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for the guidance of teachers

0471 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

0471/01

Paper 1 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus Syllabus
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		Car

Q. No.	Expected Answer	Mark	Fo
1 (a)	Identify three outdoor activities that might be developed in the Tutong District of Brunei.	3	Fo 2.4(a)
	Award one mark for the correct identification of each of three outdoor activities from:		
	 river cruises (on the river Sungai Tutong) surfing kayaking birdwatching and 		
	 walks (along the hilly Mukim Rambai area). 		
1 (b)	State the following:	4	2.2(a) 2.2(b)
	Award one mark for each as follows: • Climate = Equatorial		2.4(a)
	 Island = Borneo Attraction = Seri Kenangan beach 		
	• Time = Advance		
1 (c)	Areas of outstanding natural beauty usually contain sites that act as 'honeypots' attracting large numbers of visitors. Explain three ways in which such 'honeypot' sites can be managed to prevent visitor congestion.	6	1.2(c)
	Award one mark for the correct identification of each of three valid control methods in a <u>rural AONB context</u> and award a second mark for an appropriate explanation as to how congestion might be relieved or avoided in each case. Correct ideas will include:		
	 Signage (1) – to avoid entrance queues etc. (1) and can indicate clear paths/routes (1) 		
	 Limit larger groups (1) – coach parties only at certain times or must have guide etc. (1) 		
	 Designated car/coach parking areas (1) – even out flow of visitors (1) 		
	 More staff at busy times (1) – gives increased capacity when needed (1) and can provide additional services e.g. shop, visitor centre etc. (1) 		
	 Set limits (1) – have overspill facilities (1) and close when full (1). 		
	Credit all valid reasoning.		

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is mea • • • •	ess tourism is very important to some destinations. I ant by each of the following: Meetings Conferences Exhibitions. I one mark for simple definition and a second ma opment, amplification or exemplification of each a Meetings are defined as events designed to	ark for some as follows:	6
	together for the purpose of exchanging informat from within one company or organisation or fro spectrum of people (1). Conferences are generally accepted as bei events having at least 100 delegates (1) attend	tion (1) either om a broader ing multi-day	

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Pa	ge 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	N S
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0471	No.
	1			Car.
1 (e)		s the reasons why most international travel ar ers now have their own Internet websites.	nd tourism	6 3.5
	and se	and tourism has seen a revolution in the ways in which rvices are being marketed and distributed. Key force ing website developments include the following: increased competition in the marketplace means has up with rivals and maximise distribution opportunities more consumers have Internet access and like availability - this means booking online more likely Internet is global, accessed from work or home an more information than other media Bookings and payments can be done in real tim immediate confirmation and e-ticket distribution s operations and increasing efficiency/profitability.	ave to keep es e the 24/7 nd can hold ne allowing	6 3.5
	Level some c Level reason require Level 3 provisio	 <i>identify</i> up to two valid reasons (a) (1-2 marks) will <u>identify</u> up to two valid reasons (b) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a	of selected /or provider <u>ment</u> about mer and/or	
	consun is avail the cor up with maintai function efficien payme	has been a trend to do-it-yourself packaging of homers enjoy the freedom to make Internet bookings. The bable at all times and consumers can search for provious and maximise distribution opportunities if the neuron market share and so the development of the continues to grow (L2). However, the main recy and profitability. The Internet allows for real times to the advantage of both producer and consumer	The Internet oducts from ave to keep ney want to web-based easons are ne booking, of e-tickets.	
2 (a)	<i>cultura</i> Award the ima	be two ways in which the performance was likely al appeal to visiting tourists. one mark for the identification of each of two cultural age shown in Fig. 2 and a second mark for some deve cation of each valid aspect as follows: Clothes (1) – traditional costumes (1) Music (1) – traditional song (1) Dance (1) – traditional group performance (1).	l aspects of	4 2.4(a

Pac	je 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Q.	r
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0471	. 8	20
					- an
(b)	State t	hree characteristics of a 'fine dining' restaurant.		3	76
	charact • • • • •	one mark for the correct identification of each of teristics such as: A la carte menu Silver service Signature dishes Formal table settings High staff/guest ratio Maitre d' Sommelier Need for reservations.	three valid		aa Cannbi
	Credit a	all valid statements.			
2 (c)	is impo	ers of staff working together is known as team-work. Ortant for the effective delivery of customer servi ants. Describe how each of the following job rol Ork:	ice in hotel	6	3.1(b)
	job role mark f	 a case, award one mark for the identification of an a involving co-operation with a colleague and awar for an appropriate development OR the identificated valid co-operative aspect of the job. <i>Waiting staff</i> – clearing and serving (1), setting placing orders to bar/kitchen (1), collecting filled order <i>Kitchen staff</i> – receiving orders from waiters (1), filled orders (1), following directions from hear training new staff (1) etc. <i>Bar staff</i> – filling orders for waiting staff (1), charranging stock (1), ordering new stock from porter up/closing down procedures (1) etc. 	d a second ation of an ting up (1), ders (1) etc. sending out d chef (1), necking and		
2 (d)	excursi can be	hotel guests will take part in an organised sightse on during their stay. Identify three ways in which su booked and briefly explain why an international leis ind each booking method helpful.	ch activities	6	4.1(c)
	destina and by Award and av	activities can be arranged before travel or w tion. They are offered by a range of ancillary servic local transport operators direct. one mark for the correct identification of each of three ward a second mark for an appropriate explanator each. Correct ideas will include the following: Travel agent (1) – at same time as then inclusive to (1) Direct via Internet (1) – convenient to pre-book (1) Hotel Rep (1) – offered at welcome meeting (1) Via hotel concierge (1) – take advice (1) Phone to a local operator (1) – having seen advi ask questions etc. (1)	ce providers e valid ways ry comment our package		

Pag	ge 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	· ~ ~
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0471	100
2 (e)	as a car which yo This is o of a spec The key of the c visiting, <u>Use level</u> Level 1 chosen providing Level 2 aspects, requirem Level 3 each as	estinations hold special events that attract leisure nival or sports event. With reference to one spec ou are familiar, discuss its appeal to visiting leisure quite straightforward; however, candidates must p cific event otherwise 4 Max ! is the assessment of what the candidate identifie hosen event and we will credit all valid commen leisure, tourist needs and expectations. <u>el of response criteria</u> (1–2 marks) will <u>identify</u> up to two appropriate a event e.g. transport/access, venue, what take g some detail but will be mainly descriptive. (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an <u>analysis</u> of si clearly indicating suitability for tourist ne nents for at least one or two of these. (5–6 marks) can be awarded for <u>evaluative cor</u> bect and this will probably be related to the event eeds. The better answers will have a <u>reasoned co</u>	s as features its relating to aspects of the es place etc. elected event eeds and/or <u>mment</u> about is meeting of	6
	Rio Carri thousand festival. most of streets of eye can entertair evening, Howeve Sambad hearts a floats ar from Fri	e: Rio de Janeiro Carnival nival is the biggest street party in the world, with ds of people pouring into the city each year to tal During the last 4 days and nights prior to Ash the city closes down for wild and euphoric cele come alive with colourful feathers, sequins and silk see and samba drums beat out an infectious rhyt ment continues well into the night with carniva as well as free street parties and parades all over r, the major highlight of carnival is the rome parade, where samba schools battle it ou and minds of carnival goers, with glittery costum d elaborate dance routines. Parades in the Sam day to Tuesday nights but the most spectacula and Monday evenings (L3).	ke part in the Wednesday, brations. The as far as the thm (L1). The al balls each the city (L2). spectacular ut to win the nes, fabulous badrome run	
3 (a)	Identify	Cambodia's three largest tourism markets.		3 1.4(t
		ne mark for the correct identification of each of: Vietnam South Korea Japan.		

Page	e 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	0	r
•		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0471	3	Day 1
					- Can
3 (b)	•	two likely reasons why Cambodia's national airl ew routes to China.	line plans to	4	10
	then av of each •	one mark for the identification of each of two valid vard a second mark for an appropriate explanatory of Valid ideas will include the following: Demand (1) – China market potential (1) Comparative advantage (1) – maximise market sha (1) Increase route network (1) – expand passenger ba all valid reasoning in context.	are in region		trapap bacannon
3 (c)	•	three positive economic impacts that are likely to ation of an improved tourism infrastructure.	o result from	6	1.2(b)
	econon explana • •	one mark for the identification of each of three v nic impacts and award a second mark for an atory comment about each. Correct ideas will include New facilities require labour (1) – jobs (1) Employment means higher income (1) – increas effect (1) Foreign currency increases (1) – new visitors (1) Local GDP rises (1) – attracts further investment (1) Tax revenues go up (1) – indirect & direct (1).	appropriate		
3 (d)		a is an example of a low cost airline. how the characteristics of low cost airlines, such Serve poorly connected destinations	as Air Asia,	6	4.4(a)
	charact	one mark for the identification of a valid low cost s eristic and award a second/third marks for an atory contextualisation such as:			
	delays routes,	to less congested secondary airports (1) avoidir and taking advantage of lower landing fees (1 emphasising point-to-point transit instead of transf e overall accessibility and connectivity (1).). Simplified		
	•	Reduce fares			
	elimina (1) whi	in-flight catering and other "complimentary" s ted (1), and replaced by optional paid-for in-flight fo ch represent an additional profit source for the airlin preduce fares (1).	od and drink		
		all valid reasoning in low cost air context at ate's advantage following $(1 + 1 + 1) \times 2$ format.	nd mark to		

Pag	ge 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	A I
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0471	Space 1
3 (e)	Discuss	the reasons why national tourist boards collect vis	sitor statistics. 6	annb.
	The nee and ser developr which to serve. T distinct types of like to se	ful tourism developments require a strong marked ads and wants of the tourists that a destination set rive must be the focus of much of the m ment activity. Therefore, it is important to clear burism market segments the destination wishes Fourists fall into a very diverse set of categori needs and wants. Destinations should identify tourists, or market segments that they presently s erve. This may involve one or more tourism market ction of accurate and reliable visitor statistics.	to attract and es with quite the different serve or would	Papacambre 1.3
	Level 1 some de Level 2 reasons, reasons, Level 3 the need related t	 <u>el of response criteria</u> (1–2 marks) will <u>identify</u> up to two valid reaso etail but will be mainly descriptive. (3–4 marks) can be awarded for an <u>analysis</u>, clearly indicating suitability for at least one of the formulation of destination development plane will have a <u>reasoned conclusion</u>. 	<u>s</u> of selected or two of the <u>mment</u> about Il probably be	
	of touris specific and the resource deciding need to have end relative to of surve various	e ion planners need to have an idea of their market t that they will be serving (L1). Attention should market segments like sightseers, families, single se segments can then be more clearly tied es, businesses, and facilities in the local destin the relative importance of these different segme assess both their ability to provide required ser- ough rooms?), as well as the demand for different to the supply and the competition elsewhere (L3). ey findings, a formal tourism plan provides a ver- interests within a community (public, private & ate their activities and work toward common goals	d be given to e weekenders to particular ation (L2). In ents, planners vices (do you t types of trips . On the basis ehicle for the voluntary) to	
4 (a)	Award o	<i>the following</i> ne mark for the correct identification of each of: Resorts = Southern Airport = Reina Beatrix	3	2.4(a)

Page	9	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	.D	r
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0471	3	03
					-Co
• •	•	<i>three</i> likely advantages to leisure travellers of s villa rather than a large resort hotel.	taying in a	6	mb
a e re	advanta explana reference • •	one mark for the correct identification of each of ages and award a further one mark for an atory development of each. Valid responses m ce to the following: More space (1) – room for families with children (1) Flexible meals (1) – can eat when want (1) Privacy (1) – less contact with others (1) Cost effective (1) – larger numbers can be accomm ill valid reasoning.			trapar bacambr
		and explain two ways in which Aruba has made from the United States to visit the island.	it easy for	4	1.1(b) 1.3(a)
а	award	one mark for the correct identification of each of two a second mark for an appropriate explanatory de ach. Correct ideas are: Easy access (1) - travel to Aruba from the USA carriers, either non-stop or with convenient connect American citizens do not require visas (1) – less for Travellers returning to the USA will pass the Immigration and Customs upon their departure (1) they can just pick up their baggage and go when the their final destination (1).	evelopment A via major ions malities (1) nrough US) - meaning		
C V C C ic fo	ve car Coreated dentific for an a	s an island destination. Explain three ways in which e can be developed for outdoor tourism activities. In credit reference to ANY natural coastline develo OR tourist use. <u>There must be a link between some</u> and a tourist use or activity. Award one mark for ation of each of three different ways and award a se ppropriate explanatory comment about each. For exa Building a marina (1) – base for sailing/fishing/wate (1) Area of beach set aside for adventure activities surfing etc. (1) Nature preservation efforts (1) – e.g. protected re divers (1) Creation of a built infrastructure (1) – e.g. viewing etc. (1) Hire shops on beachfont (1) – renting of equipme surf boards or running 'banana boat' rides (1).	opment for <u>ething being</u> the correct econd mark ample: r skiing etc. (1) – kite eefs attract g platforms	6	2.4(c)

Page 10	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus 🔪	. Q.
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	iss the reasons why the price of a package ho nation is likely to vary throughout the year.	oliday to any	6
awar	deas here are demand and seasonality . Candidat e of 'high' and 'low' season and the fact that mmodation rates vary accordingly.	es should be t flights and	
Leve some Leve clear	evel of response criteria I 1 (1-2 marks) will <u>identify</u> up to two valid reaso detail but will be mainly descriptive. I 2 (3-4 marks) can be awarded for an <u>analysis</u> of y providing some contextualisation.	key reasons,	
	I 3 (5-6 marks) can be awarded for <u>evaluative cor</u> onality and the better answers will have a <u>reasoned c</u> ople		
All tra dema	avel and tourism products vary in price according to and and seasonal effects (L1). Package holidays are his. The cost of flights and price of accommon ponents of a package holiday, will fluctuate around	no exception odation, key	