

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA0)
Paper 3H

Pearson Edexcel Level1/Level 2 Certificate Mathematics A (KMA0) Paper 3H

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Summer 2015
Publications Code UG042083
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# **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
   Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

   Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

#### Types of mark

- o M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

#### Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- o eeoo each error or omission
- o awrt -answer which rounds to

### No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

### With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

# • Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

#### Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another. Apart from questions 13a, 17 and 18 (where the mark scheme states otherwise) the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	$345 \div 200 \ (=1.725)$ or $345 \times 100 \ (=34500)$			M1 for a correct units conversion ( $\times 100$ ) or $\div 200$
				,
	"1.725" × 100 <b>or</b> "34500" ÷ 200		3	M1 for a correct units conversion (×100) and ÷200
	11725 X 100 01 5 15 00 . 200			The form of the conversion (**100) and 1200
		172.5		A1 accept 173 if at least M1 awarded
		172.3		AT accept 175 II at least WIT awarded
				Total 3 marks

2	$(360-76-82-30) \div 2 = 86 \text{ or}$			M1 Accept digits 2255(000) in place of 225.5 in both
	$225.5 \div 82 (=2.75)$ or			method marks
	$225.5 \div 82 \times a$ where $a \neq 86$ or			
	$225.5 \div 82 \times (360 - 76 - 82 - 30)$ oe (=473)			
			3	
	225.5 ÷ 82 × "86" <b>or</b>			M1(dep) for complete method
				NB: 82 and 86 may be converted to percentage of 360 –
	$225.5 \div 22.7 \times 23.8$ or			and then these percentages used
	digits 236 <b>or</b>			82 22.7 % 22% 86 22.8 % 24%
	"473" ÷ 2			$\frac{82}{360} = 22.7\%$ or 23%; $\frac{86}{360} = 23.8\%$ or 24%
		236.5		A1 oe accept 236.5 million or 236 500 000
				Total 3 marks

<b>3</b> (a)			M1 4n + k (k may be zero)
	4n + 1	2	A1 oe eg. $5 + (n-1) \times 4$
			NB: $n = 4n + 1$ oe scores M1 A0
(b)	4n + 5	1	B1 ft from (a) if (a) is of the form $4n + k$ oe
			<b>NB:</b> Accept $4(n + 1) + 1$ oe
			Total 3 marks

4	(a)	$4 \times 13 \ (=52) \ \text{or} \ \frac{w+x+y+z}{4} = 13$	or		2	M1		
		4×13 – 33						
				19		A1		
	(b)	z-w = 10 <b>or</b> $w = 9$ <b>or</b>				M1 ft from (a		
		w = "19" - 10  or				-	ed by 9, $x_{s}$ y, 19 <b>OR</b>	
		x + y = 33 - 9 = 24			2	w, x, y, z with	th x + y = 24)	
				12		A1 cao		
								Total 4 marks
5	(a)	$15960 \div 5.7 \times 4.6 \text{ or}$				M1		
		15960 ÷ 5.7 (=2800)			2			
				12880		A1		
	(b)	7.5				M1	M2 for	M2 for
		$15960 \times \frac{7.5}{100}$ oe (= 1197)					$0.925 \times 5.7 \ (=5.27(25))$	15000, 92.5
					3		5.2715060	$15960 \times \frac{92.5}{100}$ oe
		15960 – "1197"				M1 (dep)	<b>AND</b> $\frac{5.27}{5.7} \times 15960$	
				14763		A1		
				NB	: Accept	12880 or ans to	(a) in place of 15960 for	both method marks
								Total 5 marks
			1		•	-		
6	(a)	$1.5 \times \pi \text{ or } 2 \times \pi \times (1.5 \div 2)$			2	M1		
			4.71	1		A1 4.71 - 4.72		
	(b)	1000 ÷ "4.71 "				M1 ft from (a)		
	, ,					(accept use of r	ounded answer from (a) fo	r method mark only)
			212	2	2	` •	provided working is shown	
						to integer value		`
						<u> </u>	,	Total 4 marks
		•						

7	(a)	450 × 1.16 oe		2	M1	
			522		A1	
	(b)	850÷1.16 oe (= 732.76) <b>or</b>			M1	M1 for $3.50 \times 1.16 (= 4.06)$
		732 – 733		3		
		"732.76" + 3.50			M1 (dep)	M1 (dep) for (850 + "4.06") ÷1.16 oe
			736.26		A1 Accept 736 –	736.3
						Total 5 marks

8	$(AB^2 =) 6.5^2 - 6.3^2 (=2.56)$		3	M1	Alternative method: M1 for finding a correct angle (A = 75.7; C = 14.2) AND a correct trig statement with a correct angle eg.
	$(AB =)\sqrt{6.5^2 - 6.3^2}$ or $\sqrt{2.56}$			M1 dep	$\sin 14.2 = \frac{AB}{6.5}$ M1 for making AB the subject eg. $AB = 6.5\sin 14.2$
		1.6		A1	NB: 1.6 as a rounded answer eg. from1.594 gains A0
					Total 3 marks

<b>9</b> (a)	20y <sup>3</sup>	2	B2
			(B1 for $ny^3$ , $n \neq 20$ or $20y^m$ $m \neq 3$ )
(b)	$\frac{3e}{5f^2}$	2	B2 $\frac{3e}{5f^2}$ or $\frac{3}{5}ef^{-2}$ or $0.6\frac{e}{f^2}$ or $0.6ef^{-2}$
		2	(B1 for $k \frac{e}{f^2}$ with $k \neq 0.6$ oe <b>or</b> $\frac{3ef}{5f^3}$ <b>or</b> $\frac{3e^2}{5ef^2}$ )
(c)			M1 for $(ap +bq)(cp+dq)$ with $ac = 6$ and $bd = -6$
		2	(ie. the coefficients of $p$ multiply to give 6 and the coefficients of $q$
			multiply to give -6)
	(3p+2q)(2p-3q)		A1 oe
(d)	$x^{yz}$	1	B1
			Total 7 marks

<b>10</b> (a)	$2.57 \times 10^{10} + 6.01 \times 10^{10} + 5.80 \times 10^{10} + 1.91 \times 10^{10} + 8.21 \times 10^{10}$ or $2.57 + 6.01 + 5.8 + 1.91 + 8.21$ or $245\ 000\ 000\ 000$ oe or digits $245$	$2.45 \times 10^{11}$	2	M1 for clear intention to add all surface areas  A1 cao
(b)	$(1.22\times10^{13}) \div (7.45\times10^{9})$ or $1637(.58)$ or digits $1637(58)$	1640	2	M1 condone missing brackets  A1 accept 1637 – 1640 (may be in standard form)  Total 4 marks

11	NB: If it is clear that the surface area is	s being calcu	lated th	en no marks can be awarded
	$\frac{1}{2}$ × (12+22) × (20-12) oe (=136)			M1
	12 × 12 (= 144)			M1
	"136" + "144" = 280		5	M1 dep on at least one previous M1 scored
	80 × "280"			M1 dep on previous M1
		22400		A1
	Alternative $\frac{1}{2} \times (12 + 22) \times (20 - 12)$ oe (=136)			M1 (may be seen within a volume calculation)
	12 × 12 (= 144)			M1(may be seen within a volume calculation)
	" $136$ " × $80 = 10880$ or			M1 dep on at least one previous M1 scored
	" $144$ " × $80 = 11520$			
	"10880" + "11520"			M1 dep on previous M1
		22400		A1
	Special Case: Use of 10cm for height of trapezium AND 10cm for AF			B3 for answer of 23200
	_			If not B3 then B2 for
				$290 \times 80$ or
				$80 \times (10 \times 12 + \frac{1}{2} \times (22 + 12) \times 10)$
				If not B2 then B1 for
				$10 \times 12 + \frac{1}{2} \times (22 + 12) \times 10 \ (= 290) \ \text{or}$
				$10 \times 12 \times 80$ and $\frac{1}{2} \times (22+12) \times 10 \times 80$
				Total 5 marks

12	$20 \times 151 = 3020$ or $12 \times 148 = (1776)$ or			M1
	4796			
	("3020" + "1776") ÷ (12 + 20) <b>or</b> ("3020" + "1776") ÷ 32		3	M1 dep
		149.875		A1 for 149.875 rounded or truncated to 1 or more decimal places
				Accept 150 if M2 awarded
				Total 3 marks

13	(a)		12x + 12y = 36 $12x + 6y = 39$ $(6y = -3)$	x = 3.5  oe, y = -0.5  oe	4	M1 for appropriate multiplication to get coefficients of $x$ or $y$ the sam (condone one arithmetic error) with the correct operation to eliminate one variable <b>or</b> for correct rearrangement of one equation followed b substitution in the other (condone one arithmetic error).  NB: Could work with $x + y = 3$ throughout rather than $3x + 3y = 3$	
		x = 3.5	y = -0.5			A1 (dep on M1)	
		$4 \times 3.5 + 2y = 13$	3			M1 (dep) for substituting into an equation to find the second variator for a fully correct method to find second variable	
						A1 Award 4 marks for	r correct values if at least first M1 scored
	(b)	line L has gradie	y = -2x + 6.5 or ent $-2$ on $2y = -4x + k$ $k \ne 13$			M1	$M1 \ 4x + 2y = p$
		$\begin{vmatrix} -1 = -2 \times 3 + k \\ y1 = -2(x - 2) \end{vmatrix}$			3	M1	M1 $4\times3 + 2\times-1=p$ NB: $4\times3 + 2\times-1=10$ gets no marks unless clearly part of a complete method
				y = -2x + 5		A1 oe eg. $4x + 2y =$	
							Total 7 marks

14	(a)		(a-b)(a+b)	1	B1 oe
	(b)	$(2^{11}-1)(2^{11}+1)$ or		2	M1
		(2048-1)(2048+1) or			
		$\sqrt{4194304} = 2048$ or $\sqrt{2^{22}} = 2048$ or			
		$\sqrt{2^{22}} = 2^{11}$ or $\sqrt{4194304} = 2^{11}$ or			
		3, 23, 89, 683 (may be seen in a factor tree)			
			2047, 2049		A1 cao
					Total 3 marks

15	$\tan x = \frac{25 - 10}{24}$			M1
	$(x =) \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{25-10}{24}\right)$ or			M1(dep)
			4	
	tan <sup>-1</sup> 0.625 <b>or</b> 32(.005)			
	32(.003)			
	90 + "x" oe			M1 (indep)
		122		A1 awrt 122
	Alternative			
	$\tan A = \frac{24}{25 - 10}$			M1
	$(A=) \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{24}{25-10}\right)$ or		4	M1(dep)
	tan <sup>-1</sup> 1.6 <b>or</b>		4	
	58 <b>or</b> 57.9(94)			
	360 – 90 – 90 – "A" oe			M1 (indep)
		122		A1 awrt 122
	Alternative			
	$(BDC = ) \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{24}{10}\right)$ or			M1 for a fully correct method to find angle BDC
	(BDC = ) 67.4  or $67.3$		4	
	Fully correct method for BDA or		4	M1 for a fully correct method to find angle BDA
	(ADB =) 54.6 "54.6" + "67.4"			
				M1 (indep)
		122		A1 awrt 122
				Total 4 marks

16	(a)	x     1.5     3     6       y     3.75     3     3.75		2	B2 all 3 correct If not B2 then B1 for 2 correct
	(b)		Graph	2	M1(ft if at least B1 scored in (a)) for at least 5 points plotted correctly $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square A1 for correct curve between $x = 1$ and $x = 6$
			6 x		
	(c)	y = 3.5  drawn			M1
			1.7, 5.3	2	A1 ft graph which gives at least 2 roots  NB: Sight of just one correct solution with no method shown gets M0 A0
					Total 6 marks

17	(a)		-1 or 2	1	B1 for -1 or for 2 or both
	(b)		$\frac{5}{2}$ oe	1	B1
	(c)	$\frac{3(x-2)}{(x+1)(x-2)} + \frac{x+1}{(x+1)(x-2)} $ or $\frac{3(x-2)(x+1)}{(x+1)} + \frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{(x-2)} $ or $3(x-2) + x + 1$ $3(x-2) + x + 1 = 0 $ oe or $4x - 5 = 0$		3	M1 for correct method to clear fractions  M1 for clearing fractions <b>and</b> obtaining a correct equation
			$\frac{5}{4}$ oe		A1 (depending on at least M1)
					Total 5 marks
			T		T
18		41.5 or 42.5 or 24.5 or 23.5 or 14.5 or 13.5 $(y =) \frac{2 \times 41.5}{24.5 - 13.5}$	7.5	3	M1  A1 accept $\frac{83}{11}$ or 7.55 or 7.54 (depending on M1)  NB: Answer must come from correct working
					Total 3 marks

19	Any 2 of 50 ÷ 20(=2.5), 90 ÷ 30(=3), 120 ÷ 50(=2.4), 160 ÷ 200(=0.8) Any 3 of 2.5, 3, 2.4, 0.8	Correct histogram	3	M1 for any two correct fd calculations can be implied by any <b>two</b> correct frequency densities or any two correct bars  A1 for any 3 FDs correct (can be implied by at least 3 correct bars)  A1 for a fully correct histogram
				SC: B2 All four bars of correct width with heights in the correct ratio (B1 for 3 bars of correct width with heights in the correct ratio)
	50 100 150 200 250	300 350 400		
				Total 3 marks

20	(a)	$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}$		2	M1
			$\frac{1}{36}$ oe		A1 or 0.0277 rounded or truncated to 2 or more sig figs
	(b)	$\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \text{ oe } \left( = \frac{25}{216} \right)$			M1
		$3 \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}  \text{oe}$		3	M1
			$\frac{25}{72}$ oe		A1 or 0.34722 rounded or truncated to 2 or more sig figs
					Total 5 marks

21	Angle $CBD = 32^{\circ}$ or angle $ABC = 90^{\circ}$ or angle $DBO = 90^{\circ}$ or angle $OBA = 32^{\circ}$ or angle $BOD = 2 \times 32$ (=64)		3	M1 angle must be clearly identifed either on diagram or in working
	(where $O$ is the centre of the circle) eg (Angle $BDC = 180^{\circ} - 32^{\circ} - 32^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$	26		M1 for a complete method  A1
				Total 3 marks

22	$A = KT^2$ and $A = kr^3$ or $T^2 = \frac{k}{K}r^3 \text{ or } T^2 = pr^3$ $r^3 = \frac{K}{k}T^2 \text{ or } r^3 = qT^2$		4 M1 condone the same constant used in both equations  NB: Values may be substituted in place of t variables
	$47^{2} = \frac{k}{K} 0.25^{3} \text{ or } 47^{2} = m0.25^{3} \text{ or}$ $\frac{47^{2}}{0.25^{3}} (=141376) \text{ or}$ $\frac{0.25^{3}}{47^{2}} (=\frac{1}{141376} = 7.07(3) \times 10^{-6})$		M1  NB: 2209 may be seen in place of $47^2$ $\frac{1}{64}$ or 0.015625 may be seen in place of 0.25 <sup>3</sup>
	$(r^{3} =) \frac{0.25^{3}}{47^{2}} \times 365^{2} \text{ or}$ $365^{2} \div 141376 \text{ or}$ $365^{2} \times 7.07(3) \times 10^{-6} \text{ or}$ $0.942$		M1
		0.980	A1 awrt 0.980 accept 0.98
			Total 4 mar

23	Let <i>O</i> be the centre of the square. $(AC^2) = 10^2 + 10^2 (= 200)$ or $(AC =) \sqrt{200}$ oe or (AC =) 14.1(4) $(AO =) \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{200}  \text{oe or}$ $(AO) = 7.07(1) \text{ or}$ $(AO) = 7.05$ $(VO^2 =) 12^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{200}\right)^2 \text{ oe } (= 94) \text{ OR}$ Angle $VAC$ is $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{7.07}{12}\right) = 53.896^\circ$ AND $12 \sin 53.896 (= 9.695)$		4	M1 or $2AO^2 = 10^2$ M1  M1  M1 (dep on both previous method marks) for a fully correct method (condone missing brackets)
		9.70		A1 awrt 9.70 accept 9.7
	Alternative method Let $M$ be the midpoint of a side of the square $VM^2 = 12^2 - 5^2 (=119)$ or $VM = \sqrt{119}$ (=10.9()			M2 but it must be explicitly clear that it is VM being calculated
	$VO^2 = 119 - 5^2 (= 94)$ or $VO^2 = 10.9^2 - 5^2$ oe			M1
		9.70		A1 awrt 9.70 accept 9.7
				Total 4 marks

<b>24</b> (a)	$\overrightarrow{PQ} = 6\mathbf{b} - 6\mathbf{a}$ or			M1
	$\overrightarrow{QP} = 6\mathbf{a} - 6\mathbf{b}$ or			NB: $OX$ may be partially in terms of <b>a</b> and/or <b>b</b>
	$(\overrightarrow{OX}) = \overrightarrow{OP} + \overrightarrow{PX}$ oe <b>or</b>			
	$(\overrightarrow{OX}) = \overrightarrow{OQ} + \overrightarrow{QX}$ oe <b>or</b>		2	
	$6\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{2}(6\mathbf{b} - 6\mathbf{a})$ or			
	$6\mathbf{b} + \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{6a} - 6\mathbf{b})$			
		3 <b>a</b> + 3 <b>b</b>		A1 or $3(\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b})$
(b)				M1 for a complete method ft from (a)
	$(\overrightarrow{QY} =) \overrightarrow{QO} + \frac{2}{3} \overrightarrow{OX}  \text{or}$ $(\overrightarrow{QY} =) -6\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{3} (3\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b})$			
	$\left(\overline{QY} = \right) - 6\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{3} \left(3\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b}\right)$		2	
		$2\mathbf{a} - 4\mathbf{b} \text{ or } 2(\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{b})$		A1ft from (a)
				Total 4 marks



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