## **UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

## 0518 FIRST LANGUAGE THAI

0518/03

Paper 3, maximum raw mark 40

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the Report on the Examination.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	IGCSE – May/June 2006	0518

		·		www.xtrapap	
Pa	age 1	Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2006	Syllabi 0518	Talla .	
A 36-40	types of Punctual vocabula	om very occasional 'first draft' slips, the language is the is varied and demonstrates that the candidate has the sentences to achieve a particular effect. Vocabulary is varion is accurate and helpful to the reader. Spelling is a cary used. Paragraphs have unity, are linked, and show end with consistent relevance; the interest of the reader is a		arious lengths a sed with precision. ss the full range of nning. The topic is	
B 31-35	intended type, ind nearly a usually a	guage is accurate with only occasional errors. Vocabute shades of meaning with some precision. Sentences show cluding the confident use of complex sentences. Punctualways accurate. Paragraphs show some evidence cappropriately linked. The piece of writing is a relevant of the reader is aroused and sustained through most of the reader.	w some variat uation is accu of planning, h response to t	tion of length and urate. Spelling is have unity and are the topic, and the	
C 26-30	enough of lengt monotor accurate may be	guage is largely accurate. Simple structures are used we to convey intended meaning, but may lack precision. Sen th, although there may be a tendency to repeat sentence nous effect. Spelling of simple vocabulary is accurate. The composition is written in paragraphs which may absent or inappropriate. The composition is a relevant come interest in the reader.	ntences may si types and 'sh ate. Punctua show some u	how some variety apes', producing a ation is generally nity, although links	
D 21-25	The language is sufficiently accurate to communicate meaning clearly to the reader. There will be patches of clear, accurate language, particularly when simple vocabulary and structures are used. There may be some variety of sentence length and structure, but the reader may not be convinced that this variety is for a particular purpose. Vocabulary is usually adequate to convey intended meaning. Punctuation will be used but may not be used to enhance/clarify meaning. Simple words will be spelt accurately. Paragraphs will be used, but may lack unity or coherence. The subject matter will indicate that a genuine attempt has been made to address the topic, but there may be digressions or failures of logic. The reader may find compositions at this level lack liveliness and interest value.				
E 16-20	Meaning is never in doubt, but the errors are sufficiently frequent and serious to hamper precision, and may slow down reading. Some simple structures will be accurate, but a script at this level is unlikely to sustain accuracy for long. Vocabulary may be limited, either too simple to convey precise meaning, or more ambitious but imperfectly understood. Simple punctuation will usually be accurate. Simple words will usually be spelt correctly. Paragraphs may lack unity or be used haphazardly. The subject matter will show some relevance to the topic but may achieve only a partial or a 'glancing' treatment of the subject. The incidence of linguistic error is likely to distract the reader from merits of content that the composition may have.				
F 11-15	'single-Nestablis probably simple a existent	ill be many serious errors of various kinds throughout vord' type, ie they could be corrected without rewriting the hed, although the weight of error may cause 'blurring' from the besimple and repetitive in structure. Vocabulary will contain the imprecise. Spelling will be inconsistent. Paragraph to the may be evidence of interesting and relevant succerror that will tend to occur will neutralise its effect.	e sentence. Com time to time nvey meaning ing may be h	communication is no. Sentences will not is likely to be aphazard or non-	
G 6-10	read and	rill usually be decipherable, but some of the error will be multiple or companied re-organise before meaning becomes clear. There are use sentences, however simple, in the whole composite nensible, but may be partly hidden by the density of the lingu	<b>unlikely to be</b> <b>tion</b> . The cor	more than a few	
U 0-5	occasion	y will be hardly existent. Whole sections of the composition hal patches of relative clarity are evident some marks should ved for scripts that make no sense at all from beginning to e	d be given. Th		