## Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ (9-1)

## CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

## 0973/22

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)
May/June 2022
45 minutes
You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

## You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet <br> Soft clean eraser <br> Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## INSTRUCTIONS

- There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.


## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40 .
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

1 Which statement about the characteristics of living organisms is correct?
A Excretion is the chemical reactions in cells that release energy.
B Nutrition is the taking in of materials for energy, growth and development.
C Respiration is the process that makes more of the same kind.
D Sensitivity is the removal of toxic materials and excess substances.

2 Which statement about cells is correct?
A Cell membranes are found only in animal cells.
B Cell membranes are found only in plant cells.
C Cell walls are found only in animal cells.
D Cell walls are found only in plant cells.

3 Which reagent is used to test for the presence of protein in a food sample?
A Benedict's solution
B biuret
C ethanol
D iodine

4 Which effect will temperature change have on enzyme activity?
A High temperatures will denature them, making it difficult for substrate molecules to fit in the active site.

B High temperatures will denature them, making it easy for substrate molecules to fit in the active site.

C Low temperatures will denature them, making it difficult for substrate molecules to fit in the active site.

D Low temperatures will denature them, making it easy for substrate molecules to fit in the active site.

5 Which graph shows the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis, if all other factors are kept constant?
A

B

D



6 The diagram shows part of the digestive system.


Which labelled parts produce digestive enzymes, absorb water and store bile?

|  | produce digestive <br> enzymes | absorb water | store bile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | P | Q | R |
| B | Q | R | P |
| C | R | S | P |
| D | S | P | R |

7 The table shows the blood pressures in the left ventricle and aorta at various times in a cardiac cycle.

Which row shows the blood pressures when blood starts to leave the heart?

|  | pressure in left ventricle <br> /arbitrary units | pressure in aorta <br> /arbitrary units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 3.0 | 12.0 |
| B | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| C | 16.0 | 10.0 |
| D | 18.0 | 20.3 |

8 Which component of tobacco smoke reduces the amount of oxygen that red blood cells can carry to the cells of the body?

A carbon dioxide
B carbon monoxide
C nicotine
D $\operatorname{tar}$

9 A person who is red-green colour blind cannot distinguish between red and green colours.
Which part of the eye is responsible for this?
A cornea
B iris
C lens
D retina

10 Which statement gives an advantage of sexual reproduction over asexual reproduction?
A The offspring are genetically different and therefore it is more likely that some can adapt to a changing environment.

B The offspring are genetically different so all can adapt to a changing environment.
C The offspring are genetically identical and therefore it is more likely that some can adapt to a changing environment.

D The offspring are genetically identical so all can adapt to a changing environment.

11 Selection in chickens has produced individuals that lay more eggs per week.
What is required for this to occur?

|  | reproduction | selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | asexual | human |
| B | asexual | natural |
| C | sexual | human |
| D | sexual | natural |

12 Which organisms obtain energy directly from every trophic level?
A carnivores
B decomposers
C herbivores
D producers

13 When fertiliser is washed into lakes, it leads to changes in the oxygen concentration and the population of algae.


Which statement explains the change in oxygen over time?
A The algae use up the oxygen for photosynthesis.
B Decomposer bacteria use up the oxygen for respiration.
C Nitrates react with the oxygen.
D The algae use up the oxygen for respiration.

14 Which piece of apparatus is used to measure the change in the volume of a liquid most accurately?

15 Some physical and chemical changes are listed.
1 burning methane
2 dissolving sugar in water
3 evaporating ethanol
4 rusting iron
Which changes are chemical changes?
A 1 and 2
B 1 and 4
C 2 and 3
D 3 and 4

16 Sodium phosphate, $\mathrm{Na}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$, contains sodium ions, $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$.
Aluminium sulfate, $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$, contains sulfate ions, $\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}$.
What is the formula of aluminium phosphate?
A $\mathrm{AlPO}_{4}$
B $\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}$
C $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
D $\mathrm{Al}_{3}\left(\mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)_{2}$

17 Which statement about electrolysis is correct?
A At the anode, anions are oxidised by gaining electrons.
B At the anode, cations are reduced by gaining electrons.
C At the cathode, anions are oxidised by gaining electrons.
D At the cathode, cations are reduced by gaining electrons.

18 In which equation is the underlined substance reduced?
A $\underline{\mathrm{Cl}}_{2}+2 \mathrm{KBr} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{KCl}+\mathrm{Br}_{2}$
B $\quad 2 \mathrm{Mg}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{MgO}$
C $2 \mathrm{PbO}+\underline{\mathrm{C}} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{~Pb}$
D $\quad \underline{\mathrm{Zn}}+\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{ZnSO}_{4}$

19 When aqueous potassium hydroxide is warmed with ammonium chloride, a gas is given off.
Which test result identifies the gas?
A It bleaches pH paper.
B It turns anhydrous cobalt(II) chloride blue.
C It turns universal indicator red.
D It turns red litmus blue.

20 A gas is used in welding metals together at high temperatures.
The gas is used to provide an inert atmosphere.
What is the gas?
A argon
B carbon dioxide
C fluorine
D oxygen

21 Which row does not link a general physical property to the type of element?

|  | type of element | general physical property |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | metal | malleable |
| B | metal | thermal conductor |
| C | non-metal | electrical conductor |
| D | non-metal | low melting point |

22 Carbon is below aluminium but above zinc in the reactivity series.
Iron is below zinc in the reactivity series.
Which statements are correct?
1 Carbon can be used to extract aluminium and iron from their ores.
2 Aluminium can be used to extract zinc and iron from their ores.
3 Carbon can be used to extract zinc and iron from their ores.
4 Zinc can be used to extract aluminium and iron from their ores.
A 1 and 2
B 1 and 3
C 2 and 3
D 3 and 4

23 Gases from a car engine travel through a catalytic converter and out through the exhaust.
Some of the gases going into the converter are listed.
1 carbon dioxide
2 carbon monoxide
3 nitrogen
4 nitrogen monoxide
Which gases increase in quantity in the catalytic converter?
A 1 and 3
B 1 and 4
C 2 and 3
D 2 and 4

24 Which reaction in the Contact process is endothermic?
A $\mathrm{S}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{SO}_{2}$
B $2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{SO}_{3}$
C $\mathrm{SO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$
D $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

25 Why do farmers add limestone to soil?
A It acts as a fertiliser.
B It adds nitrogen to the soil.
C It decreases the pH of the soil.
D It increases the pH of the soil.

## 9

26 Which row describes the hydrocarbon $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCH}_{2}$ ?

|  | homologous series | general formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | alkane | $\mathrm{C}_{n} \mathrm{H}_{2 n+2}$ |
| B | alkane | $\mathrm{C}_{n} \mathrm{H}_{2 n}$ |
| C | alkene | $\mathrm{C}_{n} \mathrm{H}_{2 n+2}$ |
| D | alkene | $\mathrm{C}_{n} \mathrm{H}_{2 n}$ |

27 The structure of a monomer is shown.


Which diagram represents the structure of the polymer formed from this monomer by addition polymerisation?

A


C


B


D


28 A spring is extended by a force but the spring does not pass its limit of proportionality.
Which expression is equal to the spring constant?
A $\frac{\text { force }}{\text { extension of the spring }}$
B $\frac{\text { force }}{\text { length of the spring }}$
C $\frac{\text { extension of the spring }}{\text { force }}$
D $\frac{\text { length of the spring }}{\text { force }}$

29 A force of 10 N is applied to a piston of area $0.10 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, causing a pressure. This pressure is transmitted through a fluid to a piston of area $2.0 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.

What is the force on this piston?
A 2.0 N
B 20 N
C 200 N
D 2000 N

30 An object moving at speed $v$ has kinetic energy $E$.
What is the speed of the object when its kinetic energy is $4.0 E$ ?
A 0.25 v
B 2.0 v
C 4.0 v
D 16 v

31 The power input to a power station is 800 MW . The useful electrical power output is 320 MW . What is the efficiency of the power station?
A 0.40\%
B $2.5 \%$
C $40 \%$
D 250\%

32 What happens to the temperature of a substance as it is melting and as it is boiling?

|  | melting | boiling |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | decreases | increases |
| B | decreases | no change |
| C | increases | increases |
| D | no change | no change |

33 Solid metals transfer thermal energy by conduction.
Which conduction process occurs only in metals?
A Atoms move freely through the solid and carry energy.
B Atoms vibrate about fixed positions and pass energy to neighbouring atoms.
C Electrons move freely through the solid and carry energy.
D Electrons vibrate about fixed positions and pass energy to neighbouring electrons.

34 Light enters a glass block at an angle of incidence of $41^{\circ}$. The light bends toward the normal. The angle between the refracted ray and the glass-air boundary is $62^{\circ}$.


Which expression is equal to the refractive index of the glass?
A $\frac{\sin 41^{\circ}}{\sin 28^{\circ}}$
B $\frac{\sin 41^{\circ}}{\sin 62^{\circ}}$
C $\frac{\sin 49^{\circ}}{\sin 28^{\circ}}$
D $\frac{\sin 49^{\circ}}{\sin 62^{\circ}}$

35 Which statement about the electromagnetic spectrum is correct?
A Gamma-radiation has a lower frequency than visible light.
B Infrared radiation has a higher frequency than radio waves.
C Microwaves have a smaller wavelength than ultraviolet radiation.
D X-rays have a larger wavelength than visible light.

36 A student rubs a balloon against her hair. Electrons are transferred from the hair onto the balloon, and the hair and the balloon both become charged.

The hair is now attracted to the balloon.


Which row shows the charges on the hair and on the balloon after rubbing?

|  | charge on hair | charge on balloon |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | negative | negative |
| B | negative | positive |
| C | positive | negative |
| D | positive | positive |

37 Which row shows how lamps are connected in a lighting circuit in a house and gives an advantage of connecting them in this way?

|  | how lamps are <br> connected | advantage of connecting <br> them in this way |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | in parallel | they can be switched separately |
| B | in parallel | they share the voltage |
| C | in series | they can be switched separately |
| D | in series | they share the voltage |

38 A transformer increases the voltage from a power station in order to transfer electricity along transmission cables.

How does increasing the voltage affect the current in the cables and how does it affect the efficiency of energy transfer?

|  | current | efficiency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | decreases | decreases |
| B | decreases | increases |
| C | increases | decreases |
| D | increases | increases |

39 An atom of beryllium is represented by ${ }_{4}^{9} \mathrm{Be}$.
How many neutrons are in the nucleus of this type of beryllium atom?
A 4
B 5
C 9
D 13

40 A beam of $\gamma$-rays passes into an electric field between two charged plates.
Which diagram shows what happens to the $\gamma$-rays?


C

D


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The Periodic Table of Elements


| lanthanoids | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { La } \begin{array}{c} \text { lanthanum } \\ 139 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cerium } \\ \substack{\text { co } \\ 140} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { praseodymium } \\ 141}}{\mathrm{Pr}}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { neodymium } \\ 144}}{\mathrm{Nd}}$ | Pm <br> promethium | $\underset{\substack{\text { samarium } \\ \text { Smo }}}{\mathrm{Sm}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Eu } \\ \text { europium } \\ 152 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { gadolinium } \\ 157 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { terbibum } \\ 159}}{\mathrm{~Tb}}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { dysprosium } \\ 163}}{\text { Dy }}$ | Ho <br> holmium 165 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Er } \\ \text { erbium } \\ 167 \end{gathered}$ | Tm thulium 169 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Ybb} \\ \text { yterbium } \\ 173 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Lu} \\ \substack{\text { Iutetium } \\ 175} \end{gathered}$ |
| actinoids | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 |
|  | Ac <br> actinium | $\begin{gathered} \text { Th } \\ \substack{\text { thorium } \\ 232} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { protactinium } \\ 231}}{\mathrm{~Pa}}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { uranium } \\ 238}}{U}$ | Np neptunium - | Pu plutonium | Am americium $\square$ | Cm <br> curium | $\underset{\text { berkelium }}{\mathrm{BK}}$ $-$ | Cf californium - | Es <br> einsteinium | Fm <br> fermium |  | No <br> nobelium | Lr lawrencium |

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

