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GCE

Accounting

Unit F012: Accounting Applications

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question			Answer		Mark	Guidance
Question 1 (a)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (v) (vi)	Purchases Suspense Ava Sales Suspense General expenses Suspense Rent received Suspense Bank Machinery Machine repairs Purchases Bertie	Answer Dr 8,400 (1) 3,100 (1) 6,200 (1) 6,200 (1) 1,000 (1) 24,000 (1) 900 (1)	Cr 8,400 (1) 3,100 (1) 6,200 (1) 6,200 (1) 1,000 (1) 24,000 (1) 900 (1)	Mark 14	GuidanceMust show tick where marks are awarded.Click Seen at the bottom of each page to show that it has been reviewed.All marks for all questions are for correct value and reasonable narrative.Must be correct figure and details for mark. Must identify as to whether debit or credit if not set out in correct format. Reversed entries no mark. If shown in T account half marks.Must state name of account not just the ledger or Purchases JournalMust show the name of the creditor not just 'creditor'.Bank – can allow cash book but not cash
		Bertie		900 (1)		

Mark Scheme

Question	Answer					Guidance	
(b)	Suspense Account General expenses 6,200 (1) Balance b/d 5,000 (1) Rent received 6,200 (1) Purchases 8,400 (1) Bank 1,000 (1) 13,400 13,400				5	Narrative and figure must be correct to be awarded mark. Allow bal b/d or bal b/f as appropriate but not bal on its own or b/d or b/f on its own. Allow trial balance difference for opening balance.	
(C)	Revised Net Profit Original net profit (i) Purchases understated (ii) Sale omitted (iii) Rent received (v) Machinery (vi) Purchases Revised net profit	(8 1 2	30,400 ,400) (1) 3,100 (1) 2,400 (2) 4,000 (1) (<u>900) (1)</u> 0,600 (1)		7	Must show whether items have been added or deducted for a mark, if no signage assume added. Mark figure with reasonable narrative or number to identify error. Revised net profit must have a narrative at the bottom or at the top. Correct answer only.	
(d)	Error of omission where a transaction is completely omitted from books, there is neither a debit or credit entry. Error of commission where a correct amount is entered , but in the wrong person's						
	account. Error of principle where an item is entered in the wrong class of account for example fixed asset entered in an expense account. Compensating error where two errors of equal amounts, but on the opposite sides of the accounts, cancel each other out.					Allow error of transposition. (3 marks x 3 points) (1 for each valid point plus up to 2 for development)	
	Error of original entry where an item is entered, but both debit and credit entries are of the same incorrect figure. Complete reversal of entries where both entries are on the wrong side of the accounts, the debit entry is entered on the credit side and the credit entry is entered on the debit side.					with reasonable narrative. not 'T' account.	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance	
2 (a)	$\begin{array}{c} \underline{Coppice\ Cricket\ Club}\\ \underline{Bar\ Trading\ Account\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ 31\ March\ 2017}}{\pounds\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	5	Must calculate profit from competition and dinner dance to be awarded mark. (Do not allow items separate in income and expenditure). Loss on sale must be shown in expenses. Correct answer only must show as Deficit not Loss.	
(b)*	Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2017Income32,150(3)(1of)Subscriptions32,150(3)(1of)Bar profit450(1)Profit from competition3,200(1)Profit from dinner dance800(1)Supenditure36,600Expenditure36,600(1)Clubhouse maintenance8,400(1)Pad dabta250(1)	25	Accept vertical and horizontal presentation of income and expenditure account and balance sheet Must calculate net figure for fixed assets to be awarded mark.	
	Bad debts $250(1)$ Depreciation Equipment $8,600(1)$ Loss on sale of equipment $500(1)$ Deficit $\frac{43,350}{(6750)}$.		current liabilities, items must be in the correct section.	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017Fixed AssetsClubhouse200,000Equipment $\frac{82,000}{282,000(1)}$ Current AssetsBar stock $8,300(1)$ Subs in arrears $600(1)$ Bank $1,900(1)$ 10,800Current LiabilitiesBar creditors $3,100$ General expenses owing 400 Bar staff wages owing $150(1)$ Subs in advance $3,500(1)$ 7,150 (1)7,150 (1)Working capital $\frac{3,650}{285,650}$ Financed by $292,400(2)$ Less deficit $(6,750)(1)$ QWCQWC	3	Mark figure only for deficit QWC: must be identified at the end of the question by showing 1, 2 or 3 ticks. If no mark awarded then mark with a red x to indicate that it has been considered.
			Receipts – if just totals shown and incorrect check for individual amounts in workings.Can show cash sales and receipts from debtors as totalsSale of equipment should be shown separately.Payments – Purchases can show totals JulyJulyAugSep 329,400364,800391,200

Question			Ans	Mark	Guidance		
3 ((a)	PBC Ltd Cash Budget for	the three months	23			
		<u>Receipts</u> Cash sales Receipt from debtors Sales of equipment	July 140,000(1) 537,600(1) <u>36,000(1)</u> 712,000	August 145,600(1) 560,000(1) 705.600	September 151,200 (1) 582,400 (1) 733,600		Receipts – Sales can show totalsJulyAugSep677,600705,600733,600Wages can be shown separateJulyAugJulyAugSep162,000165,240165,240
	(b)*	Payments Cash purchases Payments to creditors Wages General expenses Equipment Net cash flow Opening balance Closing balance	713,600 144,000(1) 185,400(1) 180,000(1) 22,000(1) 192,000(1) 723,400 (9,800) (5,200)(1) (15,000)		100,000100,00018,00018,00018,00018,360Opening balance must be a negative figure. Can show opening balance at top of budget.Closing balance correct answer only.Must discuss income and expenditure not profit and loss		
(Budgeting allows a business to plan for the future, foreseeing future problems and take remedial action, by amending the budget where appropriate. Budgeting allows a business to control its expenditure by comparing its actual data with that of its planned data, differences can be investigated and corrective action can then be taken. A business can co-ordinate and ensure that all the budgets are linked together and that they are working towards the same goal and are not in conflict with each other. A budget can be used as a motivational tool by involving managers in the setting of 					 (3 x 3) (Each benefit - 1 for point up to 2 marks for development) QWC: must be identified at the end of the question by showing 1 or 2ticks. If no mark awarded then mark with a red x to indicate that it has been considered. Must show whether figures have been added or deducted for mark, if no signage assume
		Targets can be set within budgeted results to see and staff. QWC	take ownership an n different departm	d are motivated to ke nents, actual results o	eep within the budget.	2	Mark figure with reasonable narrative or identification of which error. Where 2 marks are awarded 2 or 0 If adjustment shows an increase and a

Mark Scheme

Question	Answer					Guidance	
4 (a)	Noah Walsh		12	decrease net figures off.			
	<u>A detailed Statement of Stock Valuation as at 30 April 2017</u>					Figure for revised stock valuation correct	
	Original stock valuation			76,400		answer only with narrative at bottom or top.	
		Increase	Decrease				
	(i) Purchases		6,400 (1)				
	(ii) Sales returns		10,500 (2)				
	(iii) Drawings	750 (1)					
	(iv) Sales	20,500 (2)					
	(v) Purchase returns	2,500 (1)				(1 mark for point plus up to 2 for	
	(vi) Stationery		520 (1)			development for each of items (iii), (vi) and (vii)	
	(vii) Free samples		80 (1)				
	(viii) Sale or return	<u>500</u> (2)				(,	
		24,250	17500	<u>6,750</u>			
	Revised Stock Valuation			<u>83,150</u> (1)			
	balance sheet increasing the stock valuation will increase the current assets by £750. Goods taken out of the business for the owners personal use is an example of the business entity concept.						
	(vi) The stock valuation should only include those items which are to be resold for a profit. The stock of stationery had not been purchased with the intention to resell. Unused stationery at the end of the financial year should be classified as a prepaid expense in the balance sheet. As the stationery has been incorrectly categorised as stock rather than an expense then this is an example of an error of principle.						
	(vii) The free samples should that have been purchased sh valued at the lower of cost an samples and therefore cost n	ould be included as d net realisable valu	per SSAP9/IAS2 ue. As these good	stock should be			

APPENDIX 1

	A01	AO2	AO3		Total
1a	7	7			14
1b	2	3			5
1c	3	4			7
1d			9		9
2a	2	3			5
2b	10	15		*	25
3a	8	15			23
3b			11	*	11
4a	4	8			12
4b			9		9
	36	55	29		120

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