0654/12



Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

February/March 2022 45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

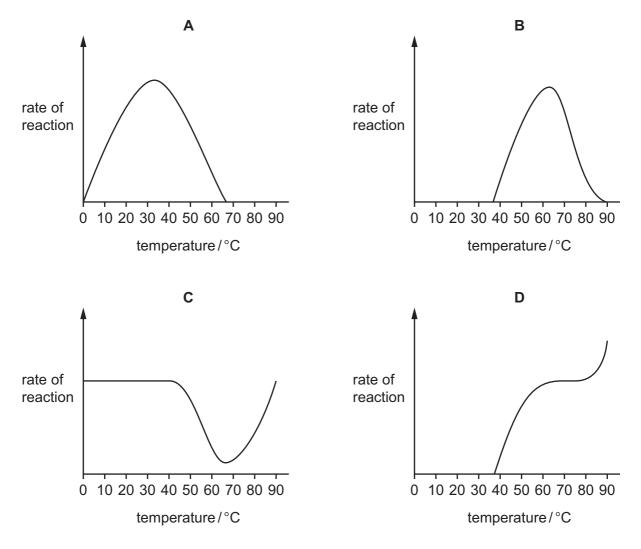
	excretion	movement	respiration
Α	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
в	\checkmark	\checkmark	x
С	\checkmark	X	\checkmark
D	X	\checkmark	✓

1 Which processes occur in **both** animals **and** plants?

- 2 Which statements about osmosis are correct?
 - 1 Osmosis requires a membrane.
 - 2 Water can move out of cells by osmosis.
 - 3 Water can move into cells by osmosis.
 - **A** 1 and 2 only **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 1, 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 3 only
- 3 Which chemical element is found in all proteins, but **not** in all carbohydrates or fats?
 - A carbon
 - B hydrogen
 - **C** oxygen
 - **D** nitrogen

4 The Pompeii worm lives in deep-sea hydrothermal vents where **average** temperatures are often as high as 68 °C.

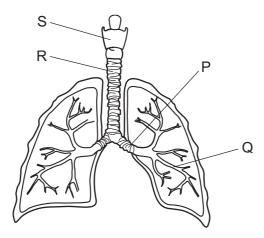
Which graph represents the activity of enzymes found in the Pompeii worm?



- 5 Which ion is important for chlorophyll production in plants?
 - A calcium
 - **B** iron
 - C magnesium
 - D nitrate
- **6** What is assimilation?
 - A the movement of digested food molecules into the cells of the body where they are used, becoming part of the cells
 - **B** the movement of digested food molecules through the wall of the intestine into the blood
 - C the passing out of food that has not been digested, as faeces, through the anus
 - **D** the taking of food and drink into the body through the mouth

0654/12/F/M/22

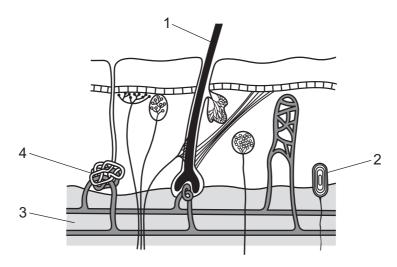
- 7 In which conditions will the rate of transpiration be greatest?
 - A 10 °C and high humidity
 - **B** 10 °C and low humidity
 - **C** 30 °C and high humidity
 - **D** 30 °C and low humidity
- 8 The diagram shows the main structures in the breathing system of humans.



Which row identifies the larynx, bronchus, trachea and bronchioles?

	larynx	bronchus	trachea	bronchioles
Α	Р	Q	R	S
в	R	Р	S	Q
С	S	Р	R	Q
D	S	Q	Р	R

9 The diagram shows a section through the skin.



Which labelled structures help to maintain body temperature in the cold?

Α	1 and 3	В	1 and 4	С	2 and 3	D	3 and 4
---	---------	---	---------	---	---------	---	---------

10 During the menstrual cycle, an egg is released at ovulation.

The egg passes out of the body if it is not fertilised.

What is the correct order of structures through which the egg passes?

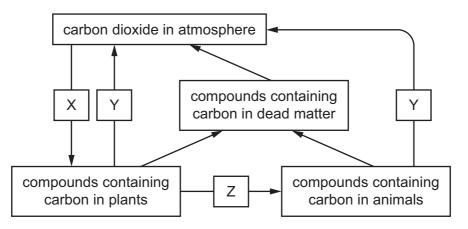
- **A** cervix \rightarrow oviduct \rightarrow uterus \rightarrow vagina
- $\textbf{B} \quad \text{oviduct} \rightarrow \text{uterus} \rightarrow \text{cervix} \rightarrow \text{vagina}$
- **C** oviduct \rightarrow vagina \rightarrow cervix \rightarrow uterus
- **D** uterus \rightarrow oviduct \rightarrow vagina \rightarrow cervix
- **11** Which statement is correct?
 - **A** An allele is a version of a gene.
 - **B** DNA is only found in gametes.
 - **C** A gene is a length of DNA that codes for fats.
 - **D** Cells of human males contain two X chromosomes.

12 The diagram shows a food chain.

beech tree \rightarrow insect \rightarrow shrew \rightarrow owl

Which statement is correct?

- **A** The beech tree is a consumer.
- **B** The insect is a producer.
- **C** The owl is a carnivore.
- **D** The shrew is a herbivore.
- **13** The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



What are processes X, Y and Z?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	decomposition	respiration	feeding
в	photosynthesis	respiration	feeding
С	photosynthesis	decomposition	respiration
D	decomposition	photosynthesis	respiration

14 Substance P is separated into different parts using simple physical techniques.

Substance Q is only separated into simpler parts using chemical processes.

Substance R is not separated into simpler parts by either physical or chemical processes.

Which type of substance are P, Q and R?

	Р	Q	R
Α	compound	mixture	element
в	element	compound	mixture
С	mixture	element	compound
D	mixture	compound	element

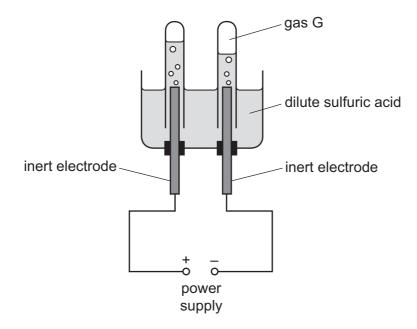
15 Propene, C_3H_6 , burns in excess oxygen to form carbon dioxide and water.

 $wC_3H_6 + xO_2 \rightarrow yCO_2 + zH_2O$

Which values of *w*, *x*, *y* and *z* balance this equation?

	W	X	У	Z
Α	1	9	3	3
в	1	5	3	6
С	2	9	6	6
D	2	5	6	3

16 The diagram shows the electrolysis of dilute sulfuric acid.



Gas G ignites with a 'pop' when it is tested with a lighted splint.

What is gas G and at which electrode is it formed?

	gas G	electrode
Α	hydrogen	anode
В	hydrogen	cathode
С	oxygen	anode
D	oxygen	cathode

17 Ammonium nitrate is dissolved in a beaker of water.

The temperature of the water decreases by $5 \,^{\circ}$ C.

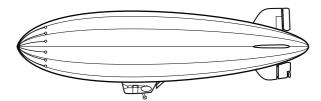
Which type of reaction occurs?

- A endothermic
- **B** exothermic
- **C** oxidation
- D reduction

- 18 Which reaction is not a redox reaction?
 - **A** iron oxide + carbon \rightarrow iron + carbon dioxide
 - **B** silver nitrate + sodium chloride \rightarrow silver chloride + sodium nitrate
 - **C** copper oxide + hydrogen \rightarrow copper + water
 - **D** magnesium + oxygen \rightarrow magnesium oxide
- 19 Which test and its result identifies aqueous bromide ions?
 - A adding acidified aqueous silver nitrate forming a cream precipitate
 - **B** adding acidified aqueous silver nitrate forming a white precipitate
 - **C** adding aluminium foil and heating with sodium hydroxide forming a gas that turns red litmus paper blue
 - **D** adding dilute acid forming a gas that produces a white precipitate when bubbled through limewater
- 20 Which row about the trends in the elements going down Group I of the Periodic Table is correct?

	reactivity	melting point	
Α	decreases	decreases	
В	decreases	increases	
С	increases	decreases	
D	increases	increases	

21 An airship containing an unreactive gas floats in air, as shown.



Which gas is used to fill the airship?

- A carbon dioxide
- **B** helium
- C hydrogen
- **D** nitrogen

22 Duralumin and magnalium are alloys used in the manufacture of aircraft.

They both contain aluminium and another metallic element.

The alloys are made up of1..... of each element.

They are used because they are2..... than the pure metals.

Which words complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	atoms	harder
в	atoms	softer
С	molecules	harder
D	molecules	softer

- 23 Which metal is extracted from its ore by heating with carbon?
 - A copper
 - **B** magnesium
 - **C** potassium
 - D sodium
- **24** Anhydrous cobalt(II) chloride changes colour when water is added.

Which row shows the colour before and after water is added?

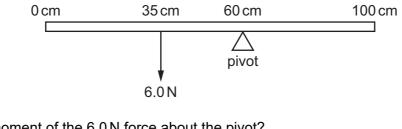
	before	after
Α	blue	pink
В	blue	white
С	white	blue
D	white	pink

- 25 Which substances neutralise acids?
 - 1 lime
 - 2 limestone
 - 3 calcium hydroxide
 - A 1 and 2 only B 1 and 3 only C 2 and 3 only D 1, 2 and 3

26 Butane is a hydrocarbon.

What is the word equation for the complete combustion of butane?

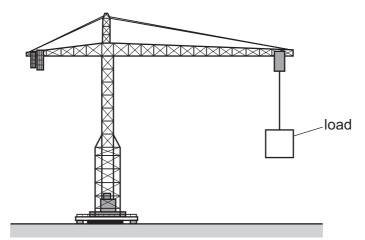
- A butane + oxygen \rightarrow carbon + water
- **B** butane + oxygen \rightarrow carbon dioxide + carbon monoxide + water
- **C** butane + oxygen \rightarrow carbon dioxide + water
- **D** butane + oxygen \rightarrow carbon monoxide + water
- 27 Which statement about poly(ethene) is correct?
 - A It is an alkene.
 - **B** It is formed in a reaction called cracking.
 - **C** It is obtained from the bitumen fraction of petroleum.
 - **D** It is made by an addition reaction.
- 28 Which expression is the definition of density?
 - A mass volume
 - B <u>volume</u> mass
 - **C** area × mass
 - $\textbf{D} \quad mass \times volume$
- **29** The diagram shows a metre rule with a pivot at the 60 cm mark. A force of 6.0 N is applied at the 35 cm mark in the direction shown.



What is the moment of the 6.0 N force about the pivot?

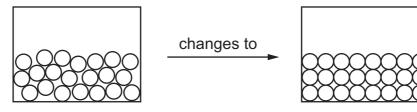
Α	150 N cm	В	210 N cm	С	360 N cm	D	390 N cm
---	----------	---	----------	---	----------	---	----------

30 A crane does work on a load by lifting it vertically upwards.



Which action decreases the work done on the load?

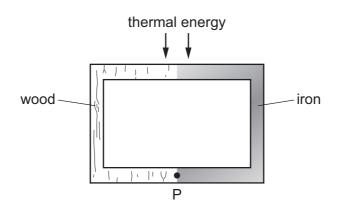
- A lifting the load higher
- **B** lifting the load more slowly
- **C** reducing the mass of the load
- D using a more powerful crane
- 31 Which source of energy is non-renewable?
 - A hydroelectric
 - B nuclear fission
 - **C** tides
 - D waves
- **32** The diagram shows the change in the arrangement of the atoms in a substance that is changing state.



What is the change of state?

- **A** boiling
- B condensation
- **C** melting
- D solidification

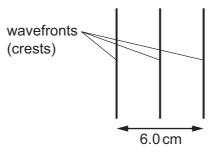
33 The diagram shows an object made partly of wood and partly of iron. Thermal energy is supplied in the position shown. Point P is marked at the bottom of the object.



How does most thermal energy reach point P?

- A by conduction through the iron
- **B** by conduction through the wood
- **C** by convection through the iron
- **D** by convection through the wood
- **34** The diagram shows a water wave seen from above.

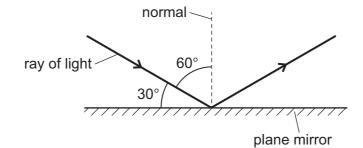
One wavefront (crest) is made every 0.50 s.



What is the frequency of the wave and what is its wavelength?

	frequency/Hz	wavelength/cm
Α	0.50	3.0
в	0.50	6.0
С	2.0	3.0
D	2.0	6.0

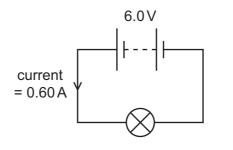
35 The diagram shows a ray of light which is reflected from a plane mirror.



What is the angle of incidence and what is the angle of reflection?

	angle of incidence/°	angle of reflection/°
Α	30	30
В	30	60
С	60	30
D	60	60

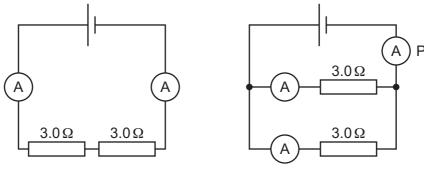
36 A 6.0 V battery is connected to a lamp. The current in the circuit is 0.60 A.



What is the resistance of the lamp?

A 0.10 Ω **B** 3.6 Ω **C** 10 Ω **D** 36 Ω

37 The diagrams show a series circuit and a parallel circuit. One ammeter in the parallel circuit is labelled P.

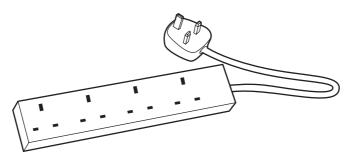


series circuit



Which statement is correct?

- **A** The total resistance of the series circuit is 3.0Ω .
- **B** The total resistance of the parallel circuit is 6.0Ω .
- **C** In the series circuit, the readings on the ammeters are the same.
- **D** In the parallel circuit, the reading on ammeter P is less than the reading on either of the other two ammeters.
- **38** An electrical extension block has four sockets, a cable which can safely take a current of 6A and a plug. It is protected by a fuse rated at 5A.



The extension block is used with four appliances and the 5A fuse blows. The owner replaces the 5A fuse with a 13A fuse.

Why is the extension block now dangerous?

- **A** The appliances may not receive enough current.
- **B** The cable may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **C** The sockets may burn out before the fuse blows.
- **D** The 13 A fuse may blow too soon.

39 How do the ionising effect and the penetrating ability of alpha-emissions compare with those of beta-emissions?

	ionising effect	penetrating ability
Α	alpha more ionising than beta	alpha more penetrating than beta
В	alpha more ionising than beta	alpha less penetrating than beta
С	alpha less ionising than beta	alpha more penetrating than beta
D	alpha less ionising than beta	alpha less penetrating than beta

40 A radioactive isotope has a half-life of 18 years. A sample contains 80 million atoms of this isotope.

How long does it take for the number of atoms of this isotope in the sample to decrease to 10 million?

- A 2.25 years
- **B** 6.0 years
- C 54 years
- D 180 years

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of Cambridge Assessment. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is a department of the University of Cambridge.

The Periodic Table of Elements

	_			- -										c	T										7
Group		2	He	heliun	4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	Y	krypto	5	54	×e	xenor 131	86	Rn	rador				
	IIV					6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Ъ	bromine	00	53	Ι	iodine 127	85	At	astatine	1			
	⊳					8	0	oxygen 16	16	ა	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium	19	52	Те	tellurium 128	84	Ъо	polonium	116	L<	livermorium 	I
	>				-	7	z	nitrogen 14	15	٩	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic	6/	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	B	bismuth	607			
	2				-	9	U	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium	2	50	Sn	tin 119	82	РЬ	lead 207	114	Fl	flerovium	
	≡				-	5	ш	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	0/	49	In	indium 115	81	L1	thallium	t 07			
					L							30	Zn	zinc	60	48	ро	cadmium 112	80	Hg	mercury 201	112	Cu	copernicium	
												29	Cu	copper	04	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold 107	111	Rg	roentgenium	
												28	ïZ	nickel	29	46	Ъd	palladium 106	78	£	platinum 105	110	Ds	darmstadtium	
												27	ပိ	cobalt	<u>م</u>	45	ЪЧ	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 102	109	Mt	meitnerium	
		.	т	hydrogen	-							26	Ъe	iron	oc :	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	SO	osmium 100	108	Hs	hassium	
												25	Mn	manganese	<u>6</u>	43	Ч	technetium -	75	Re	186	107	Bh	bohrium	
								SS				24	۲	chromium	70	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	8	tungsten 18.4	106	Sg	seaborgium	
					Ney	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium		41	qN	niobium 93	73	Та	tantalum 181	105	Db	dubnium	
						ຒ	ato	rela				22	F	titanium	- 40	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ŧ	hafnium 178	104	Ŗ	rutherfordium	-
					L				-			21	Sc	scandium	C +	39	≻	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids		
	=					4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium	40	38	ي ک	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium	-
	_				-	ი	:	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium	29	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	Ч	francium	-

Lu Iutetium 175 103 Lr Iawrencium Yby Ytterbium 173 102 102 NO mendelevium thulium 101 Md Er 167 100 Fm femium holmium 165 99 99 Dy dysprosium 163 98 Cf Tb 159 97 97 berkelium $\begin{array}{c|c} & 64 \\ & & \\ &$ Eu ^{europium} 152 95 95 americium Sm 150 94 94 Pu Putonium Pm promethium Np neptunium 144 92 U uranium 238 Praseodymium 141 91 Pa protactinium 231 Cerium 140 90 90 90 232 232 La lanthanum 139 AC actinium actinoids

⁰⁹ Nd

lanthanoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,dm^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).