
- **B** assimilation
- C digestion
- **D** respiration
- 8 The diagram shows a neurone and associated structures.



What type of neurone is shown and in which direction do impulses travel?

	type of neurone	direction of impulse
A	motor	J to K
В	motor	K to J
С	sensory	J to K
D	sensory	K to J

**9** What are the effects of adrenaline?

	blood glucose concentration	pulse rate
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

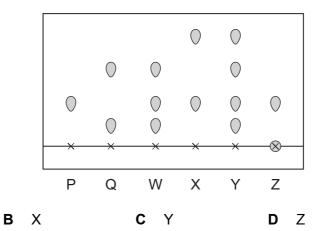
- 10 How many chromosomes are there in a zygote of an animal?
  - A half as many as in the egg
  - B same number as in the egg
  - **C** same number as in the sperm
  - **D** twice as many as in the sperm
- **11** Which structure protects a flower when it is in bud?
  - A petal
  - **B** sepal
  - C stamen
  - **D** stigma
- **12** The diagram shows a food chain.

Which organisms pass the greatest amount of energy along the food chain?



- 13 What is an undesirable effect of deforestation?
  - **A** It increases the oxygen concentration of the atmosphere.
  - **B** It leads to erosion and loss of soil.
  - C It makes land available for agriculture.
  - **D** It pollutes the air with methane.

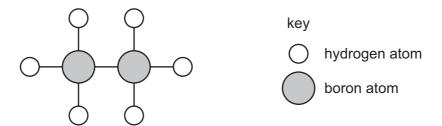
14 Which dye, W, X, Y or Z, is a mixture of only dyes P and Q?



- 15 Which process is **not** a chemical change?
  - A the distillation of petroleum
  - B the electrolysis of molten lead bromide
  - **C** the rusting of iron

W

- **D** the thermal decomposition of calcium carbonate
- **16** A model of a molecule is shown.



Which row shows the formula of this molecule and describes the type of bonding between the atoms?

	formula	bonding
Α	2BH₃	covalent
В	2BH₃	ionic
С	$B_2H_6$	covalent
D	$B_2H_6$	ionic

17 Which row describes the observations at the inert electrodes during the electrolysis of aqueous copper chloride?

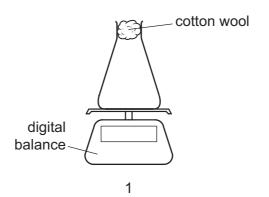
	at the positive electrode	at the negative electrode
A	a colourless gas is given off	a pink solid appears
В	a pale green gas is given off	a pink solid appears
С	a pink solid appears	a colourless gas is given off
D	a pink solid appears	a pale green gas is given off

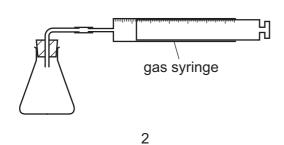
18 Which type of reaction and which temperature change take place when an acid reacts with an alkali?

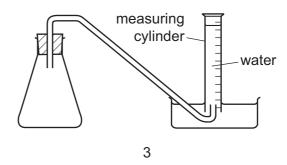
	type of reaction	temperature change
Α	endothermic	decrease
В	endothermic	increase
С	exothermic	decrease
D	exothermic	increase

**19** Solid calcium carbonate reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid to produce aqueous calcium chloride, carbon dioxide and water.

Which apparatus can be used with a stopwatch to measure the speed of this reaction?







**A** 1, 2 and 3

**B** 1 and 2 only

C 1 and 3 only

**D** 2 and 3 only

**20** Copper sulfate is made when copper carbonate is added to dilute sulfuric acid.

The copper carbonate is added until no more carbon dioxide is given off.

The mixture is .....1..... to remove excess copper carbonate.

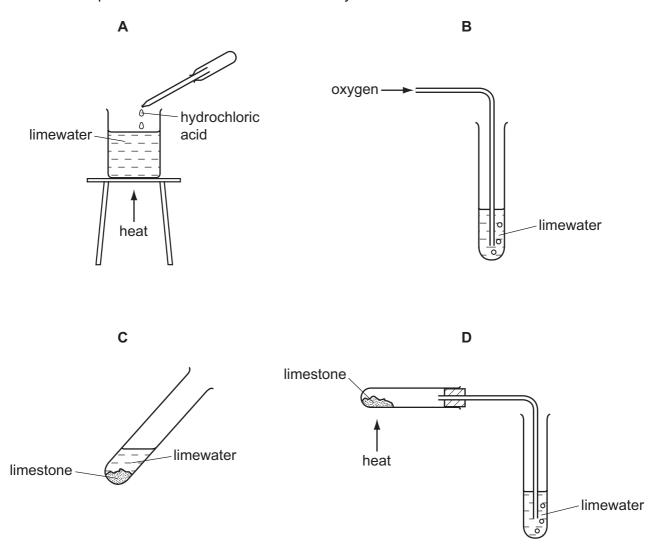
The resulting solution is then .....2..... to decrease the volume.

This solution is then .....3..... to allow the formation of pure copper sulfate crystals.

Which words complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
Α	boiled	heated	left to cool
В	filtered	cooled	left to cool
С	filtered	heated	evaporated to dryness
D	filtered	heated	left to cool

21 In which experiment does limewater become milky?



- 22 Which statement about lithium, sodium and potassium is not correct?
  - **A** They are in the same group of the Periodic Table.
  - **B** They are in the same period of the Periodic Table.
  - **C** They float on water.
  - **D** They react with water to give a flammable gas.

- 23 The properties of some substances are listed.
  - 1 act as catalysts
  - 2 have high melting points
  - 3 form acidic oxides
  - 4 form coloured compounds

What are the properties of transition metals?

- **A** 1, 2 and 3
- **B** 1, 2 and 4
- **C** 1, 3 and 4
- **D** 2, 3 and 4
- **24** Five metals are reacted with cold water and with dilute hydrochloric acid.

Some of the results are shown.

	cold water	dilute hydrochloric acid
calcium	rapid reaction	
copper		no observable change
iron		a few bubbles of gas
magnesium	a few bubbles of gas	many bubbles of gas
sodium	violent reaction	

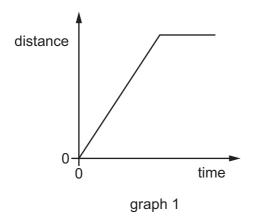
What is the order of reactivity, from most to least reactive?

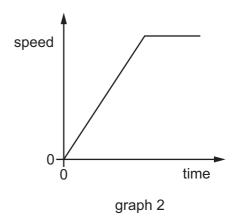
- **A** copper  $\rightarrow$  calcium  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  iron  $\rightarrow$  sodium
- **B** copper  $\rightarrow$  iron  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  calcium  $\rightarrow$  sodium
- **C** sodium  $\rightarrow$  calcium  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  iron  $\rightarrow$  copper
- **D** sodium  $\rightarrow$  iron  $\rightarrow$  magnesium  $\rightarrow$  calcium  $\rightarrow$  copper
- 25 Which conditions are required for rusting?
  - A air only
  - B air and water
  - C salt and water
  - **D** water only
- 26 What is used to reduce the acidity of soil?
  - A fertiliser
  - **B** lime
  - C magnesium ions
  - **D** sand

27 Poly(ethene) is made from ethene by the process of addition polymerisation.

Which word describes ethene in this process?

- **A** fuel
- **B** monomer
- C polymer
- **D** solvent
- 28 The diagram shows two graphs. Graph 1 is a distance/time graph. Graph 2 is a speed/time graph.

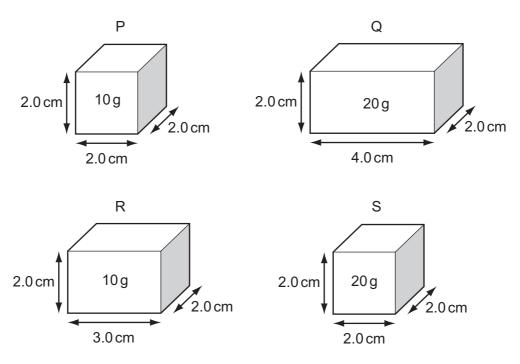




Which graphs represent a car that accelerates and then travels at a constant speed?

- A graph 1 and graph 2
- B graph 1 only
- C graph 2 only
- D neither graph 1 nor graph 2

**29** Four rectangular blocks P, Q, R and S are shown. Each block is labelled with its dimensions and its mass.



Which two blocks have the same density?

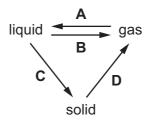
- A P and Q
- B P and R
- C Q and R
- D R and S

- 30 Which energy source is renewable?
  - A coal
  - **B** natural gas
  - C nuclear fission
  - **D** wind
- 31 When a liquid evaporates, molecules escape from the surface.

Which row shows which molecules escape and the average energy of the remaining molecules?

	molecules escaping	average energy of remaining molecules
Α	the less energetic molecules	decreases
В	the less energetic molecules	stays the same
С	the more energetic molecules	decreases
D	the more energetic molecules	stays the same

32 Which labelled arrow on the diagram represents condensation?



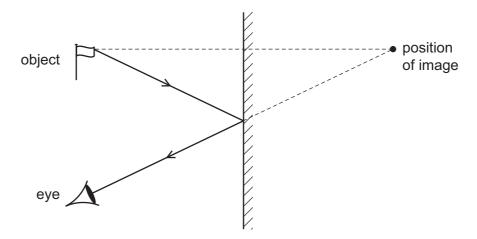
- 33 How is thermal energy transferred in a vacuum?
  - A by conduction and convection
  - **B** by convection and radiation
  - **C** by convection only
  - **D** by radiation only
- **34** A water wave passes point Y.

A student counts how many wave crests pass point Y in 30 seconds.

Using **only** this information, what can the student calculate?

- A the amplitude of the wave
- B the frequency of the wave
- **C** the speed of the wave
- **D** the wavelength of the wave

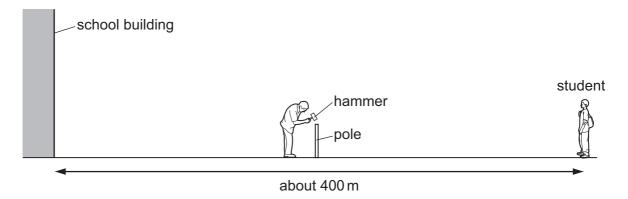
**35** The image formed by a plane mirror is upright.



What are the other characteristics of the image?

	magnified (larger than the object)	virtual
Α	no	no
В	no	yes
С	yes	no
D	yes	yes

**36** A sports field is next to a large school building. At the far side of the sports field, a student sees a groundsman hit a pole with a hammer.

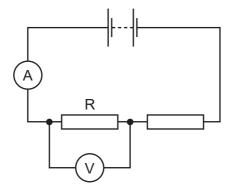


After the hammer hits the pole, the student hears two bangs.

Why does the student hear two bangs?

	first bang caused by	second bang caused by
Α	sound of hammer hitting pole	sound of pole hitting hammer
В	sound reaching the student's left ear	sound reaching the student's right ear
С	sound reaching student directly	sound reflected back from school building
D	sound due to an echo from school building	sound reaching student directly

**37** The circuit shows a battery connected to two resistors in series.



The reading on the ammeter is 2.0 A and the reading on the voltmeter is 8.0 V.

What is the resistance of resistor R?

**A**  $0.25\Omega$ 

**B**  $4.0\Omega$ 

 $\mathbf{C}$  10  $\Omega$ 

**D**  $16\Omega$ 

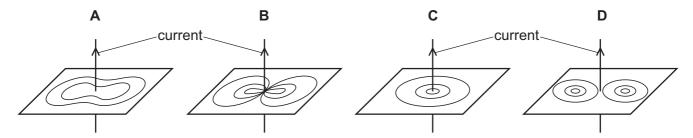
38 The cables in a circuit can safely carry a maximum current of 4 A.

A 3 A fuse and a 5 A fuse are available for protection.

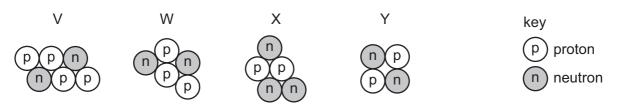
What is the purpose of the fuse and which fuse is suitable?

	purpose	suitable fuse
Α	to prevent cables overheating	3 A
В	to prevent cables overheating	5A
С	to prevent electric shock	3A
D	to prevent electric shock	5A

39 Which diagram shows the magnetic field pattern around a straight wire carrying a current?



**40** The diagrams represent the nuclei of four different atoms V, W, X and Y.



Which two diagrams represent isotopes of the same element?

A V and W

**B** W and X

C X and Y

**D** Y and V

**17** 

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	III/	2	Не	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
	II/				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	¥	astatine -			
	IN				80	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>L</u> e	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium –	116		livermorium -
	^				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	۵	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	: <u>.</u>	bismuth 209			
	<u> </u>				9	O	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium
	Ξ				2	В	boron 11	13	Νſ	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	lΤ	thallium 204			
											30	Zu	zinc 65	48	В	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copemicium
											29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group											28	z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Gre											27	ဝိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	Ι	iridium 192	109	M	meitnerium -
		-	I	hydrogen 1							26	Ьe	iron 56	4	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
											25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ပ	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –
						pol	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	٦	tantalum 181	105	Ор	dubnium –
						atc	re				22	i=	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	꿆	rutherfordium —
											21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57–71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -
	_				3	:=	lithium 7	7	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	Вb	rubidium 85	55	S	caesium 133	87	Ŧ	francium -

71	n	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	I
20	Υp	ytterbium 173	102	8 N	nobelium	I
69	H	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium	ı
89	щ	erbium 167	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	웃	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium	I
99	۵	dysprosium 163	86	Ç	califomium	I
65	Д	terbium 159	6	ă	berkelium	ı
64	gq	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	ı
63	En	europium 152	92	Am	americium	ı
62	Sm	samarium 150	94	Pu	plutonium	I
61	Pm	promethium -	93	d	neptunium	ı
09	PZ	neodymium 144	92	$\supset$	uranium	238
29	P	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Oe	cerium 140	06	드	thorium	232
22	Гa	lanthanum 139	88	Ac	actinium	I

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.)