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Mark Scheme (Results)
Summer 2013

International GCSE Mathematics
(4MA0) Paper 3H
Level 1/Level 2 Certificate in Mathematics
(KMAO) Paper 3H

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
- Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Abbreviations
- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- SC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- eeoo - each error or omission


## No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

## Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

## Apart from Questions 3(c), 19(b) and 20(b) (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer,

 unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.| Question <br> Number | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $(0 \times 13)+1 \times 2+2 \times 3+3 \times 8+4 \times 14$ <br> or (0) $+2+6+24+56$ or 88 |  | 3 | M1for sum of at least 3 products <br> (products may or may not be <br> evaluated) |
|  | " 88 " $\div 40$ |  | M1(dep) for division by 40 <br> (or by their 40) |  |
|  |  | 2.2 |  | A1accept 2.2 or $\frac{11}{5}$ or $2 \frac{1}{5}$ <br> Also accept ' 2 ' if both method <br> marks are scored. |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 2 (a) | $\frac{2.720294102}{7.7}$ |  | 2 | M1for 2.72029... if first 5 figures <br> correct (rounded or truncated) <br> or for 7.7 or for $\frac{2 \sqrt{185}}{77}$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  |  | $0.35328(4948)$ |  | A1 Accept if first 5 figures correct |  |
| (b) |  | 0.35 | 1 | B1ft from (a) only if more than 2 <br> sig figs given in (a) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 3 (a) |  | $6 n-12$ | 1 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (b) |  |  | $p(p-5)$ | 2 | B2Also accept $(p+0)(p-5)$ for B2 <br> B1 for factors which, when expanded and <br> simplified, give two terms, one of which is <br> correct. |
| (c) | $7 x-3=2 x$ |  |  |  |  |


| 4 (a) | corresponding (angle(s)) |  | 1 |  | oe eg $x$ corresponds to angle A; corresponding to angle A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & (6-2) \times 180 \text { or } 4 \times 180 \\ & \text { or }(2 \times 6-4) \times 90 \text { or } 8 \times 90 \\ & \text { or } 120 \times 6 \text { or }(180-60) \times 6 \\ & \text { or } 360+360 \end{aligned}$ |  | 4 | M1 |  |  | $(73+46+38+$ <br> 7) <br> ne one ect ext angle |
|  | 720 |  |  | A1 | M1 A1 for 720 seen | 58 | M1 A1 for 58 seen |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & " 720 "-(107+134+142+92+ \\ & 123) \\ & \text { or " } 720 \text { " }-598 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 | dep on first M1 |  | "58" |
|  |  | 122 |  | A1 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |  |  |  |


| 5 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 43=12 x+2 \times 6.5 \text { or } 43=12 x+13 \\ & \text { or } P-2 y=12 x \\ & \text { (oe with } \pm 12 x \text { or } \pm x \text { as the } \\ & \text { subject) } \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 | for correct rearrangement of original equation or substitution | M2 for$\begin{aligned} & 43-2 \times 6.5(= \\ & 12 x) \text { or } \\ & 30(=12 x) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 x=43-13 \text { or } 12 x=30 \text { or } \\ & -12 x=13-43 \text { or }-12 x=-30 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M | for correct rearrangement and substitution |  |
|  |  | 2.5 oe |  | A1 Correct answer scores full marks | Correct answer scores full marks |  |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 x y+\frac{1}{2} \times 3 x \times 4 x \text { or } \\ & \frac{3 x+y+y}{2} \times 4 x \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 |  | for any one correct area eg $4 x y$ oe or $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 x \times 4 x$ oe or $4 x(3 x+y)$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4 x y+6 x^{2} \\ \text { etc } \end{array}$ |  | A1 for $4 x y+6 x^{2}$ or $4 y x+6 x^{2}$ or $2 x(3 x+2 y)$ or $2\left(3 x^{2}+2 x y\right)$ or $x(6 x+4 y)$ (No fractions or uncollected terms but could be multiplication signs and/or brackets present) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |  |  |


| 6 (a) | $\frac{8}{100} \times 475 \text { oe or } 38 \text { or } 437$ |  | 3 | M1 |  | M2 for $475 \times 1.08$ oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 475 + "38" |  |  | M1 | (dep) |  |
|  |  | 513 |  | A1 cao |  |  |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \%=\frac{48}{8} \text { or } 6 \\ & 8 \% \text { (of amount) }=48 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 | M2 for $\frac{48}{8} \times 100$ or 600 or $\frac{48}{0.08}$ or $\frac{48}{8} \times 108$ or $\frac{48}{0.08} \times 1.08$ |  |
|  | "6" $\times 100$ or 600 |  |  | M1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 648 |  | A1 | cao <br> (NB: An answer of 600 scores M2A0) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |



| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times \pi \times 5.1^{2}+2 \times \pi \times 5.1 \times 3.7 \text { oe or } \\ & 163.42 \ldots+118.56 \ldots \text { (using } \pi \text { ) or } \\ & 163.3428+118.5036 \text { (using } 3.14 \text { ) } \\ & \text { (rounded or truncated to at least } 3 \text { sig } \\ & \text { figs) or } \\ & 2 \times \pi \times 5.1 \times(5.1+3.7 \text { ) or } \\ & \frac{2601}{50} \pi+\frac{1887}{50} \pi \text { or } \\ & \frac{2244}{25} \pi \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M2 M1 for one of $2 \times \pi \times 5.1^{2}$ or value in range 163-163.43 inc or $\frac{2601}{50} \pi$ <br> $2 \times \pi \times 5.1 \times 3.7$ oe or value in range 118-119 inc or $\frac{1887}{50} \pi$ <br> NB. Accept 3.14(...) or 22/7 in place of $п$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 282 |  |  | nge |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 9 | No approximation <br> $\frac{37527}{365}$ or $\frac{37527}{366}$ or $\frac{37527}{365.25}$ or <br> $\frac{37527}{364}$ |  | M2 | M1 for $\frac{37527}{x}$ where <br> $356 \leq x \leq 370$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 103 |  | A2 | Accept 102 if M2 awarded <br> A1 for $102.5 \leq$ answer $\leq 103.1$ |


| 9 | Alternative - with approximation $\frac{x}{y}$ or $x \times \frac{1}{y}$ where $x$ is $35000 \leq x \leq 40000$ <br> AND $336 \leq y \leq 400$ |  | 4 |  | M1 for $\frac{x}{y}$ or $x \times \frac{1}{y}$ where either the value of $x$ or the value of $y$ is acceptable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | integer in the range 93 - 111 inclusive |  | A2 | The award of any accuracy marks is dependent on the award of M2 <br> A1 for non-integer in the range 93-111 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| 10 | use of cos |  | 3 | M1 | cos must be selected for use in trig ratio NOT Cosine Rule | or M2 for sin and $\frac{\sqrt{" 21.36 "}}{9.5}$ following correct Pythagoras or M2 for tan and $\frac{\sqrt{" 21.36 "}}{8.3}$ <br> following correct Pythagoras or correct Pythag and then correct use of sine or cosine rule with "21.36" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\cos (" x ")=\frac{8.3}{9.5}(=0.87 \ldots)$ <br> or $(" x "=) \cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{8.3}{9.5}\right)$ |  |  | M1 |  |  |
|  |  | 29.1 |  | A1 | for awrt 29.1 e.g. (29.1103...) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 11 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 54=2 \times 3^{3} \text { and } 90=2 \times 3^{2} \times 5 \\ & \text { or } 1,2,3,6,9,18,27,54 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 1,2,3,5,6,9,10,15,18,30,45,90 \\ & \text { or } 2 \times 3^{2} \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 |  | Need not be products of powers; accept products or lists <br> eg 2,3,3,3 and 2,3,3,5 <br> accept 9, 2, 3 and 9, 2, 5 <br> (may be seen in a Venn diagram or may be shown as factor trees or repeated division ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 18 |  | A1 | cao |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 3^{3} \times 5 \text { oe eg } 6 \times 9 \times 5 \\ & \text { or } 54,108,162,216,270 \\ & \text { and } 90,180,270 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 | Need not be products of powers; accept products or lists eg 2, 3, 3, 3, 5 |
|  |  | 270 |  | A1 | cao |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| 12 (a) |  | Points correct | 2 | B1 | $\pm 1 / 2 \mathrm{sq}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Curve or line segments |  |  | B1 | ft from points if 4 or 5 correct or if points are plotted consistently within 50-60, 60-70, 70-80 etc at the correct heights Ignore any attempt at curve to left of first plotted point |
| (b) | 30 (or 30.5) indicated on cumulative frequency graph or stated |  | 2 | M | for 30 (or 30.5 ) indicated on cumulative frequency axis or stated |
|  |  | approx 66 |  |  | If M1 scored, ft from their cumulative frequency graph <br> If M1 not scored, ft only from correct curve \& if answer is correct ( $\pm 1 / 2$ sq tolerance) award M1 A1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| 13 | NB: M2 cannot be awarded if angles are marked incorrectly on the diagram $180-77-39 \text { or }$ <br> $\angle B A D=77^{\circ}$ and $\angle A B D=39^{\circ}$ or $\angle B A^{\prime \prime} x^{\prime \prime}=64^{\circ}$ where $x$ is on $P A$ produced or a fully correct method to find angle $A D B$ |  | 3 |  | also accept $103-39$ M1 for $\angle B A D=77^{\circ}$ or $\angle A B D=39^{\circ}$ | Angles may be stated or marked on diagram |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 64 |  | A1 | cao |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 14 (a) |  | $24 p^{5} q^{6}$ | 2 | B2B1 for 2 of $24, p^{5}, q^{6}$ correct in a single product with no <br> additional terms or $24 p^{3+2} q^{5+1}$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | $125 x^{6} y^{12}$ | 2 | B2B1 for 2 of $125, x^{6}, y^{12}$ correct in a single product with no <br> additional terms or $125 x^{2,3} y^{43}$ |  |
| (c) |  | $(3 a+b)(3 a-b)$ | 2 | B2B1 for $(3 a+b)(3 a+b)$ or $(3 a+b)^{2}$ or $(3 a-b)(3 a-b)$ or <br> $(3 a-b)^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| 15 (a) | $x=3, y=2$ | 1 | B1 | cao |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | Use of gradient and $y=m x+c$ <br> or clear attempt to use <br> $\frac{\text { vertical difference }}{\text { horizontal difference }}$ eg $\frac{2}{3}$ oe (ignore omission of - sign) <br> or for $3 y=12-2 x$ or $3 y=-2 x+12$ <br> or for $y=\frac{12-2 x}{3}$ oe <br> or gradient $=\frac{2}{3}$ stated or used | 4 | M | Throughout question accept $\frac{2}{3}$ written as a decimal rounded or truncated to 2 or more decimal places |
|  | $(\operatorname{grad}=)-\frac{2}{3}$ oe or $y=4-\frac{2}{3} x$ oe |  | A1 |  |
|  | $y=-\frac{2}{3} x+c$ or for $y="-\frac{2}{3} " x+c$ <br> where $c \neq 10$ or $-\frac{2}{3} x+10, ~ "-\frac{2}{3} " x+10, \mathrm{~L}=-\frac{2}{3} x+10$ etc |  |  | ft from " $-\frac{2}{3}$ " |
|  | $y=-\frac{2}{3} x+10$ oe or $2 x+3 y=30$ oe or $y==^{\prime \prime}-\frac{2}{3} " x+10$ oe |  |  | ft from " $-\frac{2}{3}$ " |


| (b) | Alternative scheme: Use of $2 x+3 y=k$$2 x+3 y=k$ |  |  | 4 | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 \times 0+3 \times 10$ ( $=k$ ) |  |  |  | M1 | Substitution of ( 0,10 ) into $2 x+3 y=k$ |
|  | $k=30$ |  |  |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  | $2 x+3 y=30$ oe |  | A1 |  |
| (c) | $(1,1)(1,2)(1,3)(2,2)$ marked | 2 | B2 B1 for 3 correct points marked and none wrong <br> or for all correct points and either one or more of points on $y$ axis ie. $(0,-1)(0,0)(0,1)(0,2)(0,3)(0,4)$ points on $y=x-1$ ie $(0,-1)(1,0)(2,1)(3,2)$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total 7 marks |  |  |  |


| 16 (a) | $\frac{P R}{5}=\frac{14}{8}$ or $\frac{P R}{14}=\frac{5}{8}$ |  | 2 |  | or for $5 \times \frac{14}{8}$ oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 8.75 |  | A1 |  |
| (b) | $\frac{14}{8}$ or $\frac{7}{4}$ or 1.75 or $\frac{8}{14}$ or $\frac{4}{7}$ or 0.571... <br> (May be implied by second M1) Allow ratio notation |  | 3 | M1 | Alternative method M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 5 \times \sin A$ and $\sin A=0.8$ |
|  | $1.75^{2}$ oe eg $3.0625, \frac{49}{16}$ or $\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^{2}$ oe eg $\frac{16}{49}, 0.326 \ldots$ allow ratio notation |  |  | M1 | M1 (dep) for $\frac{1}{2} \times 14 \times 78.75 " \times 0.8$ |
|  |  | 49 |  | A1 | cao <br> SC: B1 for an answer of 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| 17 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \times 0.1 \text { or } \\ & (1-0.7) \times 0.1 \text { and no other terms } \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0.03 oe |  | A1 |  |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \times 0.8 \text { or } 0.7 \times(1-0.2) \text { or } \\ & 0.3 \times 0.9 \text { or }(1-0.7) \times(1-0.1) \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 for "(a)" }+0.7 \times 0.2 \text { or } \\ & 0.3 \times 0.1+0.7 \times 0.2(=0.17) \text { or } \\ & (1-0.7) \times 0.1+0.7 \times 0.2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \times 0.8+0.3 \times 0.9 \text { or } \\ & 0.7 \times(1-0.2)+(1-0.7) \times(1- \\ & 0.1) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 | M1 for $1-("(a) "+0.7 \times 0.2)$ or 1 - "0.17" <br> (M2 for $1-$ "(a)" $-0.7 \times 0.2$ ) |
|  |  | 0.83 oe |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| 18 | $\frac{2.9}{\sin 36^{\circ}}=\frac{Q S}{\sin (180-62)^{\circ}}$ |  | 3 | M1 | for correct substitution into the Sine Rule | Condone use of 62 instead of 118 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(Q S=) \frac{2.9 \sin 1118^{\circ}}{\sin 36^{\circ}} \text { oe }$ |  |  |  | for correct rearrangement (there may be partial evaluation) |  |
|  |  | 4.36 |  |  | for awrt 4.36 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |  |  |


| 19 (a) | $3.65 \times 6$ |  | 2 | M1 | for 3.65 or 3.649 or $3.6499 \ldots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 21.9 |  | A1 | Also accept 21.89 or $21.899 \ldots$ |
| (b) | 75 or 12.5 or 12.49 |  | 3 | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{75}{\frac{72.5}{\text { or }} 75=w \times 12.5 \text { or }} \\ & \frac{75}{12.4 \dot{9}} \text { or } 75=w \times 12.49 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | for 75 and 12.5 (or 12.49 )used correctly |
|  |  | 6 |  | A1 | cao dep on both method marks |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| 20 (a) | $\frac{20-2 x}{2}$ or $10-x$ seen as the width or $\sqrt{8^{2}-x^{2}}$ oe |  | 4 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & x^{2}+(10-x)^{2}=8^{2} \text { or } \\ & x^{2}+(10-x)^{2}=64 \text { or } \\ & 2 x+2 \sqrt{8^{2}-x^{2}}=20 \text { or } \\ & x+\sqrt{8^{2}-x^{2}}=10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | accept $\frac{20-2 x}{2}$ in place of $10-x$ for all method marks |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & x^{2}+100-10 x-10 x+x^{2}=64 \text { or } \\ & \left(2 \sqrt{8^{2}-x^{2}}\right)^{2}=400-40 x-40 x+4 x^{2} \\ & \text { or }\left(\sqrt{8^{2}-x^{2}}\right)^{2}=100-10 x-10 x+x^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | (dep on previous M1) <br> for correct expansion of $(10-x)^{2}$ <br> or correct expansion of $(20-2 x)^{2}$ |
|  |  | $x^{2}-10 x+18=0$ |  | A | for correct manipulation resulting in given equation |
| (b) | $\frac{--10 \pm \sqrt{(-10)^{2}-4 \times 1 \times 18}}{2 \times 1}$ or for this expression with one or more of $(--10),(-10)^{2}, 10^{2},-4 \times 1 \times$ $18,2 \times 1,(-10)^{2}-4 \times 1 \times 18$ evaluated e.g. $\frac{10 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2}$ |  | 3 |  | correct substitution brackets not necessary (accept $10^{2}$ ) <br> or <br> $(x-5)^{2}-25+18=0$ oe |
|  | $\sqrt{28}$ or $2 \sqrt{7}$ or $\sqrt{100-72}$ or 5.29... |  | M1 (independent) for correct simplification of discriminant (if evaluated at least 3sf rounded or truncated) <br> or $x-5= \pm \sqrt{7}$ oe |  |  |


|  |  | 2.357 .65 | A1for values rounding to 2.35 and <br> $7.65(2.35424 \ldots$ <br> $7.64575 \ldots)$ <br> Award full marks for correct <br> solutions if at least 1 method mark <br> scored. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Total 7 marks |  |


| 21 | $\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 16 \times \sin 150^{\circ}$ |  | 6 | M1 | for $\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 16 \times \sin 150^{\circ}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | M1 | for $\pi \times 7^{2}$ or $49 \pi$ or for value rounding to 153.9 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{210}{360} \times \pi \times 7^{2} \text { or } \\ & \pi \times 7^{2}-\frac{150}{360} \times \pi \times 7^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M2 | correct method for sector of circle | M1 for $\frac{210}{360}$ oe inc $0.5833 \ldots$ rounded or truncated to at least 3 decimal places or for $\frac{360}{210}$ oe inc $1.714 \ldots$ rounded or truncated to at least 2 decimal places |
|  |  |  |  | A1 | for value rounding to 89.8 or $\frac{343 \pi}{12}$ for area of sector <br> or 28 for area of triangle |  |
|  |  | 118 |  | A1 | for value rounding to 118 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |  |


| 22 | $\frac{y(x+4)}{x(x+4)}+\frac{2 x y}{x(x+4)}=3$ or $\frac{y(x+4)}{x(x+4)}+\frac{2 x y}{x(x+4)}=\frac{3 x(x+4)}{x(x+4)}$ |  | 5 | M1 | LHS may be two separate fractions or one single fraction <br> (brackets may or may not be removed on RHS and denominator) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $y(x+4)+2 x y=3 x(x+4)$ <br> or <br> $\frac{x y+4 y}{x(x+4)}+\frac{2 x y}{x(x+4)}=3$ or $\frac{x y+4 y}{x(x+4)}+\frac{2 x y}{x(x+4)}=\frac{3 x(x+4)}{x(x+4)}$ |  |  | M1 | LHS may be two separate fractions or one single fraction; if one fraction, numerator on LHS may or may not be simplified <br> (implies previous M1) <br> (brackets may or may not be removed on RHS and denominator) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & x y+4 y+2 x y=3 x^{2}+12 x \text { or } \\ & x y+4 y-2 x y=3 x(x+4) \text { or } \\ & 3 x y+4 y=3 x^{2}+12 x \text { or } \\ & 3 x y+4 y=3 x(x+4) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 | (brackets may or may not be removed on RHS) <br> (implies previous two M1s) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & y(3 x+4)=3 x(x+4) \text { or } \\ & y(3 x+4)=3 x^{2}+12 x \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 | LHS factorised correctly - expression in bracket on LHS may or may not be simplified |
|  |  | $\frac{3 x(x+4)}{3 x+4}$ |  | A1 | $\frac{3 x(x+4)}{3 x+4} \text { or } \frac{3 x^{2}+12 x}{3 x+4}$ <br> a fully correct method must be seen in order to award full marks |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |

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