Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/13

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

October/November 2022

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

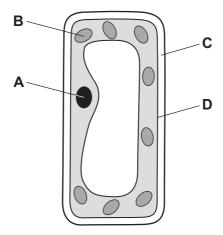
INSTRUCTIONS

- There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

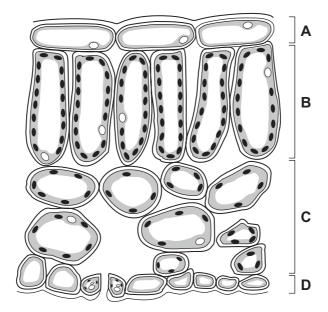
- **1** Which characteristic of living organisms involves chemical reactions that break down nutrient molecules to release energy?
 - **A** excretion
 - **B** nutrition
 - **C** reproduction
 - **D** respiration
- 2 Which structure in a plant cell allows osmosis to occur?



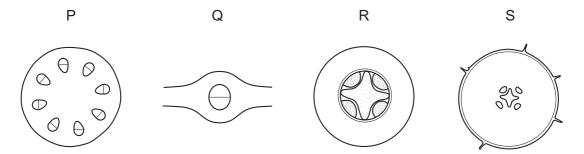
- 3 Glycerol is a component of which large molecules?
 - A fats
 - **B** glycogen
 - **C** proteins
 - **D** starch
- 4 Which process involves enzymes?
 - A absorption
 - **B** digestion
 - C egestion
 - **D** ingestion

5 The diagram shows a section of a dicotyledonous leaf.

Which layer is the spongy mesophyll?



- **6** Which food ensures the blood has enough haemoglobin to carry oxygen?
 - A cheese which contains a large amount of calcium
 - **B** orange juice which contains a large amount of vitamin C
 - **C** liver which contains a large amount of iron
 - D salmon which contains a large amount of vitamin D
- 7 The diagrams represent sections through a root, a stem and a leaf mid-rib, not drawn to the same scale.



In which row are the sections correctly identified?

	root	stem	leaf
Α	Р	S	R
В	Q	R	S
С	R	Р	Q
D	S	Q	Р

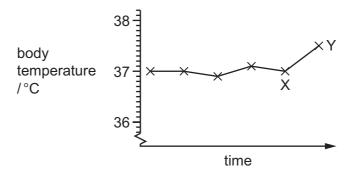
8 A student places an insect in a sealed test-tube and measures the concentration of oxygen and carbon dioxide in the test-tube. The insect is left for 30 minutes.

The concentration of oxygen and carbon dioxide are then measured again. The results are shown in the table.

Which row shows how these concentrations change during the experiment?

	oxygen concentration	carbon dioxide concentration
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

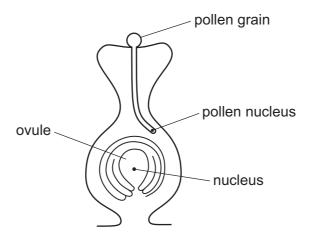
9 The graph shows the variation of body temperature over time of a healthy person at rest.



How will the body reverse the temperature change shown between times X and Y?

- A decreased breathing rate
- B decreased pulse rate
- C shivering
- **D** sweating

10 The diagram shows a cross-section of a carpel of an insect-pollinated flower.



Which row correctly shows the processes that have taken place?

	pollination	fertilisation	
Α	✓	✓	key
В	✓	X	✓ = has occurred
С	X	✓	x = has not occurred
D	X	X	

11 Which diagram correctly shows sex inheritance in humans?

	Α			
	I	male g	ametes	
		Х	Х	
female	Y	XY	XY	
gametes	Y	XY	XY	

	male gametes			
		X	Υ	
female	Х	XX	XY	
gametes	Y	XY	YY	

В

	С					
	ı	male g	ametes			
		Х	Υ			
female	Х	xx	XY			
gametes	Х	XX	XY			

	ı	male ga	ametes
		Υ	Υ
female	Х	XY	XY
gametes	Х	XY	XY

D

12 What is a carnivore?

	Α	an organism that gets its energy by eating animals						
	В	an organism that gets its energy by eating plants						
	С	an organism tha	at ge	ets its energy fro	m de	ead matter		
	D	an organism tha	at m	akes its own org	janic	matter		
13	Wh	at is an undesira	able	effect of defores	tatio	n?		
	Α	It increases the	оху	gen concentration	on of	the atmosphere).	
	В	It leads to erosi	ion a	and loss of soil.				
	С	It makes land a	vaila	able for agricultu	re.			
	D	It pollutes the a	ir wi	th methane.				
14	In w	hich substance	are	the particles clos	sest	together at room	ten	nperature?
	Α	CO ₂	В	Ne	С	N_2	D	Zn
15	Hov	v many neutrons	s are	in one atom of	the is	sotope ³⁵ C <i>l</i> ?		
	Α	17	В	18	С	35	D	52
16	A m	nixture contains v	wate	r, H₂O, copper o	chlori	ide, CuC $l_{ m 2}$, and I	bariu	um sulfate, BaSO₄.
	Hov	v many different	non	-metallic elemer	nts ai	re in the mixture	?	
	Α	2	В	4	С	7	D	12
17	Wh	ich process is us	sed t	o produce sodiu	m ar	nd chlorine from	the	compound sodium chloride?
	Α	chromatograph	у					
	В	cracking						
	С	distillation						
	D	electrolysis						

18 A metal oxide powder is added to a dilute acid.

The initial temperature of the acid is 21 °C. The pH of the acid is 2.

When all the acid has reacted, the temperature of the reaction mixture is 23 °C and the pH is 7.

Which statement describes this reaction?

- A It is endothermic and neutralisation.
- **B** It is endothermic and oxidation.
- **C** It is exothermic and neutralisation
- **D** It is exothermic and oxidation.
- 19 A chemical reaction produces a gas.

The volume of gas given off over time is measured.

The results are shown.

time/s	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
volume of gas/cm ³	0	27	48	63	77	86	89	90	90

During which time period is the rate of reaction greatest?

- A 0-10 seconds
- B 20-30 seconds
- C 40-50 seconds
- **D** 60–70 seconds
- **20** Which gas is produced when zinc reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid?
 - A carbon dioxide
 - **B** hydrogen
 - C oxygen
 - **D** sulfur dioxide
- **21** What is **not** a property of transition elements?
 - A They often act as catalysts.
 - **B** They form coloured compounds.
 - **C** They have high densities.
 - **D** They have low melting points.

22 F	ilament	lamps	requir	e an	inert	atmos	phere.
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Which gas is used to fill these lamps?

- A argon
- **B** helium
- C hydrogen
- **D** oxygen
- 23 Alloys are formed by dissolving one metal in another.

Alloys are	1
2	allovs conduct electricity.

Which words complete gaps 1 and 2?

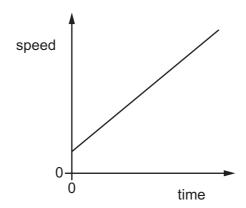
	1	2
Α	compounds	All
В	compounds	Some
С	mixtures	All
D	mixtures	Some

24 Metal X is extracted from its ore by heating the ore with carbon.

Which statement explains why carbon is used?

- A Carbon is a non-metal.
- **B** Carbon is more reactive than X.
- **C** Carbon reacts with oxygen in the air.
- **D** Carbon is less reactive than X.
- 25 Which substance turns blue when it is added to pure water?
 - A anhydrous copper(II) sulfate
 - B anhydrous cobalt(II) chloride
 - **C** red litmus
 - **D** universal indicator

- **26** What is **not** a use of limestone?
 - A manufacture of calcium oxide
 - **B** neutralising industrial waste products
 - C purifying water
 - **D** treating acidic soil
- 27 Which statement about alkanes is correct?
 - **A** They rapidly decolourise aqueous bromine.
 - **B** They are unsaturated hydrocarbons.
 - **C** They are used to make polymers.
 - **D** They can be used as fuels.
- 28 Which quantity can be measured using only a measuring cylinder?
 - A the density of a liquid
 - B the mass of a liquid
 - C the volume of a liquid
 - **D** the weight of a liquid
- **29** The graph shows how the speed of an object varies with time.



How is the motion of the object described during the time shown by the graph?

- A moving at the start, then increasing speed with constant acceleration
- **B** moving at the start, then increasing speed with increasing acceleration
- **C** starting from rest, then increasing speed with constant acceleration
- **D** starting from rest, then moving at a constant speed

30 The density of gold is 19 g/cm³. The masses and volumes of four coins are given in the table.

Which coin is made of gold?

	mass/g	volume/cm ³					
Α	1.0	1.9					
В	9.5	0.50					
С	10	1.9					
D	19	9.5					

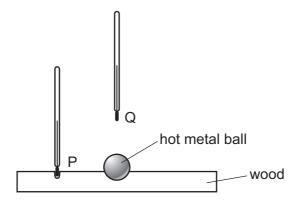
- 31 From which type of energy is electrical energy transferred in a hydroelectric power station?
 - A chemical potential energy
 - B elastic potential (strain) energy
 - C gravitational potential energy
 - **D** nuclear energy
- **32** A bowl of water is placed on a balance outside where it is sunny and windy. The reading on the balance is recorded.

After some time, the reading on the balance is less than the original reading.

Which statement explains why the reading is less?

- A The water has become cooler.
- **B** The water has become warmer.
- **C** The water has condensed.
- **D** The water has evaporated.

33 A hot metal ball is placed in a small hollow in a piece of wood. Two thermometers are placed equal distances from the ball, one at position P and one at position Q.

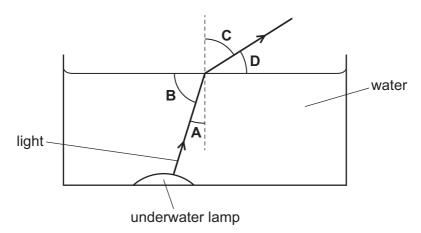


Which thermometer gives the higher reading and why?

	higher reading	reason
Α	thermometer at P	the air conducts heat sideways, not upwards
В	thermometer at P	the wood conducts heat sideways, not upwards
С	thermometer at Q	convection carries heat upwards, not sideways
D	thermometer at Q	infrared rays always carry heat upwards, not sideways

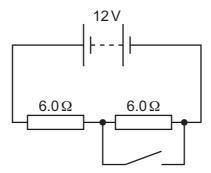
34 Light from an underwater lamp is refracted at the surface of water.

Which labelled angle is the angle of refraction of the light?



- 35 Which type of magnet can be switched on and off many times per second?
 - A an electromagnet only
 - B a permanent magnet only
 - **C** both electromagnets and permanent magnets
 - **D** neither electromagnets or permanent magnets

36 The diagram shows a 12 V battery connected to two $6.0\,\Omega$ resistors and a switch.



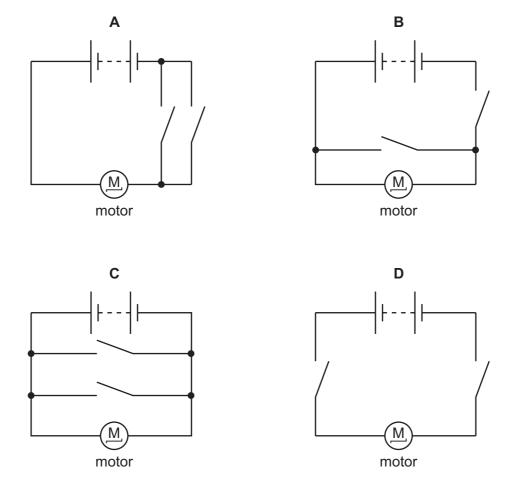
What is the current in the battery with the switch closed and what is the current with the switch open?

	current with switch closed / A	current with switch open/A
Α	1.0	1.0
В	1.0	2.0
С	2.0	1.0
D	2.0	2.0

37 The diagrams show four circuits each containing a motor and two switches. The switches are all open.

In one of the circuits, closing one of the switches on its own starts the motor turning, and closing the other switch on its own also starts the motor turning.

Which circuit is this?



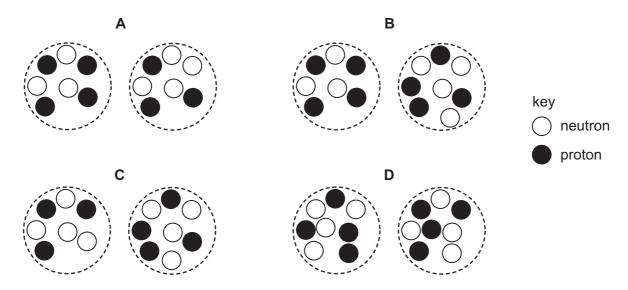
- **38** What is an advantage of connecting lamps in parallel in a circuit, rather than in series?
 - A The lamps do not use as much energy.
 - **B** The lamps last longer before failing.
 - **C** The potential difference (p.d.) across each lamp is smaller.
 - **D** When one lamp fails, all the others remain lit.

39 A device that is designed to protect a circuit contains a thin wire. When there is a large current in the circuit, the thin wire melts and cuts off the supply.

What is the device?

- A fuse
- **B** lamp
- **C** resistor
- **D** thermistor
- **40** The diagrams represent pairs of nuclei of some atoms.

Which pair shows nuclei of different isotopes of the same element?



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The Periodic Table of Elements

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>				8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Б	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium –	116	^	livermorium -
>				7	z	nitrogen 14	15	۵	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	<u>B</u>	bismuth 209			
≥				9	ပ	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	90	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium
≡				2	М	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ပ္ပ	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	ű	copernicium
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Αn	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium
										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	풉	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
										27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	뫈	rhodium 103	77	ŀ	iridium 192	109	M	meitnerium -
	- :	I	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium
										25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium
					pol	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≯	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium
			Key	atomic number	mic sym	name ative atomic ma				23	>	vanadium 51	41	qN	niobium 93	73	Б	tantalum 181	105	o O	dubnium
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										21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57–71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
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71	P	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	I
20	Υp	ytterbium 173	102	8 N	nobelium	I
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65	Д	terbium 159	97	ă	berkelium	1
64	В	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	_
63	En	europium 152	92	Am	americium	_
62	Sm	samarium 150	94	Pu	plutonium	_
61	Pm	promethium -	93	d	neptunium	-
09	PN	neodymium 144	92	\supset	uranium	238
69	Ą	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Ce	cerium 140	06	H	thorium	232
22	La	lanthanum 139	88	Ac	actinium	ı

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).