

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2013

International GCSE Mathematics A (4MAO) Paper 3H

Level 1 / Level 2 Certificate in Mathematics (KMAO) Paper 3H

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January 2013
Publications Code UG034739
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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme
 - Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Types of mark

o M marks: method marks

o A marks: accuracy marks

o B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- o SC special case
- o oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o eeoo each error or omission

No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct)
answers score no marks.

· With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.

Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1. (a)	1 - (0.18 + 0.2 + 0.23 + 0.22)	0.17	2	M1 1 - 0.83 A1
1. (b)	40 x 0.2	8	2	M1 A1 8 out of 40 = M1A1 8/40 = M1A0
				Total 4 marks
2. (i)		$2x + 2(x+2) = 2 \times 2x + 2 \times 4x$ or $4x + 4 = 12x$ or $x + (x+2) = 2x + 4x$ or $2x + 2 = 6x$	2	B2 Must be an equation based on perimeter or semi-perimeter with <i>x</i> 's on both sides of equation
				If not B2 then B1 for $\{2x+2(x+2)\}\$ or $\{2x+2x+2x+4x\}$ or $\{4x+4\}$ or $\{2x+2\}$ i.e correct perimeter of A or B or $\{x+(x+2)\}$ or $\{2x+4x\}$ or $\{2x+2\}$ or $\{2x+4x\}$ of A or B
2. (ii)	4x + 4 = 12x or $2x + 2 = 6x$ 4 = 8x or $2 = 4x$			M1 One step from co
		0.5	2	A1 Allow numerical methods. Correct answer only = M1A1
				Total 4 marks

3. (a)	45/625 x 100			M1
. ,		7.2	2	A1
3. (b)	8/100 x 45 (= 3.6)			M1 or M2 for 45 x 1.08
	45 + "3.6"			M1 dep
		48.6(0)	3	A1
3. (c)	640 – 625 (= 15)			M1 640/625 (= 625/640 (= 0.976 or
	"15" / 625 or "15" / 640			M1 1.024) 0.977)
		2.4	3	dep "1.024" – 1 1 – "0.976" (=
				A1 (= 0.024) 0.0234)
3. (d)	$18 \div 1 \ 1/3 \text{ or } 18 \div 1.33 \text{ (2dp or better) or } 18 \div 80 \text{ x } 60$			M2 M1 for 1 1/3 or 18 ÷1.2 (=15)
				or 18 ÷ 1.3 (13.8) or 18 ÷ 80 (=0.225)
	1	13.5	3	A1 cao
				Total 11 marks
4. (a)		Q correct		B3 Bottom LH corner goes to $(4, -2)$
				If not B3 then B2 for correct size T shape in
				wrong position but with correct orientation
			3	If not B2 then B1 for T shape with 2 or more
4. (b)		R correct	3	sides of correct length and correct orientation B2 Bottom LH corner goes to (-11,3)
4. (0)		K collect	2	If not B2 then B1 for rotation of $\pm 90^{\circ}$ (wrong
			2	position)
				Total 5 marks
	<u>I</u>			1 otal 5 marks
5.	2y = 6 or 4x = -6			M1 Adding or subtracting correctly or
•				correct substitution leading to one correct
		x = -1.5 y = 3	3	equation and one unknown.
		,	-	A1 A1 dep on M1 awarded otherwise M0A0
				Total 3 marks

6. (a)			$25 < d \le 30$	1	B1 identifies $25 \rightarrow 30$ class
6. (b)	(12 x 2.5) + (6 x 7.5) + (4 x 12.5) + (6 x 17) 22.5) + (18 x 27.5) (totals: 30, 45, 50, 105, 315, 495)	.5) + (14 x	1040	3	If not M2 then M1 for freq x consistent interval value (890 = freq x lower limit, 1190 = freq x upper limit) or 3 or more correct products stated or evaluated A1 isw if 1040 calculated correctly and correct mean calculation follows (1040 ÷ 60 = 17.3 or better)
		·			Total 4 marks
7. (i)	$-2 - 2 < x \text{ and } x \le 5 - 2$		$-4 < x \le 3$	2	M1 condone omission/addition of "equals" in inequalities
			-4 \ x \ \ 3	2	Alcao accept $x > -4$ and $x \le 3$ (both present)
7. (ii)	<u>-4</u> ○ •			2	B2 ft ft for an inequality where range lies between - 5 and +5 If not B2ft then B1ft for correct values but wrong shading of end circles
					Total 4 marks
8. (a)	7.9 x cos 38° or 7.9 x sin 52°		6.23	3	M2 M1 for cos 38° or sin 52° selected A1 6.2252 awrt 6.23
8. (b) (i)			37.5	1	B1 0.2232 awit 0.23
8. (b)(ii)		38	.5 or 38.49 rec	1	B1
					Total 5 marks

9. (a)		Mars	1	B1 Accept 6.8 x 10 ³ oe
9. (b)	$1.2 \times 10^5 - 5.0 \times 10^4 \text{ or } 70000$			M1 Correct values with intention to subtract
		7×10^4	2	A1 M1 A0 for 70000 with no working
9. (c)	$(1.4 \times 10^6) \div (3.5 \times 10^3)$			M1 Correct values with intention to divide
		1:400 oe	2	A1 M1 A0 for 400 or 400:1 with no working
				Total 5 marks
-				
10.	Correct $v \div h$			M1 e.g. $6 \div 4$
(a)		1.5 oe	2	A1 accept improper fractions (e.g 3/2)
				N.B. $1.5x = M1A0$
10.		y = ``1.5''x - 10e	1	B1 ft from (a)
(b)				
10.	y = "1.5" $x + c$ oe or "1.5" $x + 3$			M1ft from (a) $c \neq -1$ (c must be a numeric
(c)	or $0 = -2 x$ gradient from (a) + c			value)
		y = "1.5" $x +$ "c" oe	2	(substituting $y = 0$ and $x = -2$ into $y = mx +$
				(c)
				A1ft "c" = follow through using numeric
				value of gradient in (a)
		<u> </u>		Total 5 marks
				Total 5 marks
11.	21-17(=04)			M1
11.	$\begin{vmatrix} 2.1 - 1.7 & (= 0.4) \\ 6^2 + "0.4"^2 & (= 36.16) \end{vmatrix}$			M1 dep
	√"36.16"			M1 dep
	, 50.10	6.01	4	A1 awrt 6.01
		0.01		N.B. Accept working in cms throughout for
				method marks
				Total 4 marks

12.	$\frac{A}{2\pi r} = r + h \text{ or } A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$	$\frac{A}{2\pi r} - r = h \text{ oe}$	2	M1 Correct first step A1 e.g. $\frac{A-2\pi r^2}{2\pi r}$ Give full credit to equivalent correct expressions
13. (i)	5 x 8			M1 Or any correct fd marked on vertical axis

13. (i)	5 x 8			M1 Or any correct fd marked on vertical axis
				(2, 4 etc) with no errors
		40	2	or 1 square = 4 students
				A1
13.	Missing blocks = 5cm, 6cm, 1.5cm		2	B2 3 correct blocks
(ii)				If not B2 then B1 for 1 or 2 correct blocks
				Total 4 marks

14.	Black circle = 0.3 White region = 0.6			B1 B1
(a)	All values "correct" for second shot		3	B1ft Allow ft if each group of 3 branches on
				second arrow all sum to 1 and are consistent
				with first arrow branches
14.	Any one correct product in numerical form			M1ft e.g. (Black, Miss) or (Miss, Black) or
(b)	e.g. ("0.3" x 0.1) or			(White, White)
	(0.1 x "0.3") or ("0.6" x "0.6")			
	("0.3"x 0.1) + (0.1x "0.3") + ("0.6" x "0.6")			
		0.42oe	3	M1ft 3 "correct" products with intention to
				add
				A1 cao
				Total 6 marks

	·			<u></u>
15. (i)		18	1	B1
15.		15	1	B1
(ii)				
(ii) 15.		9	1	B1
(iii)				
15.		22	1	B1
(iv)			_	
				Total 4 marks
16.	$7^2 = 9^2 + 13^2 - 2 \times 9 \times 13 \cos x$ oe			M1
	$234 \cos x = 201$			M1 or $\cos x = 0.86$ or better
		30.8	3	A1 30.798 awrt 30.8
				Total 3 marks
17.	(2x-5)(2x+5)			M2 If not M2 then M1 for numerator or
	$\frac{(2x-5)(2x+5)}{(2x+5)(3x-1)}$			denominator correct
	(2x + 5)(5x 1)	(2x - 5)	3	
		$\frac{3x-1}{3x-1}$		A1
		(0 2)		Total 3 marks
				Tour 5 marks
18.		16 <i>x</i>	1	B1
(a) (i)		10%	•	
18.	$2x^{-1}$			M1
(a)		$-2 x^{-2}$ oe	2	Al
(ii)			_	
18.	" $16x$ " + " $-2/x^2$ " = 0			M1
(b)	$16x = 2/x^2$			
(0)	$x^3 = 1/8$			M1 x^3 isolated
	$x = \frac{1}{2}$			nii a isoluteu
	,2	(½, 6)	4	A1, A1
		(/2 , 0)	•	Total 7 marks
				Total / marks

19. (a)	$2 \times 3 \times x = (x+10)(3x+20)$ or $6x^2 = (x+10)(3x+20)$			M2 If not M2 then M1 for 2 x 3x x x or 2 x $3x^2$ or $6x^2$ or $(x + 10)(3x + 20)$
	$6x^2 = 3x^2 + 50x + 200$		3	A1 Dependent on at least M1
19. (b)	(3x+10)(x-20) (=0)			M2 or $x = \frac{50 \pm \sqrt{2500 + 2400}}{6}$
	Marks can be awarded in b) if seen in a)			If not M2 then M1 for $(3x \pm 10)(x \pm 20)$ or $x = \frac{-50 \pm \sqrt{-50^2 - 4x3x - 200}}{2x + 2x +$
				or $x = \frac{-50 \pm \sqrt{-50^{\circ} - 488 \pi - 200}}{2 \times 3}$ condone 1 sign error
	20 2 20	<i>x</i> =20		
	20 x 3 x 20	1200	5	A1 dep on M1 in b). Ignore negative root (– 3.3 rec)
		1200		M1
				A1 dep on 1 st M1 in b)
				Total 8 marks

20.		2 a oe	1	B1
(a) (i)				
20.		$2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ oe	1	B1
(a)				
(a) (ii)				
20.		$-\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ oe	1	B1
(a)				
(a) (iii)				
20.	 →			
(b)	$PN = \mathbf{a} + 1/3 \text{ ("-a + b")}$ $PN = 2\mathbf{a}/3 + \mathbf{b}/3 $ {= 1/3 (2a +b)}			M1ft from (a)(iii) i.e. a valid path from P to
	$PN = 2\mathbf{a}/3 + \mathbf{b}/3 = 1/3 (2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b})$			N, or N to P, using lower case letters.
		→ →	2	
		stating $PN = PR/3$	2	A1 Arrows not necessary. Dependent on M1
	→			Alt
	NR = 2/3 ("-a + b") + 2a			M1ft from (a)(iii) i.e. a valid path from N to
	NR = 2/3 ("- a + b ") + 2 a $NR = 4\mathbf{a}/3 + 2\mathbf{b}/3 = 2/3 (2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b})$			R, or R to N, using lower case letters.
		→ → · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		stating $NR = 2PR/3$		A1 Arrows not necessary. Dependent on M1
				\rightarrow \rightarrow
				NB: If both PN and NR worked out correctly,
				award M1A1
				for stating $2PN = NR$ or stating or showing
				PN + NR = PR
				Total 5 marks

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21.	$\sqrt{(16^2 + 10^2)}$ (=18.9 or better)			M1 or M2 for $\sqrt{(8^2 + 5^2)}$ (=9.43 or better)
	"18.867" ÷ 2 (=9.433)			M1 dep on previous M1
	$\tan "x" = 15/ "9.433"$			M1 dep on M2
		57.8	4	A1 57.832 awrt 57.8
				Total 4 marks
				TOTAL = 100 marks



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Email <u>publication.orders@edexcel.com</u>
Order Code UG034739 January 2013

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