Cambridge Pre-U

GEOGRAPHY 9768/01

Paper 1 Global Environments

October/November 2020

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the answer booklet/paper.

You will need: Answer booklet/paper

Insert (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer two questions in total:

Section A: answer one question.

Section B: answer one question.

- If you have been given an answer booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on all the work you hand in.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- You should support your answers with appropriate examples, sketch maps and diagrams.
- At the end of the examination, fasten all your work together. Do **not** use staples, paper clips or glue.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

This syllabus is regulated for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 3 Pre-U Certificate.

This document has 4 pages. Blank pages are indicated.



Section A

Answer one question from this section.

Hot arid and semi-arid environments

- 1 (a) Fig. 1.1 shows the contribution of overgrazing and other human activities to soil degradation in hot arid and semi-arid environments in each global region.
 - (i) Using Fig. 1.1, compare the contribution made by overgrazing to soil degradation in each global region.
 [4]
 - (ii) Explain how overgrazing is a significant factor in the process of soil degradation. [6]

[Total: 10]

(b) EITHER

(i) 'The hydrological cycle and water balance in hot arid and semi-arid environments are influenced by rainfall and potential evapotranspiration.'

To what extent is this statement true?

[15]

OR

(ii) Consider the extent to which wind produces landforms in hot arid and semi-arid environments. [15]

Glacial and periglacial environments

- 2 (a) Fig. 2.1 is a photograph which shows part of the periglacial landscape of Northern Canada.
 - (i) Identify and briefly describe the landform labelled **X** on the photograph.

[4]

[6]

(ii) Explain how the landform you have described in (a)(i) may have been formed.

[Total: 10]

(b) EITHER

 (i) Discuss the extent to which abrasion is the most significant process in the formation of glacial troughs.

OR

(ii) To what extent is tourism the most significant threat to periglacial environments? [15]

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Coastal environments

- 3 (a) Fig. 3.1 shows a storm and swell beach profile.
 - (i) Describe the differences between the storm profile and the swell profile shown in Fig. 3.1.
 - (ii) Explain why the two profiles shown in Fig. 3.1 are different.

[6]

[Total: 10]

(b) EITHER

(i) To what extent is the formation and development of a halosere the result of marine processes? [15]

OR

(ii) 'The tertiary sector provides opportunities for, and constraints on, human activity in coastal environments.'

To what extent is this statement valid?

[15]

Section B

Answer **one** question from this section.

Tropical environments

- **4 (a)** Figs. 4.1 and 4.2 are photographs which show some adaptations of vegetation to the tropical rainforest environment.
 - (i) Using Figs. 4.1 and 4.2, identify and briefly describe **one** vegetation adaptation from each photograph. [4]
 - (ii) Explain how each of the vegetation adaptations you have described in (a)(i) is a response to the characteristics of the tropical rainforest environment. [6]

[Total: 10]

(b) EITHER

(i) To what extent is plantation agriculture responsible for the increasing deforestation of tropical rainforests? [15]

OR

(ii) 'Traditional lifestyles in tropical rainforest environments are increasingly under threat from a range of sources.'

Discuss the validity of this statement.

[15]

Temperate environments

- **5 (a)** Fig. 5.1 shows the number of species and the rate of growth of vegetation during secondary succession in temperate deciduous woodland.
 - (i) Describe the trends in the number of species and the rate of growth of vegetation during the secondary succession shown in Fig. 5.1.
 - (ii) Explain the reasons for the trends you have described in (a)(i). [6]

[Total: 10]

(b) EITHER

(i) To what extent can temperate deciduous woodlands be considered to be plagioclimax communities? [15]

OR

(ii) Discuss the extent to which the exploitation of 'the bread baskets' of the world has resulted in environmental degradation. [15]

The atmospheric environment

- **6 (a)** Fig. 6.1 is a satellite image showing weather systems in the Earth's atmosphere.
 - (i) Identify and briefly describe the weather systems at A and B shown on Fig. 6.1. [4]
 - (ii) Explain how the general circulation of the atmosphere in the northern hemisphere has produced the pattern of weather systems you have described in (a)(i). [6]

[Total: 10]

(b) EITHER

(i) To what extent is it possible to manage the impacts of an El Niño event at the global scale? [15]

OR

(ii) 'The climate change lobby is unequivocal that (a) climate change is happening and (b) that the primary cause is human-induced.'

To what extent do you agree with this statement?

[15]

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