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Mark Scheme (Results)
June 2016

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics B (4MB0)<br>Paper 01

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Abbreviations
- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- SC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- eeoo - each error or omission


## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

- With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

## - Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

## - Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

International GCSE Maths

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\frac{-4-(-1)}{-3-6}$ OR $\frac{-1-(-4)}{6-(-3)}$ (o.e.) |  | 2 | M1 |
|  |  | $\frac{1}{3}(\mathrm{oe}), 0.33$ |  | A1 |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | $2\left(9 x^{2}-y^{2}\right)$ <br> OR <br> $(6 x-2 y)(3 x+y)$ <br> OR <br> $(3 x-y)(6 x+2 y)$ | 2 | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $2(3 x-y)(3 x+y)$ |  | A1 Allow ISW |


| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\frac{2.09-1.91}{1.91} \times 100\left(=\frac{0.18}{1.91} \times 100\right)$ | 2 | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $9.42 \%(\mathrm{awrt})$ |  | A 1 |


| $\mathbf{4}$ | $9 b^{3}$ <br> OR $a^{-1}$ (o.e.) <br> OR $\frac{36 b^{3}}{4 a}$ <br> $9 b^{3} a^{-1}$ or $\frac{9 b^{3}}{a}$ | 2 | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | A1 ISW |


| $\mathbf{5}$ | Diagram showing correct bearing angle at <br> Nashik <br> OR $142+180$ <br> OR $360-38$ | 2 | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $322^{\circ}$ |  | A1 |


| $\mathbf{6}$ | $3-2(3-2 x)$ |  |  | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $-3+4 x(\mathrm{oe})$ |  | A1 |



| $\mathbf{8}$ | $\frac{1}{2}(23+59) h=574$ |  | 2 | M1 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | OR |  |  |  |
|  | $h=\frac{574}{\frac{1}{2}(23+59)}\left(=\frac{1148}{82}=\frac{574}{41}\right)$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | $h=14$ |  | A1 |


| $\mathbf{9}$ | $\frac{3.2 x-5 \cdot x}{x .2 x}$ (oe) |  | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | $\frac{1}{2 x}(\mathrm{oe})$ | A 1 |


| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $2(3 x-1)-6 x+7$ <br> OR <br> $2 p^{2}-2\left(p^{2}+1\right)+7$ | 2 | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 5 | A1 |


| 11 a |  |  | 318 | 1 | B1 | ft on "(a)" and their " 3.18 " does not have to be rounded but is "correct" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b |  |  | $" 3.18 " \times 10^{\text {n }}$ | 2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { B1 } \\ \text { ft } \end{gathered}$ | (attempt at SF (overlook incorrect truncation of "3.18")) |
|  |  |  | $" 3.18 " \times 10^{2}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { B1 } \\ \mathrm{ft} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 12 | $6 x-8-4+12 x=3 x+12$ <br> $6 x+12 x-3 x=12+8+4$ |  |  | M1 allow one sign slip <br> M1 <br> (DEP) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $1.6, \frac{24}{15}, \frac{8}{5}$ |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Tothering "terms" 3 marks |


| 13 |  |  | 3 | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $x: z=30: 56$ <br> OR $\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}=\frac{x}{z}=\frac{30}{56}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  | $x: z=15: 28$ |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |



| $\mathbf{1 5}$ |  | $n=2 m$ <br> OR <br> $m=1-2 m$ seen | 3 | B1 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $m=\frac{1}{3}, 0.333$ | B1 |  |
|  | $n=\frac{2}{3}, 0.667$ | B1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |



| 17 | $x^{2}+9=(x+y)^{2}$ |  | $\square$ | 4 | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $x^{2}+9=x^{2}+2 y x+y^{2} \quad$ (expanding) |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | $9-y^{2}=2 y x$ | (gathering terms) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  | $x=\frac{9-y^{2}}{2 y}, \quad \frac{y^{2}-9}{-2 y}, \quad \text { (oe) }$ |  | A1 |  |


| $\mathbf{1 8} \mathrm{a}$ | $\frac{6.9+7.5}{2}$ |  | 2 | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b | $\frac{5.9+6.3+\ldots .2}{8}=\frac{58.4}{8}$ |  | 2 | M1 |
|  | 7.3 |  | A1 |  |



| 20 | $256=\frac{k}{(1 / 2)^{3}}$ |  | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $k=32$ |  | A1 |  |
|  | $\frac{4}{27}=\frac{" k "}{x^{3}} \quad\left(x^{3}=216\right)$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | $\text { OR } \frac{x^{3}}{1 / 8}=\frac{256}{4 / 27} \quad(\mathrm{oe})$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\text { OR } \frac{x^{3}}{1 / 8}=\frac{256}{4 / 27}(\mathrm{oe})^{\prime}$ |  | M1 A1 M1 (DEP) $^{-}$ |  |
|  |  | $x=$ awrt 6.00 | A1 |  |
|  | Total 4 marks |  |  |  |


| $21 \quad \mathrm{a}$ |  | $2,4,8,16$ <br> OR $2^{1}, 2^{2}, 2^{3}, 2^{4}$ | 2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2 } \\ (-1 \text { eeoo }) \end{gathered}$ | Allow B1 for 1, 2, 4, 8 OR 2, $4,6,8$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b | $\frac{2^{500}}{2^{488}}$ |  | 3 | M1 |  |
| c |  | $\begin{gathered} 2^{12} \text { or } 4096 \\ \text { or } 4093 \text { (if working to } 3 \mathrm{sf} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |  | A1 |  |
|  |  | $8^{4}$ (cao) |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |




| 24 a | $\begin{aligned} & \left(6 x^{2}+k x-6\right)(x-4)=6 x^{3}+(k-24) x^{2}-(6+4 k) x+24 \\ & \left.=6 x^{3}+(k-24) x^{2}-(6+4 k) x+24\right) \\ & -26=-4 k-6 \quad \text { or }-19=k-24 \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $6 x^{3}-24 x^{2}+5 x^{2}-20 x-6 x+24 \quad$ (expanding brackets with $k=5$ ) OR $x - 4 \longdiv { 6 x ^ { 3 } - 1 9 x ^ { 2 } - 2 6 x + 2 4 }$ <br> (division correct) <br> OR <br> Synthetic division: |  | 2 | M | Algebra must be correct for the M mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $k=5 \quad(\mathrm{cc})$ |  | A |  |
| b | Attempt to factorise quadratic $6 x^{2}+5 x-6$ |  | 2 | M |  |
|  |  | $(2 x+3)(3 x-2)$ |  | A |  |
|  |  | $(x-4)(2 x+3)(3 x-2)$ |  | A |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |



| 26 a |  |  | 3 | B3 | -1 penalty for each incorrect pair |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b | $" \frac{2}{3} " \times " \frac{4}{5} "$ |  | 2 | M1 |  |
|  |  | $\frac{1}{3} p+" \frac{2}{3} " \times{ }^{4} \frac{4}{5} "=\frac{37}{60}(\mathrm{oe})$ |  | A1 |  |
| c | $\frac{1}{3} p=\frac{37}{60}-" \frac{2}{3} " \times " \frac{4}{5} "$ <br> (gathering terms in $p$ ) OR $p=\frac{37}{20}-" \frac{2}{3} " \times " \frac{4}{5} " \times 3$ |  | 2 | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accept } 1 / 3(1- \\ & p)=37 / 60-\ldots \text { for } \\ & \text { (M1) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $p=\frac{1}{4} \quad(\text { o.e. })$ |  | A1 | No retrospective award of A1 from (b) in (c) |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |


| 27 a | $E F^{2}=(\sqrt{135})^{2}-(\sqrt{35})^{2}$ |  | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $E F=a w r t 10.0 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |  |
| b | $\begin{aligned} & A C: C F \times A F=F D^{2} \text { gives } \\ & (" 10 "-2.5) \times((" 10 "-2.5)+A C)=(\sqrt{135})^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 |  |
|  | $56.25+7.5 \times A C=135 \quad(A C=10.5)$ |  | A1 |  |
|  | OR $(" 10 "-2.5) \times(" 10 "+A E)=(\sqrt{135})^{2}$ |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $75+7.5 \times A E=135$ | A1 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} A E=8 \mathrm{~cm} \\ \text { (correctly shown) } \end{gathered}$ | A1 |  |
| c | $E B \times \sqrt{35}=8 \times 2.5$ |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | 3.38 |  | here. |
|  |  |  | Total 7 marks |  |


| 28 | Method without need to use BD: |  | 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\angle B A C=90-62$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $\angle B A C=28$ |  | A1 |
|  | $\frac{40}{\sin 54}=\frac{B C}{\sin 28}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $B C=23.212 \ldots$. |  | A1 |
|  | $\text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times{ }^{\prime \prime} B C^{\prime \prime} \times \sin (62+36)$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times 23.2119 \ldots \sin (98)$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 460 (459.720...) $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |  | A1 |


| 28 | Right Angled Triangle Method |  | 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times B D \times A C: \\ & \frac{B D}{40}=\sin 28 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $B D=$ awrt 18.8 (18.77886...) |  | A1 |
|  | Correct Pythag/trig to find $A D$ or $D C$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} A D=\text { awrt } 35.3,35.4 \text { OR } \\ D C=\text { awrt } 13.6,13.7 \end{array}$ |  | A1 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area }= \\ & \frac{1}{2} \times " 18.77886 \ldots . . \times(" 35.3179 "+" 13.6436 \ldots . .) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Area $=$ 459, 460, 461 |  | A1 |


| 28 | Methods NOT using $90^{\circ}$ triangle (1) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times A B \times B C \times \sin 98 \\ & \frac{B D}{40}=\sin 28 \end{aligned}$ |  | 6 | M1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $B D=$ awrt 18.8 (18.77886...) |  | A1 |
|  | $\frac{" 18.77886 "}{B C}=\sin 54$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $B C=$ awrt 23.2 |  | A1 |
|  | OR $\angle B A D=180-(90+62)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $\angle B A D=28$ |  | A1 |
|  | $\frac{40}{\sin 54}=\frac{B C}{\sin 28}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $B C=$ awrt 23.2 |  | A1 |
|  | $\text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times " 23.2 " \times \sin 98$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Area $=459,460,461$ |  | A1 |


| 28 | Methods NOT using $90^{\circ}$ triangle (2) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times A B \times A C \times \sin 28: \\ & \angle A B C=62+[180-(90+54)] \end{aligned}$ |  | 6 | M1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\angle A B C=98$ |  | A1 |
|  | $\frac{40}{\sin 54}=\frac{A C}{\sin 98}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $A C=$ awrt 49.0 |  | A1 |
|  | $\text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times 49.0 " \times \sin 28$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area }=459,460, \\ 461 \end{gathered}$ |  | A1 |


| 28 | Methods NOT using 90 ${ }^{\circ}$ triangle (3) |  | 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} \text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times B C \times A C \times \sin 54 \\ \frac{40}{\sin 54} & =\frac{B C}{\sin 28} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $B C=$ awrt 23.2 |  | A1 |
|  | $\frac{40}{\sin 54}=\frac{A C}{\sin 98}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $A C=\operatorname{awrt} 49.0$ |  | A1 |
|  | $\text { Area }=\frac{1}{2} \times " 23.2 " \times 449.0 " \times \sin 54$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { (DEP) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area }=459,460, \\ 461 \end{gathered}$ |  | A1 |

