



Cambridge IGCSE™

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/33

Paper 3 Theory (Core)

October/November 2022

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **15** printed pages.

PUBLISHED**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Science-Specific Marking Principles

- 1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.
- 2 The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.
- 3 Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).
- 4 The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.
- 5 'List rule' guidance
For questions that require *n* responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):
 - The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
 - Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards *n*.
 - Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards *n*.
 - Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
 - Non-contradictory responses after the first *n* responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

6 Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g. $a \times 10^n$) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient (a) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

7 Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	A ;	1
1(a)(ii)	suitable temperature ;	1
1(b)(i)	carbohydrates ; light ;	2
1(b)(ii)	carbon dioxide ; water ;	2
1(c)	amino acids ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	coal / natural gas ;	1
2(b)	change is reversible / no new products formed ;	1
2(c)	<p>bitumen – road surfaces ; gas oil – diesel engine fuel ;</p> <p>fraction use</p> <pre> graph LR subgraph fraction B[bitumen] G[gas oil] Gs[gasoline] end subgraph use C[cooking fuel] D[diesel engine fuel] P[petrol engine fuel] R[road surfaces] end B --- R G --- D Gs --- P </pre>	2
2(d)(i)	contains a carbon-carbon double bond ;	1
2(d)(ii)	aqueous bromine ; alkane – no change / stays orange ; alkene – decolourises ; OWTTE	3

Question	Answer	Marks
2(d)(iii)	six ;	1
2(d)(iv)	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{H} \quad \text{H} \\ \quad \\ \text{H}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{H} \\ \quad \\ \text{H} \quad \text{H} \end{array} $ single carbon – carbon bond ; all else correct ;	2
2(d)(v)	polyethene / polythene ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	C ;	1
3(b)	36 km = 36 000 m and 2 hours = 7200 s ; distance ÷ time (symbols or words) or substitution ; 5 (m / s) ;	3
3(c)(i)	cancer / cell mutation ;	1
3(c)(ii)	lead ;	1
3(d)	4 half-lives / division by 16 ; 0.0625 (g) ;	2
3(e)	correct reflection at top mirror ; correct reflection at bottom mirror ;	2

Question	Answer	Marks										
4(a)(i)	the distance travelled by the dyes increases with time ;	1										
4(a)(ii)	6 ; (6 / 30) = 0.2 (mm / s) ;	2										
4(b)	from a region of higher concentration to a region of lower concentration ; by random movement ;	2										
4(c)(i)	cell membrane ;	1										
4(c)(ii)	glucose circled ; oxygen circled ;	2										
4(d)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>component of cell</th> <th>function</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>vacuole ;</td> <td>contains cell sap that supports the plant cell</td> </tr> <tr> <td>cytoplasm</td> <td>where chemical reactions occur / contains the cell structures / contain enzymes ;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>chloroplast ;</td> <td>where photosynthesis occurs</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	component of cell	function	vacuole ;	contains cell sap that supports the plant cell	cytoplasm	where chemical reactions occur / contains the cell structures / contain enzymes ;	chloroplast ;	where photosynthesis occurs			3
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vacuole ;	contains cell sap that supports the plant cell											
cytoplasm	where chemical reactions occur / contains the cell structures / contain enzymes ;											
chloroplast ;	where photosynthesis occurs											

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	NH ₃ ;	1
5(a)(ii)	Cl ₂ ;	1
5(a)(iii)	CO ;	1

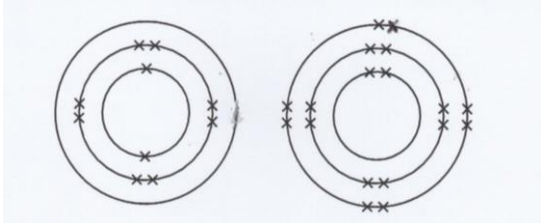
Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(iv)	N ₂ ;	1
5(a)(v)	CH ₄ ;	1
5(b)(i)	carbon dioxide ;	1
5(b)(ii)	neutralise (acidic) soil ;	1
5(b)(iii)	nitrogen ; phosphorus ; potassium ;; <i>1 correct 1 mark</i> <i>3 correct 2 marks</i>	2

Question	Answer	Marks							
6(a)	echo ;	1							
6(b)(i)	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;">X-rays</td> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;">UV</td> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;">infrared</td> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 40px; height: 20px;">radio waves</td> </tr> </table>		X-rays	UV		infrared		radio waves	1
	X-rays	UV		infrared		radio waves			
6(b)(ii)	radio waves ;	1							

Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)(i)	<p style="text-align: center;">term definition</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">amplitude</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">distance between the peaks on consecutive waves</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">frequency</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">maximum displacement of points on a wave</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">wavelength</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">number of waves passing a fixed point per second</div> </div> <p style="margin-top: 20px;"><i>1 correct 1 mark ; 3 correct 2 marks ;</i></p>	2
6(c)(ii)	highest frequency heard by a human is 20 000 Hz ;	1
6(c)(iii)	pitch increases ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(i)	22.0–22.9 (cm) ;	1
7(a)(ii)	4 ;	1
7(a)(iii)	there is a range (of hand spans between two extremes) ;	1
7(a)(iv)	height / <i>any valid point</i> ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(b)(i)	correct female sex chromosomes ; correct offspring chromosomes ;	2
7(b)(ii)	1:1 ;	1
7(c)	DNA gene chromosome nucleus ;; <i>1 mark for DNA and nucleus in correct place</i> <i>1 mark for gene smaller than chromosome (in any position)</i>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	1 ; 19 ; 1 ;	3
8(b)	 <p>sodium ion chloride ion</p> <p>sodium ion 2.8.; chloride ion 2.8.8 ;</p>	2
8(c)(i)	one correctly labelled ; three correctly labelled ;	2
8(c)(ii)	chlorine ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
8(c)(iii)	lighted splint ; goes pop ;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)	$w = mg$ (symbols or words) or $400\,000 \times 10$; $4\,000\,000$ (N) ;	2
9(b)(i)	$700\,000$ (N) ;	1
9(b)(ii)	resultant force (is not zero) ;	1
9(c)(i)	1 (J) ;	1
9(c)(ii)	$V = IR$ (words or symbols) or 0.060×1900 ; $= 114$; V or volts ;	3
9(c)(iii)	100 mA ; must be higher than max current (but not too much higher) ;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)(i)	K ; F ; K / C ; A ;	4
10(a)(ii)	D – pancreas ; H – gall bladder ;	2

Question	Answer			Marks	
10(b)	feature			3	
	process	movement of digested food molecules	movement into blood		movement into cells
	absorption	✓	✓		
	assimilation	✓			✓
	;;; <i>1 mark for each column</i>				

Question	Answer	Marks
<p>10(c)</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: flex-start; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">carbohydrates</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">fibre</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">iron</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">protein</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">vitamin D</div> </div> <p>⋮⋮⋮</p> <p><i>1 mark for each correct link</i></p>	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: flex-start; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">for growth and repair of tissues</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">main source of energy</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">needed for bone growth</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">needed for haemoglobin</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">needed for insulation</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px; text-align: center;">prevents constipation</div> </div>	<p>4</p>

Question	Answer	Marks
11(a)(i)	filtration ;	1
11(a)(ii)	copper sulfate ;	1
11(a)(iii)	two non-metals bonding / electrons are shared ;	1
11(a)(iv)	exothermic ;	1
11(a)(v)	(rate of reaction) decreases ;	1
11(b)	<i>any two from:</i> high density ; catalyst ; variable valency ;	2
11(c)(i)	alloy ;	1
11(c)(ii)	stronger / <i>any valid point</i> ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
12(a)	same size ; upright ;	2
12(b)(i)	S somewhere between 5 s and 12 s ;	1
12(b)(ii)	kinetic energy ;	1
12(b)(iii)	36 000 m / s ;	1
12(c)(i)	volume = mass ÷ density (words or symbols) or 22 500 ÷ 7500 ; = 3.0 m ³ ;	2
12(c)(ii)	use a magnet ;	1

Question	Answer	Marks
12(d)(i)	conduction ;	1
12(d)(ii)	fastest moving / most energetic molecules ; escape at surface ;	2
12(d)(iii)	solid – all touching and regular arrangement ; liquid – all / most touching and irregular arrangement ;	2