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GCE

Accounting

Unit F013: Company Accounts and Interpretation

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2015

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

1	2	281	?	Unclear	
2	BOD	31	BOD	Benefit of doubt	
3	×	21	Cross	Cross	
4	OFR	721	OFR	Own figure rule	
5	REP	271	REP	Repeat	
6	SEEN	811	SEEN	Noted but no credit given	
7		11	Tick	Tick	
8	L1		L1	Level 1	
9	L2		L2	Level 2	
10	L3		L3	Level 3	
11	L4		L4	Level 4	

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

Levels of Response for Numerical Questions

Level	Mark	Description				
		Almost all account headings, terms and balances are included appropriately and in line with accounting conventions. Figures				
2	2	are legible with effective use made of columns and sub-totals. Accounts are ruled off as appropriate.				
		Some account headings, terms and balances are included, though not always adhered to accounting conventions. Most				
1	1	figures are legible. Some appropriate use is made of columns and sub-totals. Some accounts are ruled off as appropriate.				
-	0	Responses which fail to achieve the standard required for Level 1.				

Levels of Response for Narrative Questions

Level	Mark	Description
2	2	Ideas, some complex, are expressed clearly and quite fluently, using an appropriate style of writing. Arguments made are generally relevant and are constructed in a logical and coherent manner. There are few errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar, and those that are made are not intrusive and do not obscure meaning.
1	1	Relatively straightforward or simple ideas are expressed in a generally appropriate style of writing which sometimes lacks clarity or fluency. Arguments have some limited coherence and structure, occasionally showing relevance to the main focus of the question. There are errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar which are noticeable and sometimes intrusive but do not totally obscure meaning.
-	0	Responses which fail to achieve the standard required for Level 1.

Q	uestic	on	Answer		Marks	Guidance
1	1 (a)		Andrew plc Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2014	19		
			TurnoverCost of salesGross profitDistribution costs243,200 (4)Administrative expenses134,970 (6)Operating profitOther incomeInterest payableProfit on ordinary activities before taxCorporation taxProfit after taxOrdinary dividends paidRetained profit	982,100 (1) 514,000 (2) 468,100 378,170 89,930 27,200 (2) 13,000 (1) 104,130 42,500 (1) 61,630 40,000 (1) 21,630 (1)		
					QWC 2	
			Distribution costs 114,500 + 2,800 + 103,200 + 21,200 + 1,500 Administrative expenses		[21]	
			89,000 – 1,200 + 9,000 – 5,000 + 17,000 + 25,800 + 370			

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
(b)	A rights issue will generate a cash inflow for the company.	8	Up to four marks for each of a rights issue		
	A rights issue gives the existing shareholders an opportunity to increase their shareholding and potential earnings for future dividends		and bonus issue. Maximum eight marks.		
	A rights issue is an alternative to raising finance from a bank with a loan which would increase the gearing of the company				
	The goodwill of the company increases for the existing shareholders.				
	The cost of a rights issue of such shares will also be lower than a full issue of shares.				
	If the rights issue of shares is taken up by existing shareholders it shows that the financial position of the company is good.				
	The company could borrow at lower rate of interest				
	Maximum 4 marks (1 for point plus 1 for development)				
	A bonus issue is a book entry and will not generate a cash inflow.				
	A bonus issue could be made when a company is not in a position to distribute a dividend in cash because of a liquidity problem.				
	A bonus issue could be made to satisfy the shareholders and maintain the confidence of the shareholders.				
	If the market value of a company's share is very high, it may not appeal to small investors. By issuing bonus shares the share price will be diluted and trading in the shares of the company will increase				

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
		Maximum 4 marks (1 for point plus 1 for development)		
		Total	29	

C	Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	Earnings per share	<u>432,000</u> (1) 1,200,000 (1) = 36 pence (1)	3	
		(ii)	P/E ratio	0.75 (1) 0.36 (1) = 2.08 times or years (1)	3	
		(iii)	Dividend cover	<u>432,000</u> (1) 180,000 (1) = 2.4 times (1)	3	
		(iv)	Interest cover	<u>500,000</u> (1) 48,000 (1) = 10.42 times (1)	3	
		(v)	Return on capital employed	<u>500,000</u> (1) 1,500,000 (1) = 33.33% (1)	3	

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(b)	Answer The present gearing ratio for Ceri Ltd is high. If the extra £700,000 is borrowed, this would increase the gearing ratio of Ceri Ltd The further borrowing would increase capital and the new investment could increase profitability for the shareholders. The shareholders could benefit from an increase in the market value of the shares and a higher earnings per share. If profitability did not increase because of the extra capital invested this may be detrimental to the shareholders of the company. The shareholders could see the market price of the shares fall and a reduced earnings per share The interest cover may reduce because of the further amount of interest that would have to be paid. Which would put the shareholders at risk and reduce the possibility of dividends. The earnings per share would fall and dividend payments would be lower or might not be paid out to shareholders. A fall in profitability and dividend payments could result in a reduction in the market price of the shares which would reduce the shareholders' capital worth Maximum 10 marks (1 for point plus 1 for development)	10 2 QWC [12]	Guidance
		Total	27	

C	Question	1	Answer			Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	Lisvane Ltd Schedule of fixed assets for year				18	
		Cost at 1 January Additions Disposals Revaluations Cost at 31 December Total depreciation 1 January Disposals Profit and loss Total depreciation 31 December Net book value 31 December	Land and buildings 600,000 <u>110,000</u> (1) <u>710,000</u> 80,000 <u>15,000</u> (2) <u>95,000</u>	Motor vehicles 340,000 30,000 (18,000) <u>352,000</u> 150,000 <u>(7,056)(2)</u> 37,772 (2) <u>180,716</u> <u>171,284</u>	Machinery 220,000 (1) 15,000 (1) (50,000) (1) $\overline{185,000} (1)$ $\overline{75,000} (1)$ (7,500) (2) 17,750 (2) $\underline{85,250} (1)$ $\overline{99,750} (1)$		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(b)	Development costs can be treated as an expense for the financial year and shown in the profit and loss account. This will reduce the operating profit for the year An amount of the development costs could be amortised each year and this would be treated as an expense in the profit and loss account each year. The asset would reduce each year on the balance sheet. All the Development costs can be shown as a fixed asset on a balance sheet of the company providing the product can generate future economic benefits for the company Maximum 6 marks (1 for point plus 2 for development	6	
	Total	24	

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