

# GCE

# Accounting

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit F011: Accounting Principles

# Mark Scheme for June 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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### Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
?	Unclear
	Benefit of doubt
×	Cross
<b>O</b> JR	Own figure rule
1011	Repeat
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
<b>V</b>	Tick

### **Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

Every working box - whether it contains working or not - must be stamped as 'seen'.

#### Blank answer space

To be sure you have not missed any candidate responses you <u>must</u> check every page of the question paper and annotate any blank answer spaces with the following annotations:

## **Additional Objects**

You must check any additional pages (shown as Additional Objects) which the candidate has chosen to use.

Before you begin marking, use the Linking Tool, to 'Link' any additional page(s) to the relevant question(s) and mark the response as normal.

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All additional pages must be annotated with the 'SEEN' stamp, so it is clear to the centres that the additional pages have been viewed by the marker.

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# MARK SCHEME

Question		Answer			Marks	Guidance
1	Ben Collier				43	In all questions accept
	Trading and Profit and Loss Account	for the year ended 3	31 March 201	<u>3</u>		international
	Sales			185,800		terminology. Horizontal format as
	Sales returns			1,205		well as vertical format
				184,595 (*	1)	acceptable for both
	Opening stock	24,370				P&L a/c and B/S. All
	Purchases	94,800				marks are for figure
	Carriage inwards	800	(1)			plus reasonable narrative. Where
	Purchase returns	2,420	(1)			marks are given for
		117,550				sub totals or totals,
	Drawings	2,700	(1)			these are for the
	Equipment	5,450				correct figure only i.e.
		109,400	_ ( )			they are <b>NOT</b> own
	Closing stock	33,750				figure unless specifically indicated.
	Cost of sales	,	-	75,650 <b>(</b> ′	1)	specifically indicated.
	Gross Profit			108,945 (*	1)	Adjustments for
	Commission received			3,000 (2		carriage inwards,
	Discounts received			1,280 (		purchase returns
				113,225		drawings and equipment must
	Electricity	5,250		-, -		appear above closing
	Motor expenses	3,150				stock. If purchases
	Discounts allowed	1,325	(1)			figure includes
	Bad debts	780	(1)			adjustment for
	Provision for doubtful debts	100	(2)			purchases returns, 92,380 <b>(1).</b> Other
	Salaries	36,180	(2)			permutations are
	Insurance	8,800	(2)			possible/acceptable
	Rent	16,000	(2)			e.g. 92,100 <b>(1)</b> 89,350
	General expenses	8,970	(2)			<b>(1)</b> 86,650 <b>(2)</b> 86,930

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Question		Marks	Guidance				
	Loan interest		2,000	(2)			(2)
	Depreciation:	Equipment	3,230	(2)			
		Motor vehicles	2,625				
					88,410	(1)	Accept combined total
	Net Profit				24,815		for Depreciation
							i.e. 5,855 <b>(4)</b> .
	Balance Sheet a	s at 31 March 2013					
	Fixed Assets						
	Equipment				21,015		
	Motor vehicles				7,875		
					28,890	(1)	
	Current Assets						
	Stock		33,750				
	Debtors		17,400	(2)			
	Commission rece	eived	2,370	(1)			
	Prepaid insurance	e	2,200	(1)			Where <b>(2)</b> marks are available the total
	Bank		21,350	(1)			must be shown and
			77,070				no
	Current Liabilities	<u>S</u>					part marks should be
	Creditors		17,220				awarded.
	Loan interest		500	(1)			
	Accrued salaries	i	3,015	(1)			
	Accrued rent		4,000	(1)			Accept combined
			24,735	(1)			totals for accrued
							expenses and loan
	Working Capital				52,335		interest e.g. 7,015 <b>(2)</b> , 7,515 <b>(3)</b> .
					81,225		
	Less: Long Term	<u> Liabilities</u>					

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Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
	10% Loan	20,000 <b>(1)</b>		
		61,225		
	Financed by:-			
	Capital	60,010		10% Loan must
	Net Profit	24,815		appear under Long
		84,825		Term Liabilities to gain mark
	Drawings	<u>    23,600   </u> (2)		gain mark
		61,225		
				For Drawings mark
				some indication of deduction.
			2	
		QWC		
		Total	45	

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Quest	tion					An	swer					Marks	Guidance
(a)		Date 1/3 3/3 4/3 7/3	Details Balance b/d Alan Baker Kate Davis Balance c/d	Disc 5	Cash 320 (1) (line) 320	Bank 95 ( <b>1</b> ) 140 ( <b>1</b> ) 2,815 ( <b>1</b> ) 3,050	Date 1/3 2/3 3/3 4/3 7/3	Details Balance b/d Marie Costa Fix. and fit. Stationery Balance c/d	Disc 6	Cash 194 (1) 22 (1) 104 (1) 320	Bank 1,050 (1) (line) 2,000 (1) 3,050	9	(Q2) All parts:- All marks are for figure plus reasonable narrative on the correct debit or credit side. For Q2(a) &(b) the workings boxes must be checked and marked as seen. Q2 (a):- Where a mark is awarded for Balance b/d the following are also acceptable – Bal b/d, Balance b/f, Bal b/f. DO NOT accept Balance or Bal without b/d or b/f or vice versa. This principle also applies for Balance c/d. accept P&L. There are no (of) marks for this question.
(b)	(i)			Ala	n Baker							2	
		Balan	ce b/d		100 100	Bank Disco	unts all	owed	95 5 100	(1) (1)			Allow 'Discount' only

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Quest	tion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(ii)	Marie Costa	2	
		Cash     194     (1)     Balance b/d     200		Allow 'Discount' only
		Discounts received6 (1)		
		200 200		
	(iii)		1	Allow 'Total for period'
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Discounts Allowed   Per Cash Book 5   1 Balance c/d   5	•	
		Per Cash Book     5 (1)     Balance c/d     5       5     5     5     5		
	(iv)	Discounts Received	1	Mark for figure only
		Balance c/d     6     Per Cash Book     6     (1)       6 <td></td> <td>on Dr side. Allow 'Total for period</td>		on Dr side. Allow 'Total for period
(c)	(i)	The estimated value of a fixed asset after it has been fully depreciated or at the anticipation of the ant		Do Not award marks
		disposal. (1 for point plus up to 1 for developm	ent) Max 2	for basic explanation of NBV.
	(ii)	The fixed asset is still fully functioning but is no longer of use to the business because	of 3	
		advances in technology making the fixed asset redundant. An appropriate example. (1 for point plus up to 2 for developm	ent) Max 3	
	(iii)	The fixed asset is no longer new/has been used so may be worn, rusty etc. and in need repair and maintenance. Wear and tear. (1 for point plus up to 2 for development of the second sec	d of more 3	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(d)*	Land and Buildings: No need to depreciate land unless problems with depletion etc. Over time land usually increases in value. 10% per annum indicates that Rita Mae's land and buildings only have a useful life of 10 years. Business premises usually have longer life than this, rates of 4% (25 year life) or 2% (50 year life) are more typical. If land and building values do fall they tend to do so at a relatively even rate so the straight line method would be appropriate. Motor vehicles: Motor vehicles tend to lose value relatively quickly and also lose more value in the earlier years of ownership. The existing method does not seem appropriate as it depreciates motor vehicles by the same amount each year and assumes that they have a 10 year useful life whereas, three to five years is more typical depending on the type of business. Reducing balance method would be more appropriate for motor vehicles as it creates a higher depreciation charge in the early years of a fixed asset's life. For motor vehicles the lower amount of depreciation per annum as they get older is offset by increased repair and maintenance costs.	10	
	(4 x3 marks) (1 for point plus up to 2 for development) Max 10 QWC	2	
	Total Marks	35	

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